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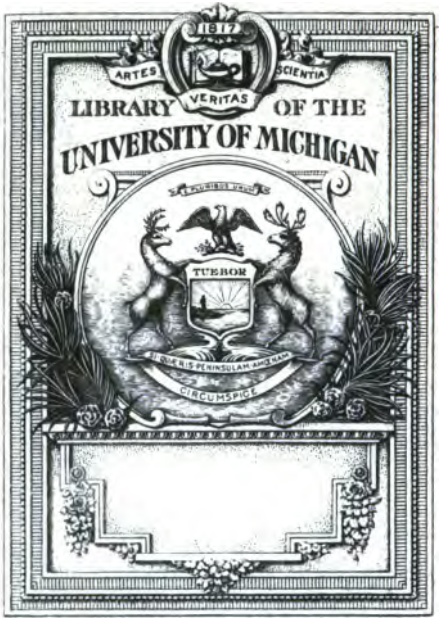

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BULLETINS

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BULLETINS.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JANUARY 1, 1847.

THIS Gazette contains an Order in Council, relative to a scheme, duly prepared by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, for constituting a separate district for spiritual purposes out of the parishes of Kenwyn and Kea, and the district of Chacewater, all in the county of Cornwall, and in the diocese of Exeter, and that the same shall be named, "The District of Baldhu."

This Gazette also contains an Order in Council, relative to a scheme, duly prepared by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, for constituting a separate district for spiritual purposes out of the parish of Camborne, in the county of Cornwall, and in the diocese of Exeter, and that the same shall be named, "The District of Penponds."

Windsor-Castle, January 1, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint George Edward Anson, Esq. to be the Keeper of Her Majesty's Privy Purse, in the room of Major General Sir Henry Wheatley, resigned.

Windsor-Castle, January 1, 1847.

His Royal Highness Prince Albert has been pleased to appoint Lieutenant Colonel the Honourable Charles Beaumont Phipps to be Private Secretary to His Royal Highness, in the room of George Edward Anson, Esq. resigned.

St. James's-Palace, January 1, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint Colonel the Honourable Sir Edward Cust, K.C.H. to be Her Majesty's Master of the Ceremonies, in the room of Sir Robert Chester, Knt. resigned.

St. James's-Palace, January 1, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint Lieutenant Colonel William-Henry Cornwall to be Her Majesty's Assistant Master of the Ceremonies, in the room of Colonel the Honourable Sir Edward Cust, K.C.H. promoted.

St. James's-Palace, January 1, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint the Honourable Spencer Lyttelton to be Her Majesty's Marshal of the Ceremonies, in the room of Lieutenant Colonel William-Henry Cornwall, promoted.

Whitehall, December 28, 1846.

The Queen, taking into Her royal consideration that, upon the decease of Archibald late Marquess of Ailsa, Knight of the Most Ancient and Most Noble Order of the Thistle (which happened on or about the 8th day of September last), the title and dignity of Marquess of Ailsa devolved upon his grandson and heir Archibald now Marquess of Ailsa, as eldest son and heir of Archibald Kennedy, Esq. commonly called Earl of Cassillis, whilst living the son and heir apparent of the said Archibald late Marquess of Ailsa, and that, according to the ordinary rules of honour, the brothers and sister of the said Archibald now Marquess of Ailsa cannot enjoy that place and precedence which would have been due to them in case their late father the said Archibald Kennedy, commonly called Earl of Cassillis, had survived his father the said Archibald late Marquess of Ailsa, and had thereby succeeded to the title and dignity of Marquess of Ailsa, Her Majesty has been pleased to ordain and declare, that David Kennedy, Esq. Gilbert Kennedy, Esq. William Kennedy, Esq. Fergus Kennedy, Esq. Nigel Kennedy, Esq. and Dame Hannah-Eleanor, wife of Sir John Andrew Cathcart, of Carleton, in the shire of Ayr, Bart. the younger sons and daughter of the said Archibald Kennedy, commonly called Earl of Cassillis, and brothers and sister of the said Archibald now Marquess of Ailsa, shall henceforth have, hold, and enjoy the same titles, place, pre-eminence, and precedence, as if their said late father had survived his father Archibald late Marquess of Ailsa, and had thereby succeeded to the said title and dignity of Marquess of Ailsa:

And Her Majesty has been further pleased to command, that the said royal order and declaration be registered in Her Majesty's College of Arms.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JANUARY 5, 1847.

THIS Gazette contains an Order in Council, relative to a scheme, duly prepared by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, for substituting a money payment to the prebendary of the prebend of Warminster, in the cathedral church of Salisbury, for certain property belonging to him as such prebendary.

Whitehall, January 1, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to constitute and appoint Major General Sir James Henry Reynett to be Lieutenant Governor of the island of Jersey, in the room of Lieutenant General Sir Edward Gibbs, K.C.B.

Whitehall, January 4, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, for presenting the Reverend Thomas Hill, B.D. to the archdeaconry of Derby, void by the promotion of the Right Reverend Father in God Doctor Walter Augustus Shirley to the see of the Isle of Man and Sodor.

Foreign-Office, January 4, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to approve of Mr. Edward B. Marache, as Consul in the Island of Trinidad for the United States of America.

Downing-Street, January 5, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint William Lang, Esq. to be Resident Magistrate on the Murray River, in the colony of South Australia.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JANUARY 8, 1847.

Whitehall, January 7, 1847.

THE Queen has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, granting the dignity of a Baronet of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland unto Sir Henry Wheatley, Knt. late Keeper of Her Majesty's Privy Purse, and to the heirs male of his body lawfully begotten.

Foreign-Office, January 7, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to approve of M. Abel Frederic Gautier, as Consul at Gibraltar for His Majesty the King of the French.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JANUARY 12, 1847.

Whitehall, January 11, 1847.

THE Queen has been pleased to appoint Sir John M'Pherson Grant, Bart. to be one of the Board of Supervision for Relief of the Poor in Scotland, in the room of Sir George M'Pherson Grant, Bart. deceased.

Whitehall, January 11, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint Charles Samuel Grey, Esq. to the office of one of the Clerks of Her Majesty's Signet, in the room of John Gage, Esq. deceased.

Crown-Office, January 12, 1847.

MEMBER returned to serve in this present PARLIAMENT.

County of Worcester.

Eastern Division.

George Rushout, Esq. Captain in Her Majesty's 1st Regiment of Life Guards, in the room of John Barneby, Esq. deceased.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JANUARY 15, 1847.

Lord Great Chamberlain's-Office, House of Lords, January 14, 1847.

ALL Peeresses, on announcing their intention of being present on the occasion of the opening of Parliament, on Tuesday the 19th instant, will have places reserved for them in the House of Lords, if the announcement be made at this Office before five o'clock on Monday the 18th instant.

No Lady can be admitted into the body of the House, except in full dress.

No strangers will be admitted, except by a ticket from the Lord Great Chamberlain.

The doors will be opened at twelve o'clock.

WILLOUGHBY DE ERESBY, G. C.

This Gazette also contains the approval of Her Majesty in Council to the following schemes, from Her Majesty's Commissioners for building new churches, viz.

To divide the parish of All Saints, Wandsworth, in the county of Surrey, and in the diocese of Winchester, into two distinct and separate parishes, and that one of such parishes should be named, "The Parish of All Saints, Wandsworth," and the other, "The Parish of Saint Anne,

Wandsworth;" and also assigning the vicarage house of the original parish to the Vicar of the parish of Saint Anne, Wandsworth, and apportioning the fees arising from the performance of ecclesiastical duties in the said parishes.

To assign a particular district to the consecrated church, called Saint Matthew, situate at Darley Abbey, in the parish of Saint Alkmund, partly in the borough and partly in the county of Derby, and within the diocese of Lichfield, and that such district should be named, "The Chapelry District of Darley Abbey."

Whitehall, January 13, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to present the Reverend Henry Cotesworth, M.A. to the rectory of Tempsford, in the county of Bedford and diocese of Ely, void by the death of the Reverend Edward Tanqueray.

Crown-Office, January 15, 1847.

MEMBER returned to serve in this present PARLIAMENT.

County of Lincoln.

Parts of Lindsey.

Sir Montague John Cholmeley, of Norton-place, in the said county, Bart. in the room of Charles Anderson Worsley Pelham, commonly called Lord Worsley, now Earl of Yarborough, called up to the House of Peers.

Inclosure Commission, 5, New-Street, Spring-Gardens, January 14th, 1847.

In pursuance of an Act, passed in the eighth and ninth years of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act to facilitate the inclosure and improvement of commons and lands held in common, the exchange of lands, and the division of intermixed lands; to provide remedies for defective or incomplete executions, and for the non-execution of the powers of general and local inclosure Acts; and to provide for the revival of such powers in certain cases;" notice is hereby given, that the Inclosure Commissioners for England and Wales have appointed John Johnes, Esq. an Assistant Commissioner under the said Act; and that the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury have consented to such appointment.

And notice is hereby further given, that the said John Johnes did, on the 12th day of January instant, at Llandovery, in the county of Carmarthen, make the declaration required by the said Act before John Morgan, a Master Extraordinary in Chancery.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JANUARY 19, 1847.

At the Court at *Buckingham-Palace*, the 18th day of *January* 1847,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

HER Majesty in Council was this day pleased, upon the representation of the Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Council on Education, to appoint the Reverend Alexander Thurtell, M. A. Fellow and Tutor of Caius College, Cambridge; the Reverend J. J. Blandford; the Reverend Edward Douglas Tinling, M. A.; and the Reverend Muirhead Mitchell, M. A. to be four of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools.

Whitehall, January 18, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to present the Reverend John Russell, Bachelor of Arts, to the rectory of Llandrinio, in the county of Montgomery, and diocese of St. Asaph, void by the death of Doctor William Carey, late Bishop of that see.

The Queen has also been pleased to present the Reverend Mungo Campbell to the church

and parish of Salen, in the presbytery and isle of Mull, vacant by the transportation of the Reverend James Dewar, late Minister thereof, to the parish of Kilchoman.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JANUARY 22, 1847.

Buckingham-Palace, January 19, 1847.

THIS day Her Majesty, accompanied by His Royal Highness Prince Albert, proceeded in state from Buckingham-Palace to the House of Peers, where she arrived soon after two o'clock; and was received, on alighting from her state coach, by the Lord Chancellor, the Lord President of the Council, the Lord Privy Seal, Sir Augustus Clifford, Bart. C. B. Deputy Great Chamberlain (in the absence of Lord Willoughby D'Eresby), the Lord Steward of the Household, the Duke of Wellington, Garter King of Arms, and the Yeoman Usher of the Black Rod, and proceeded to the robing-room in the customary manner.

Her Majesty was there robed, and the procession moved into the House in the usual order;—the sword of state was borne by the Duke of Wellington, and the cap of maintenance by the Marquess of Winchester.

Her Majesty being seated on the Throne, and His Royal Highness Prince Albert on a Chair on the left side of the Cloth of Estate, the Great Officers of State and others standing on the right and left, James Pulman, Esq. Yeoman Usher of the Black Rod, was sent with a message

from Her Majesty to the House of Commons, commanding their attendance in the House of Peers. The Commons being come thither accordingly, Her Majesty was pleased to deliver the following most gracious Speech to both Houses of Parliament:

My Lords, and Gentlemen,

IT is with the deepest concern that upon your again assembling I have to call your attention to the dearth of provisions which prevails in Ireland and in parts of Scotland.

In Ireland especially the loss of the usual food of the people has been the cause of severe sufferings, of disease, and of greatly increased mortality among the poorer classes. Outrages have become more frequent, chiefly directed against property; and the transit of provisions has been rendered unsafe in some parts of the country.

With a view to mitigate these evils very large numbers of men have been employed, and received wages, in pursuance of an Act passed in the last session of Parliament. Some deviations from that Act, which have been authorized by the Lord Lieutenant in order to promote more useful employment, will, I trust, receive your sanction. Means have been taken to lessen the pressure of want in districts which are most remote from the ordinary sources of supply. Outrages have been repressed, as far as it was possible, by the military and police.

It is satisfactory to me to observe, that in many of the most distressed districts the patience and resignation of the people have been most exemplary.

The deficiency of the harvest in France and Germany, and other parts of Europe, has added to the difficulty of obtaining adequate supplies of provisions.

It will be your duty to consider what further measures are required to alleviate the existing distress. I recommend to you to take into your serious consideration whether, by increasing for a limited period the facilities for importing corn from foreign countries, and by the admission of sugar more freely into breweries and distilleries, the supply of food may be beneficially augmented.

I have likewise to direct your earnest consideration to the permanent condition of Ireland. You will perceive, in the absence of political excitement, an opportunity for taking a dispassionate survey of the social evils which afflict that part of the United Kingdom. Various measures will be laid before you, which, if adopted by Parliament, may tend to raise the great mass of people in comfort, to promote agriculture, and to lessen the pressure of that competition for land which has been the fruitful source of crime and misery.

The marriage of the Infanta Luisa Fernanda of Spain to the Duke of Montpensier has given rise to a correspondence between my Government and those of France and Spain.

The extinction of the Free State of Cracow has appeared to me to be so manifest a violation of the treaty of Vienna that I have commanded that a protest against that act should be delivered to the Courts of Vienna, Petersburg, and Berlin, which were parties to it. Copies of these several papers will be laid before you.

I entertain confident hopes that the hostilities in the river Plate which have so long interrupted commerce may soon be terminated, and my efforts, in conjunction with those of the King of the French, will be earnestly directed to that end.

My relations generally with Foreign Powers inspire me with the fullest confidence in the maintenance of peace.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons,

I have directed the estimates to be prepared with a view to provide for the efficiency of the public service with a due regard for economy.

My Lords, and Gentlemen,

I have ordered every requisite preparation to be made for putting into operation the Act of the last session of Parliament for the establishment of local courts for the recovery of small debts. It is my hope that the enforcement of civil rights in all parts of the country to which the Act relates may, by this measure, be materially facilitated.

I recommend to your attention measures which will be laid before you for improving the health of towns, an object the importance of which you will not fail to appreciate.

Deeply sensible of the blessings which, after a season of calamity, have been so often vouchsafed to this nation by a superintending Providence, I confide these important matters to your care, in a full conviction that your discussions will be guided by an impartial spirit, and in the hope that the present sufferings of my people may be lightened, and that their future condition may be improved, by your deliberative wisdom.

This Gazette also contains the approval of Her Majesty in Council to the following schemes, from Her Majesty's Commissioners for building new churches, viz.

To assign a particular district to the consecrated church, called Trinity Church, situate at Middleton, in the parish of Wirksworth, in the county of Derby, and within the diocese of Lichfield, and that the same should be named, "The Chapelry District of Middleton."

To unite and consolidate certain contiguous parts of the parishes of Netherbury and Poorstock, otherwise Powerstock, in the county of Dorset, and within the diocese of Salisbury, and to form the same into one consolidated chapelry for the consecrated church, called Christ Church, situate at Melplaish, in the said parish of Netherbury, for all ecclesiastical purposes, and that such consolidated chapelry should be called, "The Consolidated Chapelry of Melplaish."

Foreign-Office, January 21, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to approve of Mr. William Wolf Alexander, as Consul for Bristol, Cardiff, and Newport, for the Republick of Chili.

Downing-Street, January 22, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint Henry Landor, Esq. to be Colonial Surgeon for Her Majesty's forts and settlements on the Gold Coast.

COURT OF QUEEN'S BENCH.

Hilary Term.—10*th Victoria.*
21*st January* 1847.

This Court will, on Tuesday the 2d day of February next, and the two following days, and on Monday the 8th day of February, and the five following days, hold Sittings, and will proceed in disposing of the business in the New Trial Paper, the Crown Paper, and the Special Paper, and giving judgment in cases then pending.

By the Court.

COURT OF EXCHEQUER.

Hilary Term, 10th Victoria.
Thursday the 21st day of January 1847.

This Court will hold Sittings on Saturday the 6th day of February next, also on Monday the 8th day of February next, and the five next following days, and on Monday the 15th day of February next, and will proceed in disposing of the business then pending in the New Trial Paper and in the Special Paper; and, on Monday the 22d day of February next, to deliver judgment in all cases then standing for judgment.

By the Court.

Read in open Court,
E. Bennett.

CIRCUITS OF THE COMMISSIONERS FOR THE RELIEF OF INSOLVENT DEBTORS.

SUMMER CIRCUITS, 1847.

SOUTHERN CIRCUIT.

Henry Revell Reynolds, Esq. Chief Commissioner.

Berkshire, at Reading, Tuesday, June 22.
Oxfordshire, at Oxford, Thursday, June 24.
Worcestershire, at Worcester, Saturday, June 26.
Radnorshire, at Presteigne, Tuesday, June 29.
Herefordshire, at Hereford, Wednesday, June 30.
Brecknockshire, at Brecon, Friday, July 2.
Carmarthenshire, at Carmarthen, Monday, July 5.
Cardiganshire, at Cardigan, Wednesday, July 7.
Pembrokeshire, at Haverfordwest, Thursday, July 8.

Glamorganshire, at Swansea, Monday, July 12.
Glamorganshire, at Cardiff, Tuesday, July 13.
Monmouthshire, at Monmouth, Thursday, July 15.
Gloucestershire, at Gloucester, Saturday, July 17.
At the City and County of the City of Bristol, Tuesday, July 20.
Somersetshire, at Bath, Thursday, July 22.
Somersetshire, at Taunton, Friday, July 23.
Cornwall, at Bodmin, Tuesday, July 27.
Devonshire, at Plymouth, Wednesday, July 28.
Devonshire, at the Castle of Exeter, Friday, July 30.
At the City and County of the City of Exeter, the same day.
Dorsetshire, at Dorchester, Monday, August 2.
Wiltshire, at Salisbury, Wednesday, August 4.
At the Town and County of the Town of Southampton, Thursday, August 5.
Southampton, at Winchester, Friday, August 6.

NORTHERN CIRCUIT.

John Greathed Harris, Esq. Commissioner.

Yorkshire, at Sheffield, Friday, June 18.
Yorkshire, at Wakefield, Monday, June 21.
At the Town and County of the Town of Kingston-upon-Hull, Friday, June 25.
Yorkshire, at the Castle of York, Monday, June 28.
Yorkshire, at Richmond, Thursday, July 1.
Durham, at Durham, Friday, July 2.
Northumberland, at the Moot-hall, Newcastle-upon-Tyne, Monday, July 5.
At the Town and County of the Town of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, the same day.
Cumberland, at Carlisle, Wednesday, July 7.
Westmorland, at Appleby, Friday, July 9.
Westmorland, at Kendal, Saturday, July 10.
Lancashire, at Lancaster, Monday, July 12.

Lancashire, at Liverpool, Monday, July 19.
Montgomeryshire, at Welsh Pool, Thursday, July 22.
Merionethshire, at Dolgelley, Saturday, July 24.
Carnarvonshire, at Carnarvon, Tuesday, July 27.
Anglesey, at Beaumaris, Wednesday, July 28.
Denbighshire, at Ruthin, Friday, July 30.
Flintshire, at Mold, Monday, August 2.
Cheshire, at the Castle of Chester, Tuesday, August 3.
At the City and County of the City of Chester, the same day.

MIDLAND CIRCUIT.

William John Law, Esq. Commissioner.

Essex, at Chelmsford, Thursday, June 24.
Essex, at Colchester, Friday, June 25.
Suffolk, at Ipswich, Monday, June 28.
Norfolk, at the Castle of Norwich, Wednesday, June 30.
At the City and County of the City of Norwich, the same day.
Norfolk, at Yarmouth, Thursday, July 1.
Suffolk, at Bury St. Edmunds, Saturday, July 3.
Norfolk, at Lynn, Monday, July 5.
Northamptonshire, at Peterborough, Tuesday, July 6.
Huntingdonshire, at Huntingdon, Wednesday, July 7.
Cambridgeshire, at Cambridge, Thursday, July 8.
Northamptonshire, at Northampton, Saturday, July 10.
Rutlandshire, at Oakham, Monday, July 12.
Lincolnshire, at Lincoln, Tuesday, July 13.
Nottinghamshire, at Nottingham, Thursday, July 15.

At the Town and County of the Town of Nottingham, the same day.
Derbyshire, at Derby, Saturday, July 17.
Leicestershire, at Leicester, Monday, July 19.
Staffordshire, at Stafford, Wednesday, July 21.
Shropshire, at Shrewsbury, Friday, July 23.
At the City and County of the City of Lichfield, Saturday, July 24.
Shropshire, at Oldbury, Monday, July 26.
Warwickshire, at Birmingham, the same day.
Warwickshire, at Warwick, Tuesday, July 27.
Warwickshire, at Coventry, Wednesday, July 28.
Bedfordshire, at Bedford, Friday, July 30.
Buckinghamshire, at Aylesbury, Saturday, July 31.

HOME CIRCUIT.

Charles Phillips, Esq. Commissioner.

Kent, at Dover, Thursday, July 8.
At the City and County of the City of Canterbury, Saturday, July 10.
Kent, at Maidstone, Tuesday, July 13.
Sussex, at Lewes, Friday, July 30.
Hertfordshire, at Hertford, Friday, August 6.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JANUARY 26, 1847.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, January 25, 1847.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Her Majesty will hold Levees, at St. James's-Palace, on the following days, at two o'clock:

Friday, 12th February next.
Wednesday, 24th February next.

N.B. The Knights of the several Orders are to appear in their Collars at the Levee, on the 24th February, it being a Collar-day.

REGULATIONS TO BE OBSERVED AT THE QUEEN'S LEVEES, AT ST. JAMES'S-PALACE.

The Noblemen and Gentlemen, who purpose to attend Her Majesty's Levees, at St. James's-Palace, are requested to bring with them two large cards, with their names *clearly written* thereon, one to be left with the Queen's Page in Attendance in the Presence-chamber, and the other to be delivered to the Lord Chamberlain, who will announce the name to Her Majesty.

Those Gentlemen who are to be presented are hereby informed, it is absolutely necessary that their names, with the name of the Nobleman or

Gentleman who is to present them, should be sent to the Lord Chamberlain's-Office, on the *Wednesday previous* to the Levee on the 12th February, and on the *Monday previous* to the Levee on the 24th February, on either day *before twelve o'clock*, in order that they may be submitted for the Queen's approbation; it being Her Majesty's command, that no presentation shall be made at the Levees, but in conformity with the above regulations.

It is particularly requested, that in every case the names be *very distinctly written* upon the cards to be delivered to the Lord Chamberlain, in order that there may be no difficulty in announcing them to the Queen.

The state apartments will not be open for the reception of Company coming to Court, until half past one o'clock.

Notice is hereby given, that all persons, having Petitions or Addresses to present to Her Majesty at the Levees, are to write on two cards, with their names, a statement of the object of such Petitions or Addresses, and the names of the persons from whom they come; one card to be delivered to the Page in the Ante-room, and the other to the Lord Chamberlain, who will read its contents, at the time of presentation, to Her Majesty; and, on these occasions, no other statement is to be addressed to Her Majesty.

A Deputation to present an Address is not to exceed four persons.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JANUARY 26, 1847.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, January 25, 1847.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Her Majesty will hold Levees, at St. James's-Palace, on the following days, at two o'clock:

Friday, 12th February next.
Wednesday, 24th February next.

N.B. The Knights of the several Orders are to appear in their Collars at the Levee, on the 24th February, it being a Collar-day.

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It is particularly requested, that in every case the names be *very distinctly written* upon the cards to be delivered to the Lord Chamberlain, in order that there may be no difficulty in announcing them to the Queen.

The state apartments will not be open for the reception of Company coming to Court, until half past one o'clock.

Notice is hereby given, that all persons, having Petitions or Addresses to present to Her Majesty at the Levees, are to write on two cards, with their names, a statement of the object of such Petitions or Addresses, and the names of the persons from whom they come; one card to be delivered to the Page in the Ante-room, and the other to the Lord Chamberlain, who will read its contents, at the time of presentation, to Her Majesty; and, on these occasions, no other statement is to be addressed to Her Majesty.

A Deputation to present an Address is not to exceed four persons.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, January 25, 1847.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Her Majesty will hold a Drawing-Room, at St. James's-Palace, on Thursday the 25th of March next, at two o'clock.

N.B. The Knights of the several Orders are to appear in their Collars, it being a Collar-day.

REGULATIONS TO BE OBSERVED AT THE QUEEN'S DRAWING-ROOM.

The Ladies, who purpose attending Her Majesty's Drawing-Room, are requested to bring with them two large cards, with their names *legibly* written thereon, one to be left with the Queen's Page in Attendance in the Presence-chamber, and the other to be delivered to the Lord Chamberlain, who will announce the name to Her Majesty.

And those Ladies, who are to be presented, are hereby informed, it is absolutely necessary that their names, together with the names of the Ladies who are to present them, should be sent in to the Lord Chamberlain's-Office, *before twelve o'clock* on Monday, 22d March, in order that they may be submitted for the Queen's approbation; it being Her Majesty's command, that no presentation shall take place unless the name of the Lady presenting, together with that of the Lady to be presented, shall appear on the card to be delivered to the Lord Chamberlain, which names shall correspond with those previously sent in to the Lord Chamberlain's-Office.

It is particularly requested, that in every case *written cards only* be delivered.

This Gazette also contains an Order in Council, relative to a scheme, duly prepared by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, for authorizing the sale of certain property lately belonging to the deanery of Wells.

A similar Order, for fixing a certain annual payment to be made to the Ecclesiastical Commissioners by the Bishop of Salisbury.

St. James's-Palace, January 21, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint the Honourable Caroline Fanny Cavendish to be one of the Maids of Honour in Ordinary to Her Majesty, in the room of the Honourable Frances Catherine Devereux, resigned.

Whitehall, January 23, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to present the Reverend James Anderson to the church and parish of Kirkden, in the presbytery of Arbroath and shire of Forfar, vacant by the death of the Reverend David Carruthers.

Foreign-Office, January 25, 1847.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to appoint John Hobart Lord Howden to be Her Majesty's Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to the Emperor of Brazil.

Crown-Office, January 26, 1847.

MEMBER returned to serve in this present PARLIAMENT.

City of New Sarum.

William James Chaplin, of Ewhurst-park, in the county of Southampton, Esq. in the room of Ambrose Hussey, Esq. who has accepted the office of Steward of Her Majesty's Chiltern Hundreds.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JANUARY 29, 1847.

Westminster, January 26, 1847.

THIS day, the Lords being met, a message was sent to the Honourable House of Commons by the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, acquainting them, that *The Lords, authorized by virtue of a Commission under the Great Seal, signed by Her Majesty, for declaring Her Royal Assent to several Acts agreed upon by both Houses, do desire the immediate attendance of the Honourable House in the House of Peers to hear the Commission read;* and the Commons being come thither, the said Commission, empowering the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, and several other

Lords therein named, to declare and notify the Royal Assent to the said Acts, was read accordingly, and the Royal Assent given to

An Act to suspend, until the first day of September one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven, the duties on the importation of corn.

An Act to allow, until the first day of September one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven, the importation of corn from any country in foreign ships.

Whitehall, January 28, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to present the Reverend Eardley Wilmot Michell, Clerk, Bachelor of Civil Law, to the vicarage of Shirley cum Yeaveley, in the county of Derby and diocese of Lichfield, the same being void by the promotion of Walter Augustus Shirley, D.D. to the see of Sodor and Man.

Downing-Street, January 28, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint Sir George Hamilton Seymour, Her Majesty's Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to the Queen of Portugal, to be a Knight Grand Cross of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of FEBRUARY 2, 1847.

Whitehall, January 30, 1847.

THE Queen has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom, constituting and appointing

His Grace the Archbishop of Canterbury,
The Right Honourable Lord Cottenham,
His Grace the Archbishop of York,
The Most Honourable the Marquess of Lansdowne,
The Right Honourable the Earl of Chichester,
The Right Honourable the Earl of Powis,
The Right Honourable Lord John Russell,
The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of London,
The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Durham,
The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Winchester,
The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Lincoln,
The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Chester,
The Right Honourable Sir George Grey, Bart. and
The Right Honourable Sir Charles Wood, Bart.

Her Majesty's Commissioners for considering the state of the several bishopricks in England and Wales.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint Charles Knight Murray, Esq. Barrister at Law, to be Secretary to the said Commission.

Downing-Street, February 2, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint Henry Edward Fox Young, Esq. to be Lieutenant Governor of the Eastern Districts of the Colony of the Cape of Good Hope.

Her Majesty has also been pleased to appoint Hugh Edwards, Esq. to be Puisne Judge, and Joseph L. Bindon, Esq. to be Coroner, for the island of Antigua.

Her Majesty has further been pleased to appoint William Walter Raleigh Kerr, Esq. to be Auditor General of Accounts for the island of Mauritius.

Whitehall, February 1, 1847.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to grant unto Charles-Cornwallis Michell, Esq. Lieutenant Colonel in the Army, Captain in the Portuguese Army, and Knight of the Royal Hanoverian Guelphic Order, Her royal licence and permission, that he may accept and wear the insignia of a Knight of the Royal Portuguese Military Order of St. Bento d'Avis, which the Queen of Portugal hath been pleased to confer upon him, in consideration of his long and faithful services under the Crown of Portugal; and that he may enjoy all the rights and privileges thereunto annexed; provided, nevertheless, that Her Majesty's said licence and permission doth not authorize the assumption of any style, appellation, rank, precedence, or privilege appertaining unto a Knight Bachelor of these realms:

And also to command, that Her Majesty's said concession and especial mark of Her royal favour be registered, together with the relative documents, in Her Majesty's College of Arms.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.

Hilary Term, in the tenth year of the reign of Queen Victoria.

Monday the 1st day of February, 1847.

This Court will, on Monday the 15th day of February instant, hold a Sitting, and will proceed to give Judgment in certain of the matters standing over for the consideration of the Court.

Tho. Wilde.

Admiralty, 26th January 1847.

By the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

Whereas by an Act, passed in the fifty-fourth year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act for the better regulation of the several ports, harbours, roadsteads, lands, channels, bays, and navigable rivers in the United Kingdom, and of His Majesty's docks, dock-yards, arsenals, wharfs, moorings, and stores therein, and for repealing several Acts passed for that purpose," power is given to us, from time to time, by order or notice in writing, under our respective hands, or the hand of our secretary, to order at what place or places within or near all or any of such ports, harbours, havens, and roads, roadsteads, sands, channels, creeks, bays, and navigable rivers, no private ship of war, transport, or other private or merchant ship or vessel shall come or be laden with, or have on board thereof, quantity or quantities of gun-powder exceeding five pounds weight in the whole:

And whereas we have deemed it necessary and expedient, in pursuance of the before-mentioned Act, to order, and we do hereby order, that, from and after the tenth day of February one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven, no private ship of war, transport, or other private or merchant ship or vessel, which may require to receive gunpowder on board, before leaving the port of Gravesend, shall be brought up off that town, but only in the lower part of the Reach, at which place the powder may be embarked.

Given under our hands this 26th day of January 1847, *W. Cowper.*
John Hay.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of FEBRUARY 5, 1847.

At the Court at *Windsor*, the 4th day of *February* 1847,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

SHERIFFS appointed by Her Majesty in Council, for the Year 1847.

Bedfordshire,	Robert Newland, of Kempston, Esq.
Berkshire,	William Henry Stone, of Streatley-House, Esq.

Buckinghamshire,	The Baron Meyer Amschel de Rothschild, of Mentmore.
Camb. and Hunt.	Robert Francis Pate, of Wisbech, Esq.
Cumberland,	Gilfrid William Hartley, of Rose-Hill, Esq.
Cheshire,	Ralph Gerard Leycester, of Toft-Hall, Esq.
Derbyshire,	John Bell Crompton, of Milford, Esq.
Devonshire,	Henry Champernowne, of Dartington, Esq.
Dorsetshire,	Thomas Bowyer Bower, of Iwerne Minster, Esq.
Durham,	John Fawcett, of North Bailey, Esq.
Essex,	William Coxhead Marsh, of Park-Hall, Thoydon Garnon, Epping, Esq.
Gloucestershire,	Thomas Barwick Lloyd Baker, of Hardwick-Court, Esq.
Herefordshire,	Sir Velters Cornewall, of Moccas, Bart.
Hertfordshire,	Humphrey Harper Burchell, of Bushey-Grange, Esq.
Kent,	John Pelly Atkins, of Halsted, Esq.
Leicestershire,	William Wootton Abney, of Swepstone, Esq.
Lincolnshire,	Theophilus Fairfax Johnson, of Spalding, Esq.
Monmouthshire,	William Mark Wood, of Rumney, Esq.
Norfolk,	Sir Jacob Henry Preston, of Beeston Saint Lawrence, Bart.
Northamptonshire,	Thomas Tryon, of Bulwick-Park, Esq.

Northumberland,	James Henry Hollis Atkinson, of Angerton, Esq.
Nottinghamshire,	John Vere, of Carlton-upon-Trent, Esq.
Oxfordshire,	Henry Baskerville, of Crowsley-Park, Henley-on-Thames, Esq.
Rutlandshire,	Richard Lucas, of Edith Weston, Esq.
Shropshire,	Joseph Venables Lovett, of Belmont, Esq.
Somersetshire,	John Matthew Quantock, of Norton-sub-Hamdon, Esq.
Staffordshire,	Sir Edward Dolman Scott, of Great Barr, Bart.
County of Southampton,	Lancelor Archer Burton, of Woodlands Emsworth, Esq.
Suffolk,	Henry James Oakes, of Nowton-Court, Esq.
Surrey,	Joseph Bonsor, of Poulsden, Esq.
Sussex,	William Gratwicke Kinleside Gratwicke, of Ham, Esq.
Warwickshire,	George Whieldon, of Spring, field-House, Esq.
Wiltshire,	Wadham Locke, of Ashton Gifford-House, Esq.
Worcestershire,	Edward Gresley Stone, of Chambers-Court, Esq.
Yorkshire,	Joseph Dent, of Ribston-Park, Esq.

WALES.

Anglesey,	The Right Honourable Spencer Bulkeley Lord Newborough, of Treiddon.

Breconshire,	Rhys Davies Powel, of Graig-y-Nos, Esq.
Carnarvonshire,	Thomas Wright, of Derwenfawr, Esq.
Carmarthenshire,	Sir James Cockburn, of Ddolgwm, Bart.
Cardiganshire,	Matthew Davies, of Tanybwlch, Esq.
Denbighshire,	Richard Lloyd Edwards, of Bronhaulog, Abergele, Esq.
Flintshire,	Llewelyn Falkner Lloyd, of Nannerch, Esq.
Glamorganshire,	Nash Vaughan Edwards Vaughan, of Rheola, Esq.
Montgomeryshire,	John Offley Crewe Read, of Llandinam-Hall, Esq.
Merionethshire,	John Griffith Griffith, of Faltreuddyn-fawr, Esq.
Pembrokeshire,	William Henry Lewis, of Clynfiew, Esq.
Radnorshire,	Henry Miles, of Downfield, Esq.

At the Court at *Windsor,* the 4th day of *February* 1847,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

HER Majesty having been pleased to appoint Lloyd Vaughan Watkins, Esq. to be Lord Lieutenant and Custos Rotulorum of the county of Brecon, he this day took the oaths appointed to be taken thereupon, instead of the oaths of Allegiance and Supremacy.

Her Majesty in Council was this day pleased, upon the representation of the Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Council on Education, to appoint Edward Carleton Tufnell, Esq. and Joshua Festin Ruddock, Esq. to be two of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools.

At the Court at *Windsor*, the 4th day of *February* 1847,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the session of Parliament held in the first year of Her Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act to amend an "Act for the regulation of municipal corporations "in England and Wales," it is, amongst other things, enacted, that if the inhabitant householders of any town or borough in England or Wales shall petition His Majesty to grant to them a charter of incorporation, it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by any such charter, if he shall think fit, by the advice of His Privy Council, to grant the same, to extend to the inhabitants of any such town or borough, within the district to be set forth in such charter, all the powers and provisions of the Act of the fifth and sixth William the Fourth, cap. 76, for regulating corporations, whether such town or borough be or be not a corporate town or borough, or be or be not named in either of the schedules to the said Act; provided, nevertheless, that notice of every such petition, and of the time when it shall please His Majesty to order that the same be taken into consideration by His Privy

Council, shall be published in the London Gazette, one month at least before such petition shall be so considered:

And whereas the inhabitant householders of the borough of Bradford, in the county of York, have presented a petition to Her Majesty in Council, praying, that a charter of incorporation may be granted to the said borough; Her Majesty was this day pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the said petition be taken into consideration by a Committee of the Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, on Saturday the sixth day of March next.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

Duchy of Lancaster, February 4, 1847.

The Queen has been this day pleased to appoint William Gale, of Lightburn-house, Ulverstone, Esq. to be Sheriff of the county palatine of Lancaster for the year ensuing.

Whitehall, February 3, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint Doctor William Pulteney Alison to be First Physician to Her Majesty in Scotland, in the room of Doctor J. Henry Davidson, deceased.

The Queen has also been pleased to appoint Doctor Robert Christison to be one of Her Majesty's Physicians in Ordinary in Scotland.

The Queen has also been pleased to appoint Doctor James Young Simpson to be Physician Accoucheur to Her Majesty in Scotland.

Foreign-Office, January 25, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint Charles Frederick Rothery, Esq. in the room of Henry William Macaulay, Esq. deceased, to be Her Majesty's Commissioner in the Mixed British and Portuguese Commission established at the island of Boa Vista (one of the Cape de Verde Islands), under the Treaty between Great Britain and Portugal for the suppression of the slave trade, signed at Lisbon, on the 3d of July 1842.

Crown-Office, February 4, 1847.

MEMBERS returned to serve in this present PARLIAMENT.

County of Sussex.

Western Division.

Richard Prime, of Walberton, in the county of Sussex, Esq. in the room of Charles Wyndham, Esq. who has accepted the office of Steward of Her Majesty's Chiltern Hundreds.

County of Middlesex.

The Right Honourable Robert Grosvenor, commonly called Lord Robert Grosvenor, in the room of George Byng, Esq. deceased.

City of Chester.

Hugh Lupus Grosvenor, commonly called Earl Grosvenor, in the room of the Right Honourable Robert Grosvenor, commonly called Lord Robert Grosvenor, who has accepted the office of Steward of Her Majesty's Chiltern Hundreds.

FROM THE

SUPPLEMENT

TO THE

LONDON GAZETTE of FEBRUARY 5, 1847.

At the Court at *Windsor*, the 4th day of *February* 1847,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS there was this day read at the Board a Report of the Right Honourable the Lords of a Committee of Council, dated the third instant, in the words following, viz.

Your Majesty having been pleased, by your Order in Council of the nineteenth day of December last, to refer unto this Committee for consideration an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, intituled "An Act for the more easy "recovery of small debts and demands in England," with directions to report to your Majesty their opinion upon the Orders which it may be proper to make for the purposes of the said Act:

The Lords of the Committee, in obedience to your Majesty's said Order of Reference, have taken the said Act into consideration, and are pleased humbly to report, as their opinion, to your

Majesty, that two Orders in Council, to the effect following, should be made for the purposes of the said Act, that is to say,

ORDER IN COUNCIL, No. 1.

That on the thirteenth day of March in this year the several courts holden for the recovery of small debts or demands, under the provisions of any Act or Acts cited in one or both of the schedules annexed to the said Act of the last session of Parliament, and marked (A) and (B) respectively, (except the Courts hereinafter more particularly specified), shall be abolished; and that on and after the fifteenth day of March in this year the County Court of Middlesex, heretofore holden under the provisions of an Act, passed in the twenty-third year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intituled "An Act "for preventing delays and expences in the "proceedings in the County Court of Middlesex, "and for the more easy and speedy recovery of "small debts in the said County Court," shall be holden under the provisions of the said Act of the last session of Parliament, in the several districts into which the said county shall be divided by any Order to be made by your Majesty, with the advice of your Privy Council; and also that each of the several Courts of Request or Conscience heretofore holden for the recovery of debts and demands in the several cities, towns, and places hereinafter mentioned, within the provisions of some one or more of the Acts cited in the Schedule annexed to the said Act of the last session of Parliament, and marked (A), shall be holden as a County Court on and after the said fifteenth day of March, in the city or town hereinafter mentioned to be respectively appointed or substituted, instead of

the city or cities, town or towns, place or places in which such court was or might have been holden under the provisions of any of the said Acts, that is to say,

A court heretofore holden at Bath, under an Act, passed in the forty-fifth year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act for the more speedy and easy recovery of "small debts in the city of Bath and the liberties "thereof, and in the several parishes and places "therein mentioned, in the county of Somerset," shall be holden as a County Court in the city of Bath:

Two courts heretofore holden at Bristol, that is to say, one court holden under an Act, passed in the fifty-sixth year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act for "the more speedy and easy recovery of small debts "in the city and county of the city of Bristol and "the liberties thereof, and in the several parishes "and places therein mentioned, in the counties "of Gloucester and Somerset," and another court holden under an Act, passed in the first year of the reign of your Majesty, intituled "An "Act for granting more effectual powers for "the regulation of the Court of Conscience within "the city of Bristol," shall be consolidated and holden as a County Court in the city of Bristol:

A court, other than the Court of Passage, heretofore holden for the recovery of small debts in Liverpool, under an Act, passed in the seventh year of the reign of His late Majesty King William the Fourth, intituled "An Act to amend and render "more effectual an Act, passed in the fourth "and fifth year of the reign of His present Ma-"jesty, intituled 'An Act for amending the pro-"ceedings and practice of the Court of Passage "of the borough of Liverpool, in the county pala-

" tine of Lancaster,' and to repeal an Act, passed
" in the twenty-fifth year of the reign of His late
" Majesty King George the Second, intituled
" 'An Act for the more easy and speedy recovery
" of small debts in the town and port of Liver-
" pool and liberties thereof, in the county pala-
" tine of Lancaster,' and to give further power
" for the recovery of small debts within the
" borough of Liverpool," shall be holden as a County Court in the town of Liverpool :

A court heretofore holden for the manor of Sheffield, under an Act, passed in the forty-eighth year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled " An Act for regulating the pro-
" ceedings in the Courts Baron of the manors of
" Sheffield and Ecclesall, in the county of York," shall be holden as a County Court in the town of Sheffield :

And that the district to be assigned to each of the said courts, when so holden as a County Court, shall be the district which by any Order to be made by your Majesty, with the advice of your Privy Council, shall be specified as the district of the County Court holden in each of the said cities and towns respectively.

ORDER IN COUNCIL, No. 2.

That on the fifteenth day of March in this year, the said Act of the last session of Parliament shall be put in force in every county throughout England and Wales; and that the whole of the said counties, including all counties of cities and counties of towns, cities, boroughs, towns, ports, and places, liberties and franchises therein contained or thereunto adjoining (except the city of London), shall be divided into the several districts hereinafter specified, and that the County Court of each of the said counties shall be

holden for the recovery of debts and demands under the said Act, in each of the districts into which such county shall be so divided, in the several cities and towns hereinafter specified as court towns, or towns in which courts are to be holden, in each county, in conjunction with the said districts respectively, except in the districts hereinafter called Metropolitan Districts, in each of which the court shall be holden in some convenient place within such district; and in each district, except in the said Metropolitan Districts, the said court shall be holden by the name of "The County Court of holden at ," inserting in the first blank space the name of the county, and in the second the name of the town in which the court is to be holden; and in the said Metropolitan Districts, the said court shall be holden by the name of "The County Court of ," inserting in the first blank space the name hereinafter given to the court, and in the second the name of the county in which the court is to be holden.

And that in the description of the said several court districts hereunto annexed, unless where specific mention is made of particular parishes, chapelries, townships, tithings, hamlets, or precincts, the several places named are to be taken to mean and imply the several superintendent registrars' districts, bearing the like names, respectively, which have been constituted pursuant to an Act, passed in the seventh year of the reign of His late Majesty King William the Fourth, intituled "An Act for registering births, deaths, "and marriages in England," or pursuant to any Act passed for the amendment thereof, as the same were severally constituted on the nineteenth day of December last past; save only, that all

parts of parishes and chapelries, townships, tithings, and hamlets which are detached from the main body of the parishes and chapelries, townships, tithings, and hamlets to which such detached parts severally belong, and also all places (if any), parochial or extra-parochial, not included in the said descriptions, shall be taken to be within the district of that court within the precincts and outer boundary of which they severally lie, or by which they are severally surrounded, or with which they have the greatest common boundary, if not wholly surrounded by any one court district; and that each of the said court districts shall be deemed to include also all rivers, creeks, harbours, and waters included within the outer boundary thereof, or thereunto adjoining, which are within the body of any county in England or Wales; and that when the districts of any two courts shall be divided by a river, the boundary line between the two districts shall be the mid-channel of such river; and that every place included within the outer boundary of the court districts so specified and described shall be taken to be within the jurisdiction of the County Court holden for the purposes of the said Act for the county in which the city, town, or place is situated where the court is ordered to be holden, or when such city, town, or place may be situated in two or more counties, then of the County Court holden for that county under which such city, town, or place is mentioned in the description of the said several court districts hereunto annexed, in like manner as if it were part of such county.

And that the description of the said several court districts, and the names of the cities, towns, and places where the courts shall be severally holden therein, are as follows; the first column containing the names of the court towns (except

in the said Metropolitan Districts), and in the said Metropolitan Districts the names given to the said courts respectively; and the second column containing in every case the description of the districts for which the courts are to be holden therein, that is to say *(vide Gazette)*:

The Counties and Towns in which Courts are to be holden are as follow :

Bedfordshire—Ampthill, Bedford, Biggleswade, Leighton Buzzard, Luton.

Berkshire—Abingdon, Farringdon, Hungerford, Newbury, Reading, Wallingford, Wantage, Windsor.

Buckinghamshire — Aylesbury, Buckingham, Chesham, High Wycombe, Newport Pagnell.

Cambridgeshire—Cambridge, Ely, March, Newmarket, Soham, Wisbeach.

Cheshire—Altrincham, Birkenhead, Chester, Congleton, Hyde, Knutsford, Macclesfield, Nantwich, Northwich, Runcorn, Stockport.

Cornwall—Bodmin, Camelford, Falmouth, Helston, Launceston, Liskeard, Penzance, Redruth, St. Austell, St. Columb Major, Truro.

Cumberland—Alston, Carlisle, Cockermouth, Keswick, Penrith, Whitehaven, Wigton.

Derbyshire—Alfreton, Ashborne, Bakewell, Belper, Chapel-en-le-Frith, Chesterfield, Derby, Glossop, Wirksworth.

Devonshire—Axminster, Barnstaple, Bideford, Crediton, Exeter, Holsworthy, Honiton, Kingsbridge, Newton Abbott, Oakhampton, Plymouth, South Molton, Tavistock, Tiverton, Torrington, Totnes.

Dorsetshire—Blandford, Bridport, Dorchester, Poole, Shaftesbury, Wareham, Weymouth, Wimborne Minster.

Durham—Barnard Castle, Bishops Auckland, Darlington, Durham, Gateshead, Hartlepool, Shotley Bridge, South Shields, Stockton on Tees, Sunderland, Wolsingham.

Essex—Braintree, Brentwood, Chelmsford, Colchester, Dunmow, Halstead, Harwich, Maldon, Rochford, Romford, Saffron Walden, Waltham.

Gloucestershire—Bristol, Cheltenham, Chipping Sodbury, Cirencester, Dursley, Gloucester, Newent, Newnham, Northleach, Stow, Stroud, Tewkesbury, Thornbury, Winchcomb.

Hampshire—Andover, Alton, Basingstoke, Bishop's Waltham, Christchurch, Fordingbridge, Lymington, Newport, Petersfield, Portsmouth, Romsey, Southampton, Winchester.

Herefordshire—Bromyard, Hereford, Kington, Ledbury, Leominster, Ross.

Hertfordshire—Barnet, Bishop Stortford, Hertford, Hitchin, Royston, St. Albans, Watford.

Huntingdonshire—Huntingdon, St. Neot's.

Kent—Ashford, Bromley, Canterbury, Dartford, Deal, Dover, Faversham, Folkestone, Gravesend, Greenwich, Hythe, Maidstone, Margate, Ramsgate, Rochester, Romney, Seven Oaks, Sheerness, Sittingbourne, Tenterden, Tonbridge, Tonbridge Wells.

Lancashire—Ashton-under-Lyne, Blackburn, Bolton, Burnley, Bury, Chorley, Clitheroe, Colne, Foulton, Garstang, Haslingden, Kirkham, Lancaster, Leigh, Liverpool, Manchester, Oldham, Ormskirk, Preston, Rochdale, Saint Helen's, Salford, Ulverstone, Warrington, Wigan.

Leicestershire—Ashby-de-la-Zouch, Hinckley, Leicester, Loughborough, Lutterworth, Market Bosworth, Market Harborough, Melton Mowbray.

Lincolnshire—Barton-on-Humber, Boston, Bourne, Brigg, Caistor, Gainsborough, Grantham, Great

Grimsby, Holbeach, Horncastle, Lincoln, Louth, Market Rasen, Sleaford, Spalding, Spilsby, Stamford.

Middlesex—Brentford, Edmonton, Uxbridge.

Middlesex Metropolitan Districts—Westminster, Brompton, Mary-le-bone, Bloomsbury, Clerkenwell, Shoreditch, Bow, Whitechapel.

Monmouthshire—Abergavenny, Chepstow, Monmouth, Newport, Pontypool, Tredegar, Usk.

Norfolk—Attleborough, Aylsham, Downham Market, East Dereham, Harleston, Holt, King's Lynn, Little Walsingham, North Walsham, Norwich, Swaffham, Thetford, Wymondham, Great Yarmouth.

Northamptonshire—Brackley, Daventry, Ketterling, Northampton, Oundle, Peterborough, Thrapstone, Towcester, Wellingborough.

Northumberland.—Alnwick, Belford, Bellingham, Berwick, Haltwhistle, Hexham, Morpeth, Newcastle, North Shields, Rothbury, Wooler.

Nottinghamshire—Bingham, East Retford, Mansfield, Newark, Nottingham, Worksop.

Oxfordshire—Banbury, Bicester, Chipping Norton, Oxford, Thame, Witney, Woodstock.

Rutlandshire—Oakham, Uppingham.

Shropshire—Bishops Castle, Bridgenorth, Cleobury, Drayton, Ludlow, Madeley, Newport, Oswestry, Shrewsbury, Wem, Wellington, Whitchurch.

Somersetshire—Bath, Bridgewater, Chard, Clutton, Crewkerne, Frome, Langport, Taunton, Wellington, Wells, Weston-super-Mare, Williton, Wincanton, Yeovil.

Staffordshire—Burton-on-Trent, Cheadle, Hanley, Leek, Lichfield, Newcastle-under-Lyme, Oldbury, Rugeley, Stafford, Stone, Uttoxeter, Walsall, Wolverhampton.

Suffolk—Beccles, Bury St. Edmunds, Eye, Fram-

lingham, Hadleigh, Halesworth, Haverhill, Ipswich, Lowestoft, Mildenhall, Stow Market, Sudbury, Woodbridge.

Surrey—Chertsey, Croydon, Dorking, Epsom, Farnham, Godalming, Guildford, Kingston, Reigate, Wandsworth.

Surrey Metropolitan Districts—Southwark, Lambeth.

Sussex—Arundel, Brighton, Chichester, Cuckfield, East Grinstead, Hastings, Horsham, Lewes, Midhurst, Petworth, Worthing.

Warwickshire—Alcester, Atherstone, Birmingham, Coventry, Nuneaton, Rugby, Solihull, Southam, Stratford, Tamworth, Warwick.

Westmoreland—Ambleside, Appleby, Kirkby Kendal, Kirkby Lonsdale.

Wiltshire—Bradford, Calne, Chippenham, Devizes, Malmesbury, Marlborough, Melksham, Salisbury, Swindon, Trowbridge, Warminster, Westbury.

Worcestershire—Bromsgrove, Droitwich, Dudley, Evesham, Kidderminster, Pershore, Redditch, Shipston, Stourbridge, Tenbury, Upton, Worcester.

Yorkshire (East Riding)—Beverley, Bridlington, Great Driffield, Hedon, Howden, Kingston-on-Hull, Pocklington.

Yorkshire (West Riding)—Barnsley, Boston, Bradford, Dewsbury, Doncaster, Goole, Halifax, Holmfirth, Huddersfield, Keighley, Knaresborough, Leeds, Otley, Pontefract, Ripon, Rotherham, Saddleworth, Selby, Settle, Sheffield, Skipton, Thorne, Todmorden, Wakefield.

Yorshire (North Riding)—Easingwold, Helmsley, Leyburn, New Malton, Northallerton, Richmond, Scarborough, Stokesley, Thirsk, Whitby, York.

Anglesey—Llangefni.
Brecknockshire—Brecknock, Builth, Crickhowell, Hay.
Caermarthenshire—Caermarthen, Llandeilofawr, Llandovery, Llanelly, Newcastle in Emlyn.
Carnarvonshire—Bangor, Carnarvon, Conway, Portmadoc, Pwllheli.
Cardiganshire—Aberayron, Aberystwith, Cardigan, Lampeter.
Denbighshire—Denbigh, Llanrwst, Ruabon, Ruthin, St. Asaph, Wrexham.
Flintshire—Holywell, Mold.
Glamorganshire—Bridgend, Cardiff, Merthyr Tydfil, Neath, Swansea.
Merionethshire—Bala, Corwen, Dolgelly.
Montgomeryshire—Llanfyllin, Llanidloes, Machynlleth, Newtown, Welchpool.
Pembrokeshire—Haverfordwest, Narberth, Pembroke.
Radnor—Presteigne, Rhaidr.

And their Lordships do further report as their opinion to your Majesty, that notice should be given in the London Gazette, pursuant to the provisions of the said Act, that after the expiration of one calendar month from the date of the publication of such notice, your Majesty, with the advice of your Privy Council, will take into consideration the propriety of making the said two several Orders for the purposes of the said Act of the last session of Parliament.

Her Majesty is hereupon pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to order, and it is hereby ordered, that notice be, and the same is hereby, given, that, after the expiration of one

calendar month from the date of the publication of this Order and notice in the London Gazette, Her Majesty, with the advice of Her Privy Council, will take into consideration the propriety of making the said two several Orders for the purposes of the said Act.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of FEBRUARY 9, 1847.

THIS Gazette contains an Order in Council, relative to a scheme, duly prepared by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, for altering the bounds of the district of Saint Mark, Wolverhampton, in the county of Stafford, and diocese of Lichfield.

Whitehall, February 8, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to present the Reverend James Simpson to the united churches and parishes of Larbert and Dunipace, in the presbytery and county of Stirling, vacant by the death of the Reverend Francis MacGill, late Minister thereof.

The Queen has also been pleased to present the Reverend John M'Leod to the churches of Ballahulish and Corran of Ardgour, in the parish of Kilmallie, in the presbytery of Abertarff and county of Argyll, vacant by the transportation of the Reverend Alexander M'Kellar, late Minister thereof, to the Gaelic Church of Edinburgh.

Downing-Street, February 9, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint Adolphus E. Shelley, Esq. to be Assistant Auditor General of Accounts for the island of Mauritius.

Crown-Office, February 9, 1847.

Days and Places appointed for holding the Lent Assizes, 1847, viz.

HOME CIRCUIT.

The Right Honourable *Thomas Lord Denman*, Lord Chief Justice.
The Right Honourable Sir *Thomas Wilde*, Chief Justice of the Court of Common Pleas.

Hertfordshire, Tuesday, March 2, at Hertford.
Essex, Monday, March 8, at Chelmsford.
Kent, Monday, March 15, at Maidstone.
Sussex, Monday, March 22, at Lewes.
Surrey, Monday, March 29, at Kingston-upon-Thames.

NORFOLK CIRCUIT.

The Right Honourable *Sir Frederick Pollock*, Chief Baron of the Exchequer.
Mr. Justice *Coleridge*.

Buckinghamshire, Monday, March 8, at Aylesbury.
Bedfordshire, Saturday, March 13, at Bedford.

Huntingdonshire, Wednesday, March 17, at Huntingdon.
Cambridgeshire, Friday, March 19, at the County Courts.
Suffolk, Wednesday, March 24, at Bury Saint Edmunds.
Norfolk, Tuesday, March 30, at the Castle of Norwich.
City of Norwich, the same day, at the Guildhall of the said City.

MIDLAND CIRCUIT.

The Right Honourable Sir *James Parke*, one of the Barons of the Court of Exchequer.
Mr. Justice *Patteson*.

Northamptonshire, Monday, March 1, at Northampton.
Rutlandshire, Friday, March 5, at Oakham.
Lincolnshire, Saturday, March 6, at the Castle of Lincoln.
City of Lincoln, the same day, at the City of Lincoln.
Nottinghamshire, Friday, March 12, at Nottingham.
Town of Nottingham, the same day, at the Town of Nottingham.
Derbyshire, Tuesday, March 16, at Derby.
Leicestershire, Saturday, March 20, at the Castle of Leicester.
Borough of Leicester, the same day, at the Borough of Leicester.
Warwickshire, *Coventry Division*, Wednesday, March 24, at the City of Coventry.
Warwickshire, *Warwick Division*, Thursday, March 25, at Warwick.

NORTHERN CIRCUIT.

Mr. Baron *Alderson.*
Mr. Baron *Rolfe.*

Lancashire, Monday, February 15, at the Castle of Lancaster.
Westmorland, Thursday, February 18, at Appleby.
Cumberland, Saturday, February 20, at Carlisle.
Northumberland, Wednesday, February 24, at the Castle of Newcastle-upon-Tyne.
Town of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, the same day, at the Guildhall of the said Town.
Durham, Monday, March 1, at the Castle of Durham.
Yorkshire, Saturday, March 6, at the Castle of York.
City of York, the same day, at the Guildhall of the City of York.
Lancashire, Saturday, March 20, at Liverpool.

OXFORD CIRCUIT.

Mr. Justice *Maule.*
Mr. Baron *Platt.*

Berkshire, Saturday, February 27, at Reading.
Oxfordshire, Saturday, March 6, at Oxford.
Worcestershire, Thursday, March 11, at Worcester.
City of Worcester, the same day, at the City of Worcester.
Staffordshire, Tuesday, March 16, at Stafford.
Shropshire, Tuesday, March 23, at Shrewsbury.
Herefordshire, Tuesday, March 30, at Hereford.
Monmouthshire, Thursday, April 1, at Monmouth.
Gloucestershire, Monday, April 5, at Gloucester.
City of Gloucester, the same day, at the City of Gloucester.

WESTERN CIRCUIT.

Mr. Justice *Cresswell.*
Mr. Justice *Williams.*

Southampton, Saturday, February 27, at the Castle of Winchester.
Wiltshire, Saturday, March 6, at the City of New Sarum.
Dorsetshire, Thursday, March 11, at Dorchester.
Devonshire, Wednesday, March 17, at the Castle of Exeter.
City and County of the City of Exeter, the same day, at the Guildhall of the said City.
Cornwall, Wednesday, March 24, at Bodmin.
Somersetshire, Wednesday, March 31, at the Castle of Taunton.

CIRCUIT of the PRINCIPALITY of WALES and COUNTY PALATINE of CHESTER.

North Wales.

Mr. Justice *Coltman.*
Mr. Justice *Wightman.*

Montgomeryshire, Monday, March 15, at Welchpool.
Merionethshire, Thursday, March 18, at Bala.
Carnarvonshire, Saturday, March 20, at Carnarvon.
Anglesey, Wednesday, March 24, at Beaumaris.
Denbighshire, Saturday, March 27, at Ruthin.
Flintshire, Wednesday, March 31, at Mold.
Cheshire, Saturday, April 3, at the Castle of Chester.

South Wales.

Glamorganshire, Wednesday, March 3, at Swansea.

Pembrokeshire, Thursday, March 11, at Haverfordwest.
Town and County of Haverfordwest, the same day, at the Town of Haverfordwest.
Cardiganshire, Tuesday, March 16, at Cardigan.
Carmarthenshire, Saturday, March 20, at Carmarthen.
Borough of Carmarthen, the same day, at the Borough of Carmarthen.
Brecknockshire, Saturday, March 27, at Brecon.
Radnorshire, Wednesday, March 31, at Presteign.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of FEBRUARY 12, 1847.

Whitehall, February 11, 1847.

THE Queen has been pleased to present the Reverend William Corson to the church and parish of Girvan, in the presbytery and county of Ayr, vacant by the death of the Reverend Peter MacMaster.

Foreign-Office, February 10, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to approve of Mr. John William Leach, as Consul at Swansea for the Republick of Chili.

Whitehall, February 10, 1847.

The Queen, taking into Her royal consideration that, upon the decease of Thomas Earl of Strathmore and Kinghorn, in that part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland called Scotland (which happened on or about the 22d day of August last), the titles and dignities of Earl of Strathmore and Kinghorn devolved upon Thomas-George now Earl of Strathmore and Kinghorn, eldest son and heir of the late George-Thomas Lyon-Bowes, Esq. commonly called Lord Glamis, whilst living the son and heir apparent of the said Thomas Earl of Strathmore and Kinghorn, and that, according to the ordinary rules of honour, the brother and sister of the said Thomas-George now Earl of Strathmore and Kinghorn cannot enjoy that place and precedence which would have been due to them in case their late father, the said George-Thomas Lyon-Bowes, had survived his father, the said Thomas late Earl of Strathmore and Kinghorn, and had thereby succeeded to the titles and dignities of Earl of Strathmore and Kinghorn, Her Majesty has been pleased to ordain and declare, that Claude Lyon-Bowes, Esq. and Frances Lyon-Bowes, brother and sister of the said Thomas-George now Earl of Strathmore and Kinghorn, shall henceforth have, hold, and enjoy the same title, place, pre-eminence, and precedence as if their late father, the said George-Thomas Lyon-Bowes, had survived his father, Thomas late Earl of Strathmore and Kinghorn, and had thereby succeeded to the said titles and dignities of Earl of Strathmore and Kinghorn:

And Her Majesty has been further pleased to command, that the said royal order and declaration be registered in Her Majesty's College of Arms.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of FEBRUARY 16, 1847.

By the QUEEN.

A PROCLAMATION,

In order to the Electing a Peer of Scotland.

VICTORIA, R.

WHEREAS John Lord Rollo was duly elected and returned to be one of the Sixteen Peers of Scotland to sit in the House of Peers in the present Parliament of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and is since deceased; in order to the electing another Peer of Scotland to sit in his room, We do, by the advice of Our Privy Council, issue forth this Our Royal Proclamation, strictly charging and commanding all the Peers of Scotland to assemble and meet at Holyrood House, at Edinburgh, on Wednesday the seventeenth day of March next ensuing, between the hours of twelve and two in the afternoon, to nominate and choose another Peer of Scotland to sit and vote in the House of Peers in this present Parliament of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in the room of the said John Lord Rollo deceased, by open election and plurality of voices of the Peers that shall be then present, and of the proxies of such as shall be absent

(such proxies being Peers, and producing a mandate in writing duly signed before witnesses, and both the constituent and proxy being qualified according to law); and the Lord Clerk Register, or such two of the Principal Clerks of the Session as shall be appointed by him to officiate in his name, are hereby respectively required to attend such Meeting, and to administer the oaths required by law to be taken there by the said Peers, and to take their votes; and immediately after such election made and duly examined, to certify the name of the Peer so elected, and to sign and attest the same in the presence of the said Peers the electors, and return such certificate into Our High Court of Chancery of Great Britain; and We strictly charge and command that this Our Royal Proclamation be duly published at the Market Cross, at Edinburgh, and in all the county towns of Scotland, twenty-five days at least before the time hereby appointed for the Meeting of the said Peers to proceed on such election.

Given at Our Court at Windsor, this fourth day of February, in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven, and in the tenth year of Our reign.

GOD save the QUEEN.

Buckingham-Palace, February 13, 1847.

This day had audience of Her Majesty, Senor Toro, to deliver his credentials as Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the Republic of Venezuela:

To which he was introduced by Viscount Palmerston, G. C. B. Her Majesty's Principal

Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and conducted by the Honourable Colonel Sir Edward Cust, K. C. H. Master of the Ceremonies.

St. James's-Palace, February 12, 1847.

The Queen was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Colonel Thomas Le Breton, of the Royal Jersey Militia.

St. James's-Palace, February 12, 1847.

The Queen was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Henry Edward Fox Young, Esq. Lieutenant Governor of the eastern districts of the colony of the Cape of Good Hope.

Foreign-Office, February 12, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to approve of M. Dagobert Fourcade, as Consul at Port Louis, in the Mauritius, for His Majesty the King of the French.

The Queen has also been pleased to approve of Mr. John T. Pickett, as Consul at Turks' Island for the United States of America.

Duchy of Lancaster, February 13, 1847.

At a Council this day, the Right Honourable Henry Pelham, commonly called the Earl of Lincoln, Charles Philip Earl of Hardwicke, the Right Honourable Frederick Earl Spencer, Edward Berkeley Lord Portman, the Right Honourable

Sir James Robert George Graham, Bart. and George Edward Anson, Esq. Keeper of Her Majesty's Privy Purse, were, by Her Majesty's command, sworn of the Council of the duchy of Lancaster.

Downing-Street, February 16, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint Henry Lushington, Esq. to be Chief Secretary to the Government of the Island of Malta.

COURT OF QUEEN'S BENCH.

10*th Victoria.*—13*th February* 1847.

This Court will, on Thursday the 25th day of February instant, at twelve o'clock A. M., hold a Sitting, and will give Judgment in Cases which have been argued. *By the Court.*

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of FEBRUARY 19, 1847.

THIS Gazette contains an Order in Council, relative to a scheme, duly prepared by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, for confirming and authorizing the enfranchisement of certain property, lately belonging to the prebend of Islington, otherwise Isleden, in the cathedral church of Saint Paul, London.

Whitehall, February 17, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, constituting and appointing

The Right Honourable Lord Langdale,
The Right Honourable Lord Beaumont,
Joseph Humphry, Esq. one of Her Majesty's Counsel,
Henry Bellenden Ker, Esq. Barrister at Law,
Walter Coulson, Esq. Barrister at Law,
George Frere, Esq. and
Francis Broderip, Esq.

Her Majesty's Commissioners for enquiring whether the burdens on land can be diminished by the establishment of an effective system for the registration of deeds and the simplification of the forms of conveyance.

Whitehall, February 18, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to present the Reverend Henry Rogers, B.A. to the rectory of Melverley, in the county of Salop and diocese of St. Asaph, void by the death of Doctor William Carey, late Bishop of that see.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of FEBRUARY 23, 1847.

Whitehall, February 22, 1847.

THE Queen has been pleased to nominate, constitute, and appoint John Mackenzie Lindsay, Esq. Writer to the Signet, to be one of the Ordinary Clerks of Session in Scotland, in the room of Macvey Napier, Esq. deceased.

Crown-Office, February 22, 1847.

MEMBER returned to serve in this present PARLIAMENT.

Town of Galway.

James Henry Monahan, of the city of Dublin, Esq. in the room of Sir Valentine Blake, Bart. deceased.

Office of the Poor Law Commissioners, Somerset-House, London, February 23, 1847.

This is to give notice, that the Poor Law Commissioners did, on the 17th day of February instant, in pursuance of the powers given to them by an Act, passed in the session held in the fifth and sixth years of the reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, intituled "An Act to continue,

until the 31st day of July 1847, and to the end of the then next session of Parliament, the Poor Law Commission, and for the further amendment of the laws relating to the poor in England," and with the consent of the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, and with the approval of the Right Honourable Sir George Grey, Bart. one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, appoint Wales Christopher Hotson, Esq. of Lincoln's-inn, Barrister at Law, to be an Assistant Commissioner, for the period of thirty days from the said 17th day of February instant, for the purpose of conducting a special inquiry into the accounts of the Weymouth Union; and that the said Wales Christopher Hotson did, on this 23d day of February, take the oath required by the said Act, before the Honourable Mr. Justice Coltman, one of the Judges of Her Majesty's Court of Common Pleas, at his chambers, in Rolls'-gardens, Chancery-lane, London.

FROM THE

SUPPLEMENT

TO THE

LONDON GAZETTE of FEBRUARY 23, 1847.

TREASURY WARRANT.

WHEREAS by a warrant, under the hands of three of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, dated the 16th day of December 1846,

after noticing that, in consequence of a communication opened with the Post-office of Prussia, it was considered expedient to alter the rates of postage payable on letters and newspapers, and other printed papers, conveyed between that country and the United Kingdom viâ Hamburgh, the Netherlands, or Belgium, certain rates of postage were thereby made payable on letters conveyed between Prussia and the United Kingdom, viâ Hamburgh, the Netherlands, or Belgium, according to the weight thereof, and a scale of weight therein mentioned or referred to; and it was thereby further directed, that British newspapers, and such British publications as were allowed to pass by the post as newspapers in the United Kingdom, sent from the United Kingdom to Prussia or to foreign countries, the correspondence of which was or should be transmitted through Prussia, might be sent by the post at a rate of one halfpenny each:

Now we, the undersigned, being three of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, do, in exercise of the power or authority to us for such purpose reserved or given in and by the said warrant, wholly repeal the said rate of one halfpenny on the transmission by the post of all such British newspapers, and British publications allowed to pass by the post as newspapers in the United Kingdom, as are mentioned in the said warrant; and do hereby, in exercise of the power or authority in us for such purpose vested in and by an Act of Parliament, made and passed in the third and fourth years of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act for the regulation of the duties of postage," and of all other powers and authorities enabling us in this behalf, order and direct that British newspapers, and such British publications as are allowed to pass by the post as

newspapers in the United Kingdom, sent by the post from the United Kingdom viâ Hamburgh, the Netherlands, or Belgium, to Prussia or to foreign countries, the correspondence of which is or shall be transmitted through Prussia (the conveyance from the United Kingdom to Hamburgh, the Netherlands, or Belgium, being by packet boat or private ship), shall and may be sent free of British postage: *provided always*, that no such British newspapers, and British publications allowed to pass by the post as newspapers in the United Kingdom, shall be conveyed by the post under the regulations of this present warrant, unless the same be sent without a cover, or in a cover open at the sides, nor unless there be no word or communication printed on the paper after its publication, or upon the cover thereof, and no writing or manual mark be upon it, or upon the cover of it, except the name and address of the person to whom sent, nor any paper or thing enclosed in or with the same; and every such newspaper, or British publication allowed to pass by the post as a newspaper in the United Kingdom, shall be forwarded under and subject to such other conditions, regulations, restrictions, and penalties, as by the said Act of Parliament of the third and fourth years of the reign of Her present Majesty are directed in respect of newspapers and printed papers sent by post.

And whereas by the said warrant it was further directed, that printed pamphlets and periodical publications (not being strictly newspapers, and not bearing British newspaper stamps), printed and posted within the United Kingdom, addressed to Prussia, and printed pamphlets and periodical publications (not being entitled to pass as newspapers), printed and posted in Prussia, addressed to any

place in the United Kingdom, might be sent by the post viâ Hamburgh, the Netherlands, or Belgium, by packet boat or private ship, according to the regulations and rates thereinafter mentioned; and that the Postmaster General might cause the postage on the same (if posted in the United Kingdom) to be paid on the same being put into the post-office; and that in case the same should pass through a foreign country, any foreign postage payable thereon should be charged and paid in addition to the British postage; and that no such pamphlet or publication should be conveyed by the post, except under the conditions, regulations, restrictions, and penalties therein mentioned or referred to:

Now we, the undersigned, in exercise of all powers and authorities enabling us in this behalf, do hereby wholly repeal all the rates of postage by the said recited warrant charged upon, and all the conditions, regulations, restrictions, and penalties in and by the said warrant expressed and contained or referred to in respect of any printed pamphlet sent by the post (not being strictly a newspaper, and not bearing a British newspaper stamp), printed and posted in the United Kingdom, addressed to Prussia, and upon and in respect of any printed pamphlet (not being entitled to pass as a newspaper), printed and posted in Prussia, addressed to any place in the United Kingdom, sent by the post viâ Hamburgh, the Netherlands, or Belgium, by packet boat or private ship.

And we do hereby direct that, in lieu of all rates of postage imposed by the said warrant on any such printed pamphlets, there shall be charged and taken on every printed pamphlet (not being strictly a newspaper, and not bearing a British newspaper stamp), printed and posted within the

United Kingdom, addressed to Prussia, and on every printed pamphlet (not being entitled to pass as a newspaper), printed and posted in Prussia, addressed to any place in the United Kingdom, sent by the post viâ Hamburgh, the Netherlands, or Belgium, by packet boat or private ship, and not exceeding half an ounce in weight, an uniform rate of British postage of six pence.

And we further direct, that on every such printed pamphlet, transmitted as is mentioned in this warrant, exceeding half an ounce in weight, there shall be charged and taken progressive and additional rates of postage, according to the scale of weight and number of rates in the said Act of the third and fourth years of the reign of Her present Majesty, contained as to letters, estimating and charging each additional rate at the sum which any such printed pamphlet would be charged with under this warrant, if not exceeding half an ounce in weight.

And we direct, that as to any such printed pamphlets as hereinbefore mentioned (pamphlets registered as letters only excepted, in respect of which all rates of postage payable thereon, whether foreign or British, are to be prepaid), posted in the United Kingdom, addressed to Prussia, and forwarded by packet boat from the United Kingdom viâ Hamburgh, the Netherlands, or Belgium, and as to any such printed pamphlets as hereinbefore is mentioned, posted in the United Kingdom (except pamphlets registered as letters as aforesaid), addressed and to be forwarded to any foreign country through Prussia, by packet boat or private ship, from the United Kingdom to Hamburgh, the Netherlands, or Belgium, the Postmaster General may, in his discretion, allow the whole of the postage thereof, British or foreign, as the case may

be, to be charged to the receiver of the pamphlet, or he may require the whole of such postage to be paid on the same being put into the post-office, but in no case shall the sender have the option of paying the British rate and of leaving the foreign postage to be paid in Prussia.

And we further direct, that as to any such pamphlets as hereinbefore mentioned, posted in the United Kingdom, addressed to Prussia, and to be forwarded from the United Kingdom to Hamburgh, the Netherlands, or Belgium, by private ship, the Postmaster General may cause the whole of the postage (British and foreign) to be paid on the same being put into the post-office.

And we further direct, that nothing herein contained shall be deemed or construed to extend to any printed periodical publications (not being strictly newspapers, and not bearing newspaper stamps), printed and posted within the United Kingdom, addressed to Prussia, and printed periodical publications (not being entitled to pass as newspapers), printed and posted in Prussia, addressed to any place in the United Kingdom, and sent by the post between the United Kingdom and Prussia viâ Hamburgh, the Netherlands, or Belgium, which are to be charged with the same rates of postage as the same are now chargeable with under or by virtue of the said recited warrant.

And we further direct, that nothing herein contained shall be deemed or construed to extend to any newspapers or pamphlets passing by the post between the United Kingdom and Prussia viâ France, which are to be charged with the same rates of postage as if the said recited warrant and this present warrant had not been signed.

And we further direct, that nothing herein contained shall be deemed or construed to annul,

prejudice, or affect any of the exemptions and privileges granted by the said Act of the third and fourth years of the reign of Her present Majesty, or by an Act, made and passed in the first year of the the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act for the management of the Post-office," and that all such exemptions and privileges shall remain in full force.

And we further direct, that the terms and expressions used in this warrant shall be construed to have the like meaning, in all respects, as they would have had if inserted in the said Act of the third and fourth years of the reign of Her present Majesty.

And we further direct, that this warrant shall come into operation on the first day of March one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven.

Provided lastly, and we hereby declare and direct, that it shall be lawful for the Commissioners for the time being of Her Majesty's Treasury, or any three of them, by warrant under their hands, at any time hereafter to alter or repeal any of the rates hereby altered, or the regulations hereby made, and to make and establish any new or other rates or regulations in lieu thereof, and from time to time to appoint at what time the rates that may be payable are to be paid.

Whitehall, Treasury Chambers, the 22d day of February 1847.

O'CONOR DON.
W. GIBSON CRAIG.
EBRINGTON.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of FEBRUARY 26, 1847.

Windsor Castle, February 4, 1847.

THE Queen was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Edward Vaughan Williams, Esq. one of the Judges of Her Majesty's Court of Common Pleas.

St. James's-Palace, February 24, 1847.

The Queen was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon David Dundas, Esq. Her Majesty's Solicitor General.

St. James's-Palace, February 24, 1847.

The Queen was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Christopher Rawlinson, Esq. Recorder of Prince of Wales's Island, Singapore, and Malacca.

Westminster, February 23, 1847.

This day, the Lords being met, a message was sent to the Honourable House of Commons by the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, acquainting them, that *The Lords, authorized by*

virtue of a Commission under the Great Seal, signed by Her Majesty, for declaring Her Royal Assent to several Acts agreed upon by both Houses, do desire the immediate attendance of the Honourable House in the House of Peers to hear the Commission read; and the Commons being come thither, the said Commission, empowering the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, and several other Lords therein named, to declare and notify the Royal Assent to the said Acts, was read accordingly, and the Royal Assent given to

An Act to suspend, until the first day of September one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven, the duties on the importation of buck wheat, buck wheat meal, maize or Indian corn, Indian corn meal, and rice.

An Act to allow the use of sugar in the brewing of beer.

An Act to further encourage the distillation of spirits from sugar in the United Kingdom.

An Act for abolishing poundage on Chelsea pensions.

Downing-Street, February 24, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint Major William Caine to be Colonial Secretary and Auditor General of Accounts for the Island of Hong Kong; C. St. George Cleverly, Esq. to be Surveyor General; and William T. Mercer, Esq. to be Chief Magistrate of Police for that island; and James Watson Sheriff, Esq. to be Her Majesty's Solicitor General for the island of Antigua.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MARCH 2, 1847.

At the Court at *Buckingham-Palace*, the 27th day of *February* 1847,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

HER Majesty having been pleased to appoint the Right Honourable Henry Earl Grey to be Lord Lieutenant and Custos Rotulorum of the county of Northumberland, his Lordship this day took the oaths appointed to be taken thereupon, instead of the oaths of allegiance and supremacy.

Foreign-Office, March 1, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to approve of M. Eugène Béro, as Consul at Newcastle for His Majesty the King of the French.

Westminster, February 26, 1847.

This day, the Lords being met, a message was sent to the Honourable House of Commons by the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, acquainting them, that *The Lords, authorized by*

virtue of a Commission under the Great Seal, signed by Her Majesty, for declaring Her Royal Assent to an Act agreed upon by both Houses, do desire the immediate attendance of the Honourable House in the House of Peers to hear the Commission read; and the Commons being come thither, the said Commission, empowering the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, and several other Lords therein named, to declare and notify the Royal Assent to the said Act, was read accordingly, and the Royal Assent given to

An Act for the temporary relief of destitute persons in Ireland.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MARCH 5, 1847.

THIS Gazette also contains an Order in Council, relative to a scheme, duly prepared by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, for constituting two separate districts for spiritual purposes, one of such districts out of the parishes of Saint Andrew, Plymouth, and East Stonehouse, and the other out of the first-mentioned parish, all in the county of Devon, and in the diocese of Exeter; the first of such districts to be named, "The District of Saint Peter, Plymouth," and the other, "The District of Saint James, Plymouth."

This Gazette also contains the approval of Her Majesty in Council to the following scheme,

from Her Majesty's Commissioners for building new churches, viz.

To assign a particular district to Saint Chad's Church, at Freehay, in the parish of Cheadle, in the county of Stafford, and in the diocese of Lichfield, and that the same should be named, "The Chapelry District of Freehay."

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MARCH 9, 1847.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, March 9, 1847.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Her Majesty's Drawing-Room, intended to be held at St. James's-Palace, on Thursday the 25th instant, is *postponed* till the following Saturday, the 27th instant, at two o'clock.

This Gazette also contains the approval of Her Majesty in Council to the following schemes, from Her Majesty's Commissioners for building new churches, viz.

To unite and consolidate certain contiguous parts of the parishes of Saint Werburgh and Saint Alkmund, situate in the town and county of the town of Derby, and within the diocese of Lichfield, and to form the same into one consolidated chapelry to be assigned to the consecrated

church of Saint John, situate in the said parish of Saint Werburgh, for all ecclesiastical purposes, and that such consolidated chapelry should be called, "The Consolidated Chapelry of St. John, Derby."

To unite certain contiguous parts of the parishes of Sandbach and Warmingham, in the county and diocese of Chester, and to form the same into one consolidated chapelry for all ecclesiastical purposes, for the consecrated church of Saint Peter, situate at Elworth, otherwise Ettiley-heath, in the said parish of Sandbach, and that such consolidated chapelry should be named, "The Consolidated Chapelry of Elworth."

Whitehall, March 6, 1847.

Her Majesty has been pleased to appoint John Thomson Gordon, Esq. Advocate, to be Sheriff Depute of the shire or sheriffdom of Aberdeen, in the room of Andrew Murray, Esq. deceased.

Whitehall, March 5, 1847.

The Right Honourable Sir Thomas Wilde, Knt. Lord Chief Justice of Her Majesty's Court of Common Pleas, has appointed Harry Booth, of Holmfirth, in the county of York, Gent. to be one of the Perpetual Commissioners for taking the acknowledgments of deeds to be executed by married women, under the Act passed for the abolition of fines and recoveries, and for the substitution of more simple modes of assurance, in and for the west riding of the county of York.

FROM THE

SUPPLEMENT

TO THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MARCH 9, 1847.

At the Court at *Osborne-House*, the 9th day of *March* 1847,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS there was this day read at the Board an Order in Council, dated the fourth day of February last, whereby it was ordered, that notice should be given in the London Gazette, that after the expiration of one calendar month from the date of the publication of that Order and notice, Her Majesty, with the advice of Her Privy Council, would take into consideration the propriety of making the two several Orders therein specified, for the purposes of an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, intituled "An "Act for the more easy recovery of small debts "and demands in England:"

And whereas notice of the said Order was given accordingly, and published in the London Gazette on Saturday the sixth day of February last:

Her Majesty, having taken the premises into consideration, is thereupon pleased, by and with

the advice of Her Privy Council, to order, and it is hereby ordered, that, on the thirteenth day of March in this year, the several courts holden for the recovery of small debts or demands, under the provisions of any Act or Acts cited in one or both of the schedules annexed to the said Act of the last session of Parliament, and marked (A) and (B) respectively, shall be abolished, except a court holden for the manor of Sheffield, under an Act, passed in the forty-eighth year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act for regulating the proceedings in the "Courts Baron of the manors of Sheffield and "Ecclesall, in the county of York;" and excepting also the courts hereinafter more particularly specified; and that, on and after the fifteenth day of March in this year, the County Court of Middlesex, heretofore holden under the provisions of an Act, passed in the twenty-third year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intituled "An Act "for preventing delays and expences in the "proceedings in the County Court of Middlesex, "and for the more easy and speedy recovery of "small debts in the said County Court," shall be holden under the provisions of the said Act of the last session of Parliament, in the several districts into which the said county shall be divided, by any Order to be made by Her Majesty, with the advice of Her Privy Council; and also that each of the several Courts of Request or Conscience heretofore holden for the recovery of debts and demands in the several cities, towns, and places hereinafter mentioned within the provisions of some one or more of the Acts cited in the schedule annexed to the said Act of the last session of Parliament, and marked (A), shall be holden as a County Court on and after the said fifteenth day of

March, in the city or town hereinafter mentioned to be respectively appointed or substituted, instead of the city or cities, town or towns, place or places in which such court was or might have been holden under the provisions of any of the said Acts; that is to say

A court heretofore holden at Bath, under an Act, passed in the forty-fifth year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act for the more speedy and easy recovery of "small debts in the city of Bath and the liberties "thereof, and in the several parishes and places "therein mentioned, in the county of Somerset," shall be holden as a County Court in the city of Bath:

Two courts heretofore holden at Bristol; that is to say, one court holden under an Act, passed in the fifty-sixth year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act for "the more speedy and easy recovery of small debts "in the city and county of the city of Bristol and "the liberties thereof, and in the several parishes "and places therein mentioned, in the counties "of Gloucester and Somerset;" and another Court holden under an Act, passed in the first year of the reign of Her Majesty, intituled "An Act for granting more effectual powers for "the regulation of the Court of Conscience within "the city of Bristol," shall be consolidated and holden as a County Court in the city of Bristol:

A court, other than the Court of Passage, heretofore holden for the recovery of small debts in Liverpool, under an Act, passed in the seventh year of the reign of His late Majesty King William the Fourth, intituled "An Act to amend and render "more effectual an Act, passed in the fourth "and fifth year of the reign of His present Ma-"jesty, intituled 'An Act for amending the pro-

"ceedings and practice of the Court of Passage "of the borough of Liverpool, in the county pala- "tine of Lancaster,' and to repeal an Act, passed "in the twenty-fifth year of the reign of His late "Majesty King George the Second, intituled "'An Act for the more easy and speedy recovery "of small debts in the town and port of Liver- "pool and liberties thereof, in the county pala- "tine of Lancaster,' and to give further power "for the recovery of small debts within the "borough of Liverpool," shall be holden as a County Court in the town of Liverpool:

And that the district to be assigned to each of the said courts, when so holden as a County Court, shall be the district which by any Order to be made by Her Majesty, with the advice of Her Privy Council, shall be specified as the district of the County Court holden in each of the said cities and towns respectively. *Wm. L. Bathurst.*

At the Court at *Osborne-House*, the 9th day of *March* 1847,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS there was this day read at the Board an Order in Council, dated the fourth day of February last, whereby it was ordered, that notice should be given in the London Gazette, that, after the expiration of one calendar month from the date of the publication of that Order and notice, Her Majesty, with the advice of Her Privy Council, would take into consideration the propriety of making the two several Orders

therein specified, for the purposes of an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, intituled "An "Act for the more easy recovery of small debts "and demands in England:"

And whereas notice of the said Order was given accordingly, and published in the London Gazette on Saturday the sixth day of February last:

Her Majesty, having taken the premises into consideration, is thereupon pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to order, and it is hereby ordered, that, on the fifteenth day of March in this year, the said Act of the last session of Parliament shall be put in force in every county throughout England and Wales; and that the whole of the said counties, including all counties of cities and counties of towns, cities, boroughs, towns, ports, and places, liberties and franchises therein contained or thereunto adjoining, except the city of London, and excepting also the Superintendent Registrar's districts of Ecclesall Bierlow and Sheffield, and so much of the Superintendent Registrar's district of Wortley, as is not hereinafter specified as part of the district of the County Court of Yorkshire holden at Barnsley, shall be divided into the several districts hereinafter specified; and that the County Court of each of the said counties shall be holden for the recovery of debts and demands under the said Act, in each of the districts into which such county shall be so divided, in the several cities and towns hereinafter specified as court towns, or towns in which courts are to be holden in each county, in conjunction with the said districts respectively, except in the districts hereinafter called Metropolitan Districts, in each of which the court shall be holden in some convenient place within such district; and in each

district, except in the said Metropolitan Districts, the said court shall be holden by the name of "The County Court of , holden at ," inserting in the first blank space the name of the county, and in the second the name of the town in which the court is to be holden; and in the said Metropolitan Districts, the said court shall be holden by the name of "The County Court of ," inserting in the first blank space the name hereinafter given to the court, and in the second the name of the county in which the Court is to be holden:

And that in the description of the said several court districts hereunto annexed, unless where specific mention is made of particular parishes, chapelries, townships, tithings, hamlets, or precincts, the several places named are to be taken to mean and imply the several Superintendent Registrars' districts, bearing the like names respectively, which have been constituted pursuant to an Act, passed in the seventh year of the reign of His late Majesty King William the Fourth, intituled "An Act for registering births, deaths, "and marriages in England," or pursuant to any Act passed for the amendment thereof, as the same were severally constituted on the nineteenth day of December last past; save only, that all parts of parishes and chapelries, townships, tithings, and hamlets, which are detached from the main body of the parishes and chapelries, townships, tithings, and hamlets to which such detached parts severally belong, and also all places (if any), parochial or extra-parochial, not included in the said descriptions (except those hereinbefore excepted), shall be taken to be within the district of that court within the

precincts and outer boundary of which they severally lie, or by which they are severally surrounded, or with which they have the greatest common boundary, if not wholly surrounded by any one court district; and that each of the said court districts shall be deemed to include also all rivers, creeks, harbours, and waters included within the outer boundary thereof or thereunto adjoining, which are within the body of any county in England or Wales; and that where the districts of any two courts shall be divided by a river, the boundary line between the two districts shall be the mid-channel of such river; and that every place included within the outer boundary of the court districts so specified and described shall be taken to be within the jurisdiction of the County Court holden for the purposes of the said Act for the county in which the city, town, or place is situated where the court is ordered to be holden, or when such city, town, or place may be situated in two or more counties, then of the County Court holden for that county under which such city, town, or place is mentioned in the description of the said several court districts hereunto annexed, in like manner as if it were part of such county:

And that the description of the said several court districts, and the names of the cities, towns, and places where the courts shall be severally holden therein, are as follows; the first column containing the names of the court towns (except in the said Metropolitan Districts), and in the said Metropolitan Districts the names given to the said courts respectively; and the second column containing in every case the description of the districts for which the courts are to be holden therein; that is to say *(vide Gazette)*:

Section 2. The settled districts of the colony shall comprehend—

I.—The nineteen contiguous counties, the boundaries of which were settled and proclaimed before the first January one thousand eight hundred and thirty-eight.

II.—The counties, or reputed counties, of Macquarie and Stanley.

III.—The lands which may be within a distance of twenty-five miles, to be measured or reckoned from any point of the corporate limits of the town of Melbourne, in the county of Bourke.

IV.—The lands which lie within the distance of fifteen miles from any point of the outward limits of the town of Geelong, in the county of Grant.

V.—The lands which may lie within the distance of ten miles from any point of the outward limits of each of the following towns or townships, viz.

Portland, in the county of Normanby.
Alverton, in the district of Gippsland.
Eden, in the county of Auckland; Bathurst, in the county of Roxburgh; Wellington, in the county of the same name.
The town which has been established at the head of the navigation of the river Clarence.
The town of Macquarie, in the county of Macquarie.
The town of Ipswich, in the county of Stanley.

VI.—The lands which may lie within the distance of three miles from any part of the sea, throughout the extent of the colony, measured in a straight line.

VII.—The lands which may lie within the distance of two miles from either of the two opposite banks of any of the following rivers, viz.

The Glenelg, from a point to be fixed by the Governor, not lower than where the Glenelg receives the waters of the Crawford, nor higher than where it receives the waters of the Wannow.

The Clarence, from a point to be fixed by the Governor, at a distance not less than ten miles above the Government township at the head of the navigation, and not less than fifty miles from the sea, measured in a straight line.

The river now known by the name of the Richmond, from a point to be fixed by the Governor, at a distance not less than twenty miles from the sea, measured along the course of the river.

Section 3. As to the intermediate districts.

The intermediate districts shall comprehend the lands lying within the counties, or reputed counties, of Bourke, Grant, and Normanby, in the district of Port Phillip, which are not hereinbefore directed to be included in the settled lands; also all the lands in the county, or reputed county, of Auckland, which are not included in the settled lands as hereinbefore mentioned; also the entire district of Gipp's Land, except the parts included in the settled lands as hereinbefore mentioned; also the counties either already formed, or intended to be formed, between the county of Auckland and the county of St. Vincent; also any county or counties of which the boundaries may be fixed and proclaimed on or before the thirty-first December one thousand eight hundred and forty-eight.

Section 4. As to the unsettled districts.

The unsettled districts shall comprehend all the lands of New South Wales, excepting such lands

as are now or hereafter lawfully may be comprehended within the limits of the settled and intermediate lands within the said colony.

CAP. 2. Rules to be enforced within the unsettled districts:

Section 1. It shall be lawful for the Governor, for the time being, of the said colony, or the Officer, for the time being, administering the Government of the said colony, and he is hereby empowered to grant leases of runs of lands within the unsettled districts, to such person or persons as he shall think fit, for any term or terms of years not exceeding fourteen years in duration, for pastoral purposes, with permission, nevertheless, for the lessee to cultivate so much of the lands respectively comprized in the said runs as may be necessary to provide such grain, hay, vegetables, or fruit for the use and supply of the family and establishment of such lessee, but not for the purposes of sale or barter; and so, nevertheless, that such leases shall in no case prejudice, interrupt, or interfere with the right of the Governor or other Officer, for the time being, administering the Government of the said colony to enter upon any of the lands comprized in the said leases for any purpose of public defence, safety, improvement, convenience, utility, or enjoyment, agreeably to the provisions for those purposes contained in the 9th section of the 2d chapter of this Order, in Council or otherwise.

Section 2. The rent to be paid for each several run of land shall be proportioned to the number of sheep, or equivalant number of cattle, which the run shall be estimated as capable of carrying, according to a scale to be established for the purpose by authority of the Governor. Each run shall be capable of carrying at least four thousand sheep, or equivalent number of cattle, according

to the scale aforesaid, and not in any case be let at a lower rent than ten pounds per annum, to which two pounds ten shillings per annum shall be added for every additional one thousand sheep, or equivalent number of cattle, which the run shall be estimated as capable of carrying.

Section 3. In order to estimate the number of sheep or cattle which each run will carry before the granting of the said lease as hereinbefore mentioned, the intended lessee or occupier shall name a valuer, and the Commissioner of Crown Lands shall either act as valuer or name one to act for him, and these two valuers shall have power to choose, if necessary, an umpire, but if they cannot agree in the choice of an umpire, he shall be appointed by the Governor or the Officer, for the time being, administering the Government of the said colony.

Section 4. The rents to be paid according to the scale above mentioned are to be reserved exclusively of any existing assessments of taxes or rates on sheep and cattle, and are to be paid without abatement on account of the existing or any future assessments of taxes or rates on sheep and cattle, and in no way to interfere with the right of the Colonial Legislature to impose, from time to time, such assessments as may be deemed advisable.

Section 5. The rent for each run shall be payable yearly in advance, at such time and place as shall be respectively specified in the lease of the said run of land. In the event of default being made in payment of the rent, the lease shall be forfeited, but the lessee shall be permitted to defeat the forfeiture and prevent its becoming absolute and indefeasible by payment, within sixty days from the date of the original rent day, of the full annual rent, with the addition of a sum

equal to one equal fourth part of the yearly rent so due from him by way of penalty. But unless the whole of the said yearly rent, with such penalty as aforesaid, shall be duly paid within the term of sixty days, counting from the original rent day inclusive, the lease shall be absolutely and indefeasibly forfeited. And it shall be competent to any individual to demand of the Governor or of the Officer, for the time being, administering the Government of the colony, or of any Officer or Officers acting by his authority for the present purpose, that a fresh lease of the run so forfeited be offered to sale, under the general rule hereinafter provided for that purpose in section 12 of this chapter.

Section 6. During the continuance of any lease of lands occupied as a run, the same shall not be open to purchase by any other person or persons, except the lessee thereof; but it shall be lawful for the Governor or the Officer, for the time being, administering the Government of the said colony, to sell to such lessee any of the lands comprised in the lease granted to such lessee, provided that the quantity of the lands sold to such lessee shall not be less than one hundred and sixty acres; and that the price to be paid for the same shall not be below the general minimum price of one pound for each acre; provided also, that if the portion or lot of any such run sold to such lessee be less in extent than three hundred and twenty acres, the expences of the survey of the portion so sold shall be paid by the purchaser.

Section 7. Every lot to be sold under the provisions before mentioned shall be subject to the following conditions:

I.—Each lot must be rectangular, unless the features of the country or the course of any river or stream render a deviation from the rectangular

form necessary. And in every case two sides, at least, of the lot must be directed to the cardinal points of the compass.

II.—The two opposite sides of any stream or watercourse which, according to the practice of the Department of the Surveyor General ought to form a boundary between different sections or lots, shall in no case be included in the same lot.

III.—No single lot shall have more than four hundred and forty yards of water frontage for one hundred and sixty acres, or more than a like proportion of water frontage for any quantity greater than one hundred and sixty acres; but the water frontage shall be reckoned according to the distance from one extreme point thereof to the other, in a right line, and not according to the bendings of the watercourse or river. And the Governor or Officer, for the time being, administering the Government of the said colony, shall have the right of refusing to sell any lot or lots in every case where it may appear to him that the sale of such lot or lots, respectively, might give an undue command over water required for the beneficial occupation and cultivation of the lands adjoining either side of any stream or watercourse.

Section 8. It shall be lawful for the Governor or Officer, for the time being, administering the Government of the said colony, to except, out of any such sale or sales as aforesaid, all such lands as it may appear to him expedient to reserve for any of the public uses for which it is enacted by the 3d clause of the Act, passed in the fifth and sixth years of Her Majesty, cap. 36, intituled "An Act for regulating the sale of waste lands "belonging to the Crown in the Australian "colonies," that lands required for public uses may be excepted from sales authorised by that Act; and if there be reason to suppose that any

of the lands applied for under the regulations hereby expressed, possess peculiar advantages, whether of water frontage or otherwise, which would render it fit that a higher price should be paid for such lands, the Governor or the Officer, for the time being, administering the Government of the said colony, or any Officer authorized by him for the purpose, may require the said lands to be assessed by valuers appointed in manner provided in section 3d of the second chapter of this Order in Council, in order that the value, if estimated by them or their umpire at more than one pound per acre, the higher amount may be paid for such lands accordingly.

Section 9. That nothing in these regulations, or in any law to be granted under the powers hereby vested in the Governor, shall prevent the said Governor or Officer, for the time being, administering the Government of the said colony, from making grants or sales of any lands within the limits of the run or lands comprised in such lease for public purposes, or disposing of, in such other manner as for the public interest may seem best, such lands as may be required for the sites of churches, schools, or parsonages, or for the construction of high roads or railways and railway stations, or other internal communications, whether by land or water, or for the use or benefit of the aboriginal inhabitants of the country, or for public buildings, or as places for the interment of the dead, or places for the recreation and amusement of the inhabitants of any town or village, or as the sites of public quays or landing places on the sea coast or shores of navigable streams, or for the purpose of sinking shafts and digging for coals, iron, copper, lead, or other minerals, and effectually working coal, or iron, copper, lead, or other minerals, or for any other purpose of public

defence, safety, utility, convenience, or enjoyment, or for otherwise facilitating the improvement and settlement of the colony; but so that the quantity of land which may be granted or sold to any railway company shall not exceed in all the rate of one hundred acres for every mile thereof in length.

Section 10. That, if at any future period a railroad be made through or near to the districts comprising unsettled lands, all lands within the distance of two miles from that railroad shall, notwithstanding any lease of the run within which such lands shall be situated, be liable to be sold at the end of each successive year from the date of the said lease; provided, that at least sixty days previous notice shall have been given to the lessee, and so that such lessee shall be entitled to all the same conditions, reserving to the previous lessee the right of pre-emption and the value of improvements as are hereinafter mentioned, with reference to the case of a sale at the expiration of the full term of such lease.

Section 11. All occupants of Crown lands, who shall have been in licenced occupation of the same for at least one year at the time when this Order in Council shall come into effect, are to be entitled to demand leases of their respective runs, under the present regulations, within six months from the date of the publication of this Order in Council by the Governor or other Officer administering the Government of the said colony, but not afterwards; and all occupants, who have been in licenced occupation of their lands for a shorter period than the term of one year, shall be entitled, upon the expiration of the same term of one year, without having forfeited their respective licences, to demand leases of their respective runs, under the regulations herein contained;

provided such lease shall be lawfully demanded within six months after the expiration of the said term of one year, but not afterwards.

Section 12. When any run of lands, after being occupied, shall be forfeited or become vacant, without the previous occupant's having exercised his right of renewal hereinafter reserved, it shall be competent for any person desirous of acquiring a lease of such run of lands to give notice to the Governor or Officer, for the time being, administering the Government of the said colony, of his, her, or their desire to purchase anew the lease of such run of lands; and, immediately after such notice, the Governor or Officer administering the Government of the said colony shall direct sealed tenders to be sent in, at such time and place, and in such form, as he shall think fit, by the person giving such notice as aforesaid, and also by such other person (if any) as may be disposed to enter into competition for the said lease; and every tender so to be made shall state the term of years for which it is proposed to take the said run, and whether, in addition to the minimum rents required agreeably to the provisions contained in sections two and three of the second chapter of this Order in Council, it is proposed to offer any aid, if any, what amount of premium for the lease; and the said tender or tenders shall be opened in the presence of two or more persons authorized by the Governor or the Officer, for the time being, administering the Government for that purpose, and, if there shall be more than one tender, the tenders shall be opened at the same time. And, if there shall be only one tender, the lease of the run shall be given to the person making such tender, provided the rent offered shall be admissible under the provisions contained in sections two and three of this chapter of this Order in

Council. But, if there shall be more competitors than one, the lease of the run shall be given to such person or persons as shall tender the highest amount of premium for the same. But if two or more tenders shall be made for the same run, and no one of them be higher than all the rest, a future day shall be announced by the persons who open the tenders, on which day it shall again be competent to all persons to offer fresh tenders, in the same manner as hereinbefore provided in regard to the first tenders.

Section 13. If any individual be desirous to acquire a new run of land, which has never been occupied before, he shall be at liberty to send in a sealed tender, at such time and place, and in such form, as may be appointed by the Governor or other Officer administering the Government of the said colony for receiving tenders for new runs, and shall set forth in his tender a clear description of the run for which he applies, and of the boundaries of the same, and shall state whether, beyond the amount of rent, to be ascertained as hereinbefore provided, he is willing to offer any, and, if any, what amount of premium for the lease; and such tenders shall be in all respects dealt with as hereinbefore provided in section 12 of this Order in Council, for tenders for runs which have been forfeited or fallen vacant, save and except that, if it shall occur that two or more persons have thus applied for different runs, of which part of one run would include part or the whole of another run, the Governor or Officer, for the time being, administering the Government of the said colony, or the person or persons authorized by him to act in this behalf, shall declare what shall be the several runs for which it shall be competent to parties to tender, and another day shall then be named, at which the previous applicants, and all

other persons, shall be at liberty to offer fresh tenders for the runs so declared.

Section 14. A lease shall be liable to forfeiture in three modes:

I.—It shall be forfeited for non-payment of rent, as provided in section 5 of the 2d chapter of this Order in Council.

II.—It shall be forfeited absolutely immediately upon any conviction for felony against the lessee; and

III. In the event of his conviction by a justice of the district for any offence against the law, the case may be enquired into, within three months after the conviction, by two or more justices, who, if they think fit, may adjudge the lease to be forfeited, with or without compensation for the value of the improvements, according to the nature of the offence; provided always, that no such adjudication of forfeiture pronounced by the justices shall take effect until confirmed by the Governor or Officer administering the Government of the said colony.

Section 15. Upon the expiration of a lease it shall be competent for the Governor or Officer, for the time being, administering the Government, to put up all or any part of the lands included in a run for sale, subject to the following conditions:

I.—The previous lessee shall have the option of purchasing the land for its fair value, in an unimproved state, which shall never be estimated at less than one pound per acre.

II.—If declined by the previous lessee, the value of any improvements on the land offered for sale shall be ascertained by valuers, appointed under the provisions contained in section 3 of the 2d chapter of this Order in Council; nevertheless,

that the sum so to be estimated and allowed for is in no case to exceed the amount of the actual outlay made by the lessee.

III.—The upset price shall then consist of the joint value of the land and the improvements, and, if the land be sold, the amount of the improvement shall be paid over to the previous lessee, and only the balance be retained by the Government.

Section 16. If no part of the run be sold, the previous lessee shall be entitled to a renewal of the lease of the whole; or if any part of the run, not amounting in all to one equal fourth thereof, be sold, such lessee shall be entitled to a renewal of the lease for the remaining parts of the lands comprized in his run, subject to the reservation of an increased rent, described in the next hereinafter following section of these rules and regulations; and provided, nevertheless, that the boundaries of the different classes of land in the colony shall not in the meanwhile have been so far extended as to bring the said run within the class of settled lands; and provided also, that if brought within the class of intermediate lands, the lessee shall only obtain a renewed lease of the said run under the rules hereinafter laid down as applicable to that class of lands.

Section 18. The rent of every lease of a run of lands, after the expiration of the first lease granted under this Order in Council, is to be paid by any new lessee on the number of sheep and cattle which the run shall be estimated to carry in its improved instead of its unimproved state, in the same manner as provided for in section 3 of the 2d chapter of this Order in Council; but, as an encouragement to improve, the lessee, whose lease shall be renewed, is to be exempt from paying any increase beyond fifty

by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the above cited Order of Her Majesty in Council, of the nineteenth of June one thousand eight hundred and forty-four, shall continue to have full force and effect, except in so far as the same may be in any way altered by the present Order:

And for the better maintenance of order among British subjects residing in, or resorting to, the dominions of the Sublime Ottoman Porte, and for the more effectual repression and punishment of crimes committed by British subjects within the said dominions, it is hereby further ordered, that in all cases in which parties shall be accused before Her Majesty's Consuls General, Consuls, or Vice Consuls of the crimes of arson, house breaking, cutting or maiming, stabbing or assault endangering life, and in which the said Consuls General, Consuls, or Vice Consuls shall have exclusive jurisdiction, the proceedings in the Consular Courts shall be conducted in the presence of assessors, convened in the manner pointed out in the aforesaid Order of the nineteenth of June one thousand eight hundred and forty-four; and it shall and may be lawful for the Consul General, Consul, or Vice Consul holding such Court, to order, that any person, who shall be convicted in the said Court of any of the crimes aforesaid, shall, over and above any fine or imprisonment which may be awarded to such person, be sent out of the dominions of the Sublime Oottoman Porte, notwithstanding the crime laid to the charge of such person may be the first of which he has been convicted in a Consular Court; and all the rules laid down in the aforesaid Order of the nineteenth of June one thousand eight hundred and forty-four, touching Consular Courts held in the presence of assessors, and the

expulsion of persons from the dominions of the Sublime Ottoman Porte, shall continue to be observed with reference to the present Order:

And it is hereby further ordered, that when any British subject shall be convicted for the first time in the Court of any of Her Majesty's Consuls General, Consuls, or Vice Consuls in the dominions of the Sublime Ottoman Porte, for any crime or misdemeanour endangering the public peace, if such British subject shall have no establishment in the dominions of the Sublime Ottoman Porte, nor any ostensible means of subsistance, it shall and may be lawful for such Consul General, Consul, or Vice Consul to require such British subject to produce some one person who will enter into security for his good behaviour after payment of the fine imposed upon him, or the expiration of the term of imprisonment awarded to him, provided always, that the security so required shall not be excessive; and, in the event of any British subject so convicted being unable to produce some such person to enter into the required security, then, and in that case, it shall be lawful for Her Majesty's Consul General, Consul, or Vice Consul to send such British subject out of the Ottoman dominions, in the same manner as if he had been twice convicted:

And it is further ordered, that it shall and may be lawful for any of Her Majesty's Consuls General, Consuls, or Vice Consuls in the Ottoman dominions, upon oath being made before him by one or more credible witnesses, that there is reasonable ground to apprehend that any British subject is about to commit a breach of the public peace, to cause such British subject to be brought before him, and to require such British subject to give sufficient security to keep the peace; or, in the

event of any British subject being convicted of a breach of the peace, to cause such British subject to find security for his good behaviour after he shall have undergone the punishment which may have been awarded to him in the Consular Court; and in the event of any British subject, who may be required as aforesaid to give sufficient security to keep the peace, or to find security for his good behaviour, being unable or unwilling to do so, then, and in that case, it shall be lawful for Her Majesty's Consul General, Consul, or Vice Consul to send such British subject out of the Ottoman dominions:

And the Right Honourable Earl Grey and the Right Honourable Viscount Palmerston, two of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, and the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, are to give the necessary directions herein, as to them may respectively appertain.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

At the Court at *Buckingham-Palace*, the 24th day of *April* 1847,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the session of Parliament held in the first year of Her Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act to amend an "Act for the regulation of municipal corporations "in England and Wales," it is, amongst other things, enacted, that if the inhabitant householders of any town or borough in England or Wales shall petition His Majesty to grant to them a charter of incorporation, it shall be lawful for His Majesty,

by any such charter, if he shall think fit, by the advice of His Privy Council, to grant the same, to extend to the inhabitants of any such town or borough, within the district to be set forth in such charter, all the powers and provisions of the Act of the fifth and sixth William the Fourth, cap. 76, for regulating coporations, whether such town or borough be or be not a corporate town or borough, or be or be not named in either of the schedules to the said Act; provided, nevertheless, that notice of every such petition, and of the time when it shall please His Majesty to order that the same be taken into consideration by His Privy Council, shall be published in the London Gazette one month at least before such petition shall be so considered:

And whereas the inhabitant householders and ratepayers of the town and borough of Ashton-under-Lyne, in the county of Lancaster, have presented a petition to Her Majesty in Council, praying that a charter of incorporation may be granted to the said borough; Her Majesty was this day pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the said petition be taken into consideration, by a Committee of the Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, on Monday the thirty-first day of May next.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

Foreign-Office, April 23, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to approve of Mr. William Carrol, as Consul at the Mauritius for the United States of America.

Westminster, April 23, 1847.

This day, the Lords being met, a message was sent to the Honourable House of Commons by the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, acquainting them, that *The Lords, authorized by virtue of a Commission under the Great Seal, signed by Her Majesty, for declaring Her Royal Assent to several Acts agreed upon by both Houses, do desire the immediate attendance of the Honourable House in the House of Peers to hear the Commission read;* and the Commons being come thither, the said Commission, empowering the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, and several other Lords therein named, to declare and notify the Royal Assent to the said Acts, was read accordingly, and the Royal Assent given to

An Act for raising the sum of eighteen millions three hundred and ten thousand seven hundred pounds, by Exchequer Bills, for the service of the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven.

An Act for punishing mutiny and desertion, and for the better payment of the Army and their quarters.

An Act for the regulation of Her Majesty's Royal Marine Forces while on shore.

An Act to indemnify such persons in the United Kingdom as have omitted to qualify themselves for offices and employments, and to extend the time limited for those purposes respectively until the twenty-fifth day of March one thousand eight hundred and forty-eight.

An Act for consolidating in one Act certain provisions usually contained in Acts for constructing or regulating markets and fairs.

An Act for consolidating in one Act certain

provisions usually contained in Acts authorising the making of gas works for supplying towns with gas.

An Act for consolidating in one Act certain provisions usually contained in Acts with respect to the constitution and regulation of bodies of commissioners appointed for carrying on undertakings of a public nature.

An Act for consolidating in one Act certain provisions usually contained in Acts authorizing the making of waterworks for supplying towns with water.

An Act to regulate the stations of soldiers during Parliamentary elections.

An Act to authorize the application of certain sums received on account of the fees payable to the office of Director in Chancery in Scotland, towards the payment of debts incurred in completing the General Register-House, at Edinburgh.

An Act for incorporating the District Fire Insurance Company of Birmingham, by the name of "The District Fire Insurance Company," for enabling the said Company to sue and be sued, and for other purposes relating to the said Company.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of APRIL 30, 1847.

At the Court at *Buckingham-Palace*, the 24th day of *April* 1847,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the seventh and eighth years of Her Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act to amend the law respecting "the office of county coroner," it is enacted, that when and as often as it shall seem expedient to the justices of any county that such county should be divided into two or more districts for the purposes of that Act, or that any alteration should be made of any division theretofore made under that Act, it should be lawful for the said justices, in general or quarter sessions assembled, to resolve that a petition should be presented to Her Majesty, praying that such division or alteration be made, and thereupon to adjourn the further consideration of such petition until notice thereof be given to the coroner or coroners of such county as thereinafter provided; and it is thereby further enacted, that the clerk of the peace should give notice of any such resolution to every coroner for such county, and of the time when the petition would be taken by the said justices into consideration, and the justices should confer with

every such coroner who should attend the meeting of the justices for that purpose touching such petition, having due regard to the size and nature of each proposed district, the number of the inhabitants, the nature of their employments, and such other circumstances as should appear to the justices fit to be considered in carrying into execution the provisions of that Act, and such petition, with a description of the several proposed districts, and of the boundaries thereof, with the reasons upon which the petition is founded, should be certified to Her Majesty, under the hands and seals of two or more justices present when such petition should be agreed to, and the clerk of the peace for such county should forthwith give or send a true copy of such petition, certified under his hand, to every coroner for such county; and it is thereby further enacted, that it should be lawful for Her Majesty, if she should think fit, with the advice of Her Privy Council, after taking into consideration any such petition, and also any petition which might be presented to Her by any coroner of the same county concerning such proposed division or alteration, or whenever it should seem fit to Her Majesty to direct the issue of a writ de coronatore eligendo, for the purpose of authorizing the election of an additional coroner above the number of those who had been theretofore customarily elected to such county, to order that such county should be divided into such and so many districts, for the purposes of that Act, as to Her Majesty, with the advice aforesaid, should seem expedient, and to give a name to each of such districts, and to determine at what place within each district the court for the election of coroner for such district should be holden, as thereinafter provided, and every such Order should be published in the London Gazette:

And whereas the justices of the peace for the county of Warwick, assembled in general quarter sessions on the thirteenth day of October one thousand eight hundred and forty-five, did resolve, that an humble petition should be presented to Her Majesty, praying for such division or alteration as thereinafter mentioned, and did adjourn the further consideration thereof until the then next Easter quarter sessions; and whereas, on the nineteenth day of October one thousand eight hundred and forty-six, the said justices did meet, and due notice of such resolution and adjournment, and of the time when such petition would be taken into consideration, was duly given by the clerk of the peace of the said county to every coroner of the said county; and whereas, on the said nineteenth day of October, pursuant to the said adjournment, two of the said coroners did attend and confer with the justices of the said county, and a letter was read from the third coroner, stating his inability to attend on account of illness:

And whereas the said justices did, on the third day of December one thousand eight hundred and forty-six, present to Her Majesty their petition, certified to Her Majesty under the hands and seals of two of the justices present when such petition was agreed to, representing that, at a general quarter sessions of the peace held for the said county on the thirteenth day of October one thousand eight hundred and forty-five, it having appeared to the justices at large of the said county of Warwick expedient, that the county should be divided into three districts for the purposes of the said Act, it was resolved, that a petition should be presented to Her Majesty, praying that such division be made, and the consideration of which petition, and the final settlement thereof stood adjourned until the nineteenth day of October

one thousand eight hundred and forty-six, notice thereof having been duly given to the several coroners of the said county, two of whom did personally attend the meeting of the justices for that purpose, who did confer with the said coroners touching the said petition, and Mr. William Henry Seymour, the other coroner, did write a letter to the clerk of the peace, stating his inability to attend on account of illness; and that having due regard to the size and nature of each district, the number of its inhabitants, the nature of their employments, and other circumstances; and, therefore, praying that Her Majesty might be pleased to direct, that the county might be divided into the three following districts; and that as this county, with the exception of the city of Coventry, is almost entirely an agricultural one, having, beyond that circumstance, no peculiarity in it, the reason upon which the subjoined division was founded had been confined to its equality in area and population as far as practicable; and that, in endeavouring to arrive at such equality, consideration had been had to the fact, that the municipal borough of Warwick, the royal town of Sutton Coldfield, and the municipal borough of Birmingham, severally, have coroners of their own, to the exclusion of the county coroners; and further represented, that the said county should be divided into three districts for the purposes of the Act, to be called by the respective and several names following, that is to say:

No. 1, to be called the Northern District, and to comprize the following parishes, townships, and places, namely, Allesley, Amington and Stonedelph, Ansley, Anstey, Arley, Astley, Atherstone, Austrey, Baddesley Ensor, Bagginton, Baxterley, Bedworth, Bentley, Binley, Bolehall and Glascole, Brinklow, Brownsover; Bulkington, Barnacle,

Bramcote, and Marston Jabbett; Burton Hastings, Caldecote, Chilvers Coton, Churchover, Clifton-on-Dunsmore, Coleshill, Combefields, Copson, Corley, Cosford, Coundon; Coventry, Saint Michael, the Holy Trinity; Curdworth, Easenhall, Exhall, Fillongley, Foleshill, Great Packington, Grendon and Whittington, Harborough Magna, Hartshill, Hyde's Pastures, Keresley; Kingsbury, Hurley, and Dosthill; Lea Marston, Little Harborough, Little Packington, Mancetter, Maxstoke, Merevale, Middleton, Minworth; Monks Kirby, Cestersover, Newnham Paddox, and Street Fields; Monks Riding, Nether Whitacre, Newbold-on-Avon, Newton Regis, Newton and Biggin; Nuneaton, Attleborough, and Stockingford; Oldbury, Over Whitacre, Pailton; Polesworth, Dordon, Freasley, and Hall End and Wharton; Radford, Seckington, Shilton, Shustoke, Shuttington, Sowe, Stivichall, Stoke, Stretton Baskerville, Stretton-under-Fosse and Newbold Revel, Tamworth Borough, Tamworth Castle, Weddington, Wibtoft (part of Claybrook, Leicestershire), Willenhall, Willey, Wilnecote, Wishaw and Moxhall, Withybrook and Hopsford, Wolvey, Wyken:

No. 2, to be called the Central District, and to comprize the following parishes, townships, and places, namely, Ashow; Aston juxta Birmingham, Aston Manor, Castle Bromwich, Erdington, Little Bromwich, Saltley and Washwood, Water Orton, Witton; Baddesley Clinton, Balsall, Barford, Barston, Beausall, Berkswell, Bilton, Birdingbury, Bishops Itchington, Bishops Tachbrook and Tachbrook Mallory, Bourton and Draycote, Brandon and Bretford, Bubbenhall, Budbrook, Chapel Ascote, Chesterton and Kingston, Church Lawford, Claverdon, Cubbington, Dunchurch, Eathorpe, Elmdon, Frankton, Fulbrook, Grandborough,

Guy's Cliffe, Hampton in Arden, Harbury, Haseley, Hatton, Hillmorton, Hunningham, Hodnell, Honiley, Kenilworth, King's Newnham, Kinwalsey, Ladbrook, Leamington Hastings, Leamington Priors, Leek Wootton, Lillington, Little Lawford, Long Itchington, Long Lawford, Lower Radbourn, Lower Shuckburgh, Marton, Meriden, Milverton, Napton on the Hill, Norton Lindsey, Offchurch, Pinley, Princethorpe, Priors Hardwick, Priors Marston, Radford Semele, Rowington and part of Kingswood, Rugby, Ryton-on-Dunsmore, Sheldon, Sherbourn, Shrewley, Southam, Stockton, Stoneleigh, Stretton-on-Dunsmore, Thurlaston, Ufton, Upper Radbourn, Upper Shuckburgh, Wappenbury, Warwick Gaol and House of Correction, Wasperton, Watergall, Weston-under-Wetherley, Whitnash, Willoughby, Wills Pastures, Wolfhampcote, Wolston and Marston, Wolverton, Wormleighton, Wroxall:

And No. 3, to be called the Southern District, and to comprize the following parishes, townships, and places, namely, Alcester, Alderminster (a detached part of Worcestershire), Alveston, Arrow, Aston Cantlow, Atherstone on Stour, Avon Dassett, Barcheston and Willington, Barton on the Heath, Bearley, Beaudesert, Bickenhill, Bickmarsh, Bidford, Billesley, Binton, Brailes, Burmington, Burton Dassett, Bushwood, Butler's Marston, Chadshunt, Charlecote, Cherrington, Combrook, Compton Verney, Compton Wyniates, Coughton, Eatington, Exhall, Farnborough, Fenny Compton, Gaydon, Great Alne, Great Wolford, Grafton, Halford, Hampton Lucy, Haselor, Honington, Idlecote, Ipsley, Kineton, Kinwarton, Knowle, Langley, Lapworth and part of Kingswood, Lighthorne, Little Compton, Little Wolford, Long Compton, Loxley, Luddington and Dodwell, Milcote, Mollington, Moreton Baggott,

Moreton Morrell, Newbold Pacey and Ashorne, Newbold and Armscott (detached parts of Worcestershire), Nuthurst, Old Stratford and Drayton, Oversley, Oxhill, Packwood, Pillerton Hersey, Pillerton Priors, Preston Baggott, Radway, Ratley and Upton, Salford, Sambourn, Shipston-on-Stour (a detached part of Worcestershire), Shotteswell, Snitterfield, Solihull, Spernall, Stourton, Stratford-upon-Avon, Studley, Sutton-under-Brailes, Tamworth, Tidmington (a detached part of Worcestershire), Treddington (a detached part of Worcestershire), Blackwell (a detached part of Worcestershire), Darlingscott (a detached part of Worcestershire), Tysoe, Warmington and Arlescote, Weethley, Wellesbourn Hastings and Walton, Wellesbourn Mountford, Whatcote, Whichford and Ascote, Wixford, Wootton Wawen, Aspley, Henley in Arden, and Ullenhall:

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said petition into consideration, doth, pursuant to the said Act of the seventh and eighth years of Her reign, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, declare, order, and direct, that such county shall be divided into three districts, for the purposes of the said Act, to be called by the several and respective names, and to comprize the districts following, that is to say:

No. 1, to be called the Northern District, and to comprize the following parishes, townships, and places, namely, Allesley, Amington and Stonedelph, Ansley, Anstey, Arley, Astley, Atherstone, Austrey, Baddesley Ensor, Bagginton, Baxterley, Bedworth, Bentley, Binley, Bolehall and Glascole, Brinklow, Brownsover; Bulkington, Barnacle, Bramcote, and Marston Jabbett; Burton Hastings, Caldecote, Chilvers Coton, Churchover, Clifton-on-Dunsmore, Coleshill, Combefields, Copson, Corley, Cosford, Coundon; Coventry, Saint

Michael, the Holy Trinity; Curdworth, Easenhall, Exhall, Fillongley, Foleshill, Great Packington, Grendon and Whittington, Harborough Magna, Hartshill, Hyde's Pastures, Keresley; Kingsbury, Hurley, and Dosthill; Lea Marston, Little Harborough, Little Packington, Mancetter, Maxstoke, Merevale, Middleton, Minworth; Monks Kirby, Cestersover, Newnham Paddox, and Street Fields; Monks Riding, Nether Whitacre, Newbold-on-Avon, Newton Regis, Newton and Biggin; Nuneaton, Attleborough, and Stockingford; Oldbury, Over Whitacre, Pailton; Polesworth, Dordon, Freasley, and Hall End and Wharton; Radford, Seckington, Shilston, Shustoke, Shuttington, Sowe, Stivichall, Stoke, Stretton Baskerville, Stretton-under-Fosse and Newbold Revel, Tamworth Borough, Tamworth Castle, Weddington, Wibtoft (part of Claybrook, Leicestershire), Willenhall, Willey, Wilnecote, Wishaw and Moxhall, Withybrook and Hopsford, Wolvey, Wyken:

No. 2, to be called the Central District, and to comprize the following parishes, townships, and places, namely, Ashow; Aston juxta Birmingham, Aston Manor, Castle Bromwich, Erdington, Little Bromwich, Saltley and Washwood, Water Orton, Witton; Baddesley Clinton, Balsall, Barford, Barston, Beausall, Berkswell, Bilton, Birdingbury, Bishops Itchington, Bishops Tachbrook and Tachbrook Mallory, Bourton and Draycote, Brandon and Bretford, Bubbenhall, Budbrook, Chapel Ascote, Chesterton and Kingston, Church Lawford, Claverdon, Cubbington, Dunchurch, Eathorpe, Elmdon, Frankton, Fulbrook, Grandborough, Guy's Cliffe, Hampton in Arden, Harbury, Haseley, Hatton, Hillmorton, Hunningham, Hodnell, Honiley, Kenilworth, King's Newnham, Kinwalsey, Ladbrook, Leamington Hastings,

Leamington Priors, Leek Wootton, Lillington, Little Lawford, Long Itchington, Long Lawford, Lower Radbourn, Lower Shuckburgh, Marton, Meriden, Milverton, Napton on the Hill, Norton Lindsey, Offchurch, Pinley, Princethorpe, Priors Hardwick, Priors Marston, Radford Semele, Rowington and part of Kingswood, Rugby, Ryton-on-Dunsmore, Sheldon, Sherbourn, Shrewley, Southam, Stockton, Stoneleigh, Stretton-on-Dunsmore, Thurlaston, Ufton, Upper Radbourn, Upper Shuckburgh, Wappenbury, Warwick Gaol and House of Correction, Wasperton, Watergall, Weston-under-Wetherley, Whitnash, Willoughby, Will's Pastures, Wolfhampcote, Wolston and Marston, Wolverton, Wormleighton, Wroxall:

And No. 3, to be called the Southern District, and to comprize the following parishes, townships, and places, namely, Alcester, Alderminster (a detached part of Worcestershire), Alveston, Arrow, Aston Cantlow, Atherstone-on-Stour, Avon Dassett, Barcheston and Willington, Barton on the Heath, Bearley, Beaudesert, Bickenhill, Bickmarsh, Bidford, Billesley, Binton, Brailes, Burmington, Burton Dassett, Bushwood, Butler's Marston, Chadshunt, Charlecote, Cherrington, Combrook, Compton Verney, Compton Wyniates, Coughton, Eatington, Exhall, Farnborough, Fenny Compton, Gaydon, Great Alne, Great Wolford, Grafton, Halford, Hampton Lucy, Haselor, Honington, Idlecote, Ipsley, Kineton, Kinwarton, Knowle, Langley, Lapworth and part of Kingswood, Lighthorne, Little Compton, Little Wolford, Long Compton, Loxley, Luddington and Dodwell, Milcote, Mollington, Moreton Baggott, Moreton Morrell, Newbold Pacey and Ashorne, Newbold and Armscott (detached parts of Worcestershire), Nuthurst, Old Stratford and Drayton, Oversley, Oxhill, Packwood, Pillerton Hersey,

Pillerton Priors, Preston Baggott, Radway, Ratley and Upton, Salford, Sambourn, Shipston-on-Stour (a detached part of Worcestershire), Shottes-well, Snitterfield, Solihull, Spernall, Stourton, Stratford-upon-Avon, Studley, Sutton-under-Brailes, Tamworth, Tidmington (a detached part of Worcestershire), Treddington (a detached part of Worcestershire), Blackwell (a detached part of Worcestershire), Darlingscott (a detached part of Worcestershire), Tysoe, Warmington and Arlescote, Weethley, Wellesbourn Hastings and Walton, Wellesbourn Mountford, Whatcote, Whichford and Ascote, Wixford, Wootton Wawen, Aspley, Henley in Arden, and Ullenhall:

And it is hereby further declared, ordered, directed, and determined, that the courts to be holden for the purposes of the election of any coroner of any one or more of the said districts, when and as often as the same shall become necessary, under the provisions of the said recited Act, shall be as follows, that is to say; for No. 1, the Northern District, to be at Coventry, and the poll to be taken there; for No. 2, the Central District, to be at Warwick, and the poll to be taken there; and for No. 3, the Southern District, to be at Stratford-upon-Avon, and the poll to be taken there:

And it is hereby further declared, ordered, and directed, that this Order shall be published in the London Gazette. *Wm. L. Bathurst.*

At the Court at *Buckingham-Palace*, the 24th day of *April* 1847,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS a Treaty has been concluded between Her Majesty and His Highness the Duke of Brunswick, whereby due protection has been secured within the dominions of the said duchy for the authors of books, dramatic works, or musical compositions, and the inventors, designers, or engravers of prints and articles of sculpture, and the authors, inventors, designers, or engravers of any other works whatsoever of literature and the fine arts, in which the laws of Great Britain and of the said duchy do now or may hereafter give their respective subjects the privilege of copyright, and for the lawful representatives or assigns of any such authors, inventors, designers, or engravers, with regard to any such works first published within the dominions of Her Majesty:

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of Her Privy Council, and by virtue of the authority committed to Her by an Act, passed in the session of Parliament holden in the seventh and eighth years of Her reign, intituled "An Act to amend the law relating to international "copyright," doth order, and it is hereby ordered, that, from and after the day of the date of this Order, the authors, inventors, designers, engravers, and makers of any of the following works (that is to say), books, prints, articles of sculpture, dra-

matic works, musical compositions, and any other works of literature and the fine arts, in which the laws of Great Britain give to British subjects the privilege of copyright, and the executors, administrators, and assigns of such authors, inventors, designers, engravers, and makers, respectively, shall, as respects works first published within the said duchy after the first day of April one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven, have the privilege of copyright therein for a period equal to the term of copyright which authors, inventors, designers, engravers, and makers of the like works, respectively, first published in the United Kingdom are by law entitled to, provided such books, dramatic pieces, musical compositions, prints, articles of sculpture, or other works of art have been registered, and copies thereof have been delivered according to the requirements of the said recited Act, within twelve months after the first publication thereof, in any part of the said duchy:

And it is hereby further ordered, that the authors of dramatic pieces and musical compositions which shall, after the said first day of April one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven, be first publicly represented or performed within the said duchy, shall have the sole liberty of representing or performing in any part of the British dominions such dramatic pieces or musical compositions, during a period equal to the period during which authors of dramatic pieces and musical compositions first publicly represented or performed in the United Kingdom are entitled by law to the sole liberty of representing or performing the same; provided such dramatic pieces or musical compositions have been registered, and copies thereof have been delivered according to the requirements of the said recited Act, within twelve calendar months after the time of their being first

represented or performed in any part of the said duchy:

And the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury are to give the necessary orders herein accordingly.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

At the Court at *Buckingham-Palace*, the 24th day of *April* 1847,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the session of Parliament holden in the ninth and tenth years of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act to amend an Act of the seventh "and eighth years of Her present Majesty, for "reducing, under certain circumstances, the "duties payable upon books and engravings," it is enacted, that whenever Her Majesty has, by virtue of any authority vested in Her for that purpose, declared, that the authors, inventors, designers, engravers, or makers of any books, prints, or other works of art, first published in any foreign country or countries, shall have the privilege of copyright therein, it shall be lawful for Her Majesty, if she think fit, from time to time, by any Order in Council, to declare that, from and after a day to be named in such Order, in lieu of the duties of Customs from time to time payable on the importation into the United Kingdom of books, prints, and drawings, there shall be payable only such duties of Customs as are mentioned in the said Act:

And whereas Her Majesty hath this day, by virtue of the authority vested in Her for that purpose, declared that the authors, inventors, designers, engravers, and makers of books, prints, and certain other works of art, first published within the duchy of Brunswick, shall have the privilege of copyright therein:

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of Her Privy Council, and in virtue of the authority committed to Her by the said recited Act, doth order, and it is hereby ordered, that, from and after the day of the date of this Order, in lieu of the duties of Customs now payable upon books, prints, and drawings, published at any place within the said duchy, there shall be payable only the duties of Customs following (that is to say):

On books originally produced in the United Kingdom, and republished at any place within the said duchy, a duty of two pounds ten shillings per hundred weight.

On books published or republished at any place within the said duchy, and not being books originally produced in the United Kingdom, a duty of fifteen shillings per hundred weight.

On prints and drawings, plain or coloured, published at any place within the said duchy,

Single, each, - - - -	0½*d.*
Bound or sewn, the dozen, -	1½*d.*

And the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury are to give the necessary orders herein accordingly.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

St. James's-Palace, April 28, 1847.

The Queen was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon William Snow Harris, Esq. F.R.S.

St. James's-Palace, April 28, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint Lieutenant Colonel FitzMaurice, K.H. Clerk of the Cheque of Her Majesty's Body Guard of Yeomen of the Guard, vice Jonathan Ellerthorp, Esq. deceased.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint Henry Chard, Esq. Exon of Her Majesty's Body Guard of Yeomen of the Guard, vice Sir Samuel Hancock, Knt. resigned.

Whitehall, April 24, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint Sir Thomas Burnett, Bart. to be Lieutenant and Sheriff Principal of the shire of Kincardine, in the room of John Viscount Arbuthnott, resigned.

Whitehall, April 28, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to grant to Henry James Sumner Maine, Esq. B.A. the office of Reader of the Civil Law in the University of Cambridge, in the room of Doctor James William Geldart, resigned.

War-Office, 29th April 1847

The Queen has been pleased to appoint Colonel George Hamilton Marquess of Donegal, G.C.H. of the Antrim Militia, to be one of Her Majesty's Aides-de-Camp for the Service of Her Militia Force. Dated 15th April 1847.

Her Majesty has been pleased at the same time to direct, that the said Marquess of Donegal shall take rank, as one of the Senior Colonels of Militia, immediately after the Junior Colonel of Her Majesty's Forces.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MAY 4, 1847.

Palace of Westminster, Lord Great Chamberlain's-Office, May 3, 1847.

TICKETS to see the New House of Lords, in the Palace of Westminster, will be issued from the Lord Great Chamberlain's-Office every Wednesday, between the hours of ten and four o'clock, for the subsequent or any other Saturday. Each ticket will admit the bearer and *one* other person.

All applications for tickets must be made personally, or through a responsible agent, as it will be impossible to send tickets or answer written applications.

Persons receiving tickets will be required to leave their names and address, written on a card, at the Office. Tickets will be admitted on Saturdays only, between the hours of ten and five o'clock.

The number of tickets being necessarily limited, those persons who have been unable to obtain them will have a stamp placed on their cards, at the Office, and preference will be given to such stamped cards, if presented at the Office before eleven o'clock on the following Wednesday.

(Signed) WILLOUGHBY DE ERESBY, G.C.

Whitehall, May 1, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, nominating, presenting, and appointing the Honourable and Reverend Robert John Eden, I.A. to the bishoprick of the isle of Man and Sodor, void by the death of Doctor Walter Augustus Shirley, late Bishop of that see.

Foreign-Office, May 3, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint Martin Tupper Hood, now British Vice-Consul at Monte Video, Esq. to be Her Majesty's Consul at Buenos Ayres.

The Queen has also been pleased to appoint George Grey Sullivan, Esq. now British Vice-Consul at Amoy, to be Her Majesty's Consul at Ningpo.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MAY 7, 1847.

THIS Gazette contains an Order in Council, relative to a scheme, duly prepared by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, for making additional provision for the cure of souls in certain parishes where such assistance is most required.

A similar Order, for constituting a separate district for spiritual purposes out of the parishes of Chatham and Gillingham, in the county of Kent, and in the diocese of Rochester, and that the same shall be named, "The District of Brompton."

A similar Order, for constituting a separate district for spiritual purposes out of the parish of Mottram in Longdendale, in the county and diocese of Chester, and that the same shall be named, "The District of Godley cum Newton Green."

A similar Order, for making better provision for the cure of souls in the several parishes of Cerringham and Stow, in the county and diocese of Lincoln.

Whitehall, May 4, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to constitute and appoint the Right Honourable Robert Montgomery

Lord Belhaven to be Her Majesty's High Commissioner to the General Assembly of the Church of Scotland.

Whitehall, May 5, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, granting unto Admiral the Honourable Sir Robert Stopford, G. C. B. the office or place of Vice Admiral of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and Lieutenant of the Admiralty thereof, in the room of Admiral Sir Davidge Gould, deceased.

The Queen has also been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, granting unto Admiral Sir Thomas Byam Martin, G. C. B. the office or place of Rear Admiral of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the Admiralty thereof, in the room of Admiral the Honourable Sir Robert Stopford, appointed Vice Admiral of the said United Kingdom.

Westminster, April 27, 1847.

This day, the Lords being met, a message was sent to the Honourable House of Commons by the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, acquainting them, that *The Lords, authorized by virtue of a Commission under the Great Seal, signed by Her Majesty, for declaring Her Royal Assent to several Acts agreed upon by both Houses, do desire the immediate attendance of the Honourable House in the House of Peers to hear the Commission read;* and the Commons being come thither, the said Commission, empowering the

Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, and several other Lords therein named, to declare and notify the Royal Assent to the said Acts, was read accordingly, and the Royal Assent given to

An Act to amend, and continue until the first day of November one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven, and to the end of the then next session of Parliament, an Act for making provision for the treatment of poor persons afflicted with fever in Ireland.

An Act for lighting with gas the township of Shipley, the village of Windhill, and the neighbourhood thereof, in the west riding of the county of York.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MAY 11, 1847.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, May 10, 1847.

NOTICE is hereby given, that no tickets to view the Royal Pictures, by Winterhalter, in St. James's-Palace, will be issued from this Office after Thursday next the 13th instant; and that, on and after Monday next the 17th instant, tickets may be obtained, under the same regula-

tion as the orders to view the State Apartments in Windsor-Castle, upon application to

Messrs. Paul and Dominie Colnaghi, Printsellers, No. 14, Pall-mall East;
Mr. Moon, Printseller, No. 20, Threadneedle-street;
Mr. Mitchell, Librarian, No. 33, Old Bond-street;
Messrs. Ackermann and Co. Printsellers, No. 96, Strand.

Visitors with tickets issued up to Thursday next, inclusive, will be admitted to view the Pictures, between two and five o'clock, during the remainder of this week.

This Gazette also contains an Order in Council, relative to a scheme, duly prepared by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, for consolidating the two medieties of the vicarage of Bubwith, in the county and diocese of York.

A similar Order, for constituting a separate district for spiritual purposes out of the chapelry of Holbeck, in the parish of Leeds, in the county of York, and in the diocese of Ripon, and that the same shall be named, "The District of Little Holbeck."

Downing-Street, May 8, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint Francis Corbet Singleton, Esq. to be Auditor General of Accounts for the province of South Australia.

Her Majesty has also been pleased to appoint William Morrison, Esq. to be Colonial Surgeon for the island of Hong Kong.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MAY 14, 1847.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, May 14, 1847.

ORDERS for the Court's going into Mourning, on Sunday next the 16th instant, for His late Imperial Highness the Arch-Duke Charles of Austria, Uncle of the Emperor, viz.

The Ladies to wear black silk, fringed or plain linen, white gloves, necklaces and ear-rings, black or white shoes, fans and tippets.

The Gentlemen to wear black, full trimmed, fringed or plain linen, black swords and buckles.

The Court to change the Mourning, on Sunday the 23d instant, viz.

The Ladies to wear black silk or velvet, coloured ribbons, fans and tippets, or plain white, or white and gold, or white and silver stuffs, with black ribbons.

The Gentlemen to wear black coats, and black or plain white, or white and gold, or white and silver stuff waistcoats, full trimmed, coloured swords and buckles.

And, on Wednesday the 26th instant, the Court to go out of Mourning.

Buckingham-Palace, May 13, 1847.

This day had audience of Her Majesty, the Count de Jarnac, to deliver his letter of

credence from the King of the French, as His Majesty's Minister Plenipotentiary, in the absence of the Ambassador:

To which his Excellency was introduced by Viscount Palmerston, G.C.B. Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and conducted by Colonel the Honourable Sir Edward Cust, K.C.H. Her Majesty's Master of the Ceremonies.

Foreign-Office, May 11, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to approve of Mr. Edward Harbord Lushington Preston, as Vice Consul at Great Yarmouth for the Grand Duke of Mecklenburgh Schwerin.

Westminster, May 11, 1847.

This day, the Lords being met, a message was sent to the Honourable House of Commons by the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, acquainting them, that *The Lords, authorized by virtue of a Commission under the Great Seal, signed by Her Majesty, for declaring Her Royal Assent to several Acts agreed upon by both Houses, do desire the immediate attendance of the Honourable House in the House of Peers to hear the Commission read;* and the Commons being come thither, the said Commission, empowering the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, and several other Lords therein named, to declare and notify the Royal Assent to the said Acts, was read accordingly, and the Royal Assent given to

An Act to alter certain duties of Customs.

An Act to empower the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Woods to purchase land for the purposes of a harbour of refuge and breakwater, in the isle of Portland, in the county of Dorset.

An Act to authorize the inclosure of certain lands, in pursuance of the second report of the Inclosure Commissioners for England and Wales.

An Act for enabling the Commissioners of Public Works in Ireland to purchase land for prisons in Ireland.

An Act for consolidating in one Act certain provisions usually contained in Acts authorizing the making and improving of harbours, docks, and piers.

An Act for extending and enlarging a certain pier, in Pile-harbour, in the parish of Dalton, in Furness, in the county palatine of Lancaster, and to alter the Act relating thereto.

An Act to alter, amend, and enlarge the powers and provisions of an Act, passed in the second year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled "An Act for lighting with gas the town and borough of Ipswich, in the county of Suffolk."

An Act for authorizing the Cheltenham Waterworks Company to raise a further sum of money.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MAY 18, 1847.

St. James's-Palace, April 29, 1847.

THE Queen has been pleased to appoint the Honourable Flora-Clementina-Isabella Macdonald to be one of the Maids of Honour in Ordinary to Her Majesty, in the room of the Honourable Anne Napier, resigned.

Whitehall, May 18, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to constitute and appoint the Right Honourable Maziere Brady, Chancellor of that part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland called Ireland; the Most Reverend Father in God Richard Archbishop of Dublin; his Grace the Duke of Leinster; and Lieutenant General the Right Honourable Sir Edward Blakeney, Knt. Commanding Her Majesty's Forces in that part of the said United Kingdom, to be Her Majesty's Justices and General Governors of that part of the said United Kingdom called Ireland.

Cambridge-House, May 14, 1847.

The Duke of Cambridge has been pleased to appoint the Reverend John Houghton Ward, M. A. Corpus Christi College, Cambridge, to be one of His Royal Highness's Domestic Chaplains.

Downing-Street, May 15, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint Richard Robert Madden, Esq. to be Colonial Secretary for the territory of Western Australia.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MAY 21, 1847.

Board of Green Cloth, St. James's-Palace, May 21, 1847.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the carriages coming to Her Majesty's Drawing-Room, on Thursday the 27th of May, are to fall into line and come down the left hand side of St. James's-street, enter at the iron gate nearest the Palace, set down at the Arcade, turn round, and go out by the iron gate nearest Marlborough-house, to wait in St. James's-square. When called, they are to pass from the square through Charles-street, into Regent-street and Jermyn-street, come down St. James's-street as before, take up, and go away through Pall-mall.

No hackney carriages will be admitted within the gates.

For all persons having the privilege of the *entrée*, tickets will be delivered at the Board of Green Cloth, on Tuesday next, from eleven till three o'clock; their carriages are to enter the gate at Constitution-hill, proceed down St. James's-park, through Stable-yard, into the Ambassadors'-court, set down, and go out into Cleveland-row.

The carriages of Ambassadors, Foreign Ministers, Cabinet Ministers, and Great Officers of State may afterwards wait in the Ambassadors'-court, and those of all other persons having the *entrée* may wait in Stable-yard or St. James's-park till called; they are then to take up in the same order as they had set down, and pass away up St. James's-street.

No carriage will be admitted with company a second time with the same ticket, to prevent which, it must be produced at Constitution-hill-gate, and Stable-yard-gate also, where a corner of it will be torn off by the Marshalmen in attendance; and no person can be allowed the privilege of the *entrée* by any other approach to the Palace than the gates last mentioned.

FORTESCUE, Lord Steward.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, May 19, 1847.

Notice is hereby given, that the State Apartments, at Windsor Castle, will be closed from Monday the 24th instant, until after Monday the 7th of June.

At the Court at *Buckingham-Palace*, the 20th day of *May* 1847,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

Her Majesty in Council was this day pleased to declare the Right Honourable George William Frederick Earl of Clarendon, Lieutenant General and General Governor of that part of the United Kingdom called Ireland.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MAY 25, 1847.

At the Court at *Buckingham-Palace*, the 20th day of *May* 1847,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the session of Parliament held in the sixth and seventh years of the reign of His late Majesty King William the Fourth, intituled "An Act for "rendering more easy the taking the poll at "county elections," it is enacted, that it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, from time to time, on petition from the justices of any county, riding, parts, or division in England or Wales, in quarter sessions assembled, representing, that the number of polling places for such county, riding, parts, or division is insufficient, and praying that the place or places mentioned in the said petition may be a polling place or polling places for the county, riding, parts, or division of the county within which such place or places is or are situate, to declare that any place or places mentioned in the said petition shall be a polling place or polling places for that county, riding, parts, or division; and that the justices of the peace for such county, riding, parts, or division, in quarter sessions or

some special sessions assembled, as mentioned in an Act, passed in the session of Parliament held in the second and third years of the reign of His said late Majesty, intituled "An Act to settle "and determine the divisions of counties and the "limits of cities and boroughs in England and "Wales, in so far as respects the election of "Members to serve in Parliament," shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide such county, riding, parts, or division into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place:

And whereas the justices of the peace of the west riding of the county of York, in general quarter sessions assembled, at Pontefract, in the said riding, on Monday the fifth day of April in the present year, have presented a petition to Her Majesty in Council, representing, that the number of polling places within the said west riding is insufficient, and praying that the town of Selby, situate within the said riding, may be a polling place for the said west riding:

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said petition into consideration, doth, pursuant to the said first-mentioned Act, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, declare, order, and direct, that the said place named in the said petition, namely, the town of Selby, shall be a polling place for the west riding of the county of York; and further, that the justices of the peace for the said west riding, assembled in general quarter sessions or some special sessions, as in the said Act secondly above mentioned is mentioned, shall, conformably to that Act, divide the said west riding into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

This Gazette also contains an Order in Council, relative to a scheme, duly prepared by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, for authorizing the sale of certain property lately belonging to the prebends of Norwell Overhall, Norwell Palishall, and Norwell Tertia, founded in the collegiate church of Southwell.

Buckingham-Palace, May 22, 1847.

This day had audience of Her Majesty, on his arrival in this country, His Royal Highness the Hereditary Prince of Lucca, attended by the Count de Revel, the Sardinian Chargé d'Affaires:

His Royal Highness was introduced by Viscount Palmerston, G.C.B. Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and conducted by Colonel the Honourable Sir Edward Cust, K.C.H. Her Majesty's Master of the Ceremonies.

Downing-Street, May 22, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint Vice Admiral the Earl of Dundonald to be a Knight Grand Cross of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath.

Her Majesty has further been pleased to appoint Lieutenant Colonel Charles W. Morley Balders, of the 3d Regiment of Light Dragoons, and Lieutenant Colonel George Congreve, of the 29th Regiment of Foot, to be Companions of the said Most Honourable Order.

Downing-Street, May 22, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint Edward Kelly, Esq. Lieutenant in the Royal Navy, to be Harbour Master for the island of Mauritius.

Crown-Office, May 21, 1847.

MEMBER returned to serve in this present PARLIAMENT.

County of Galway.

Thomas J. Burke, of Marble-hill, in the county of Galway, Esq. in the room of Thomas Barnwell Martin, Esq. deceased.

FROM THE

SUPPLEMENT

TO THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MAY 25, 1847.

Downing-Street, May 24, 1847.

THE Queen has been pleased to issue the following Letters Patent under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom, and to make the subjoined Statutes for the government of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath:

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, to all to whom these presents shall come, greeting; whereas Our Royal Progenitor and Predecessor, King George the First, by certain Letters Patent, under the Great Seal of Great Britain, bearing date at Westminster, on the eighteenth day of May, in the eleventh year of His reign, and in the year of Our Lord one thousand seven hundred and twenty-five, did institute, erect, constitute, and create a Military Order of Knighthood, to be and be called for ever thereafter by the name and title of the Order of the Bath, whereof His said late Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, Kings of this realm, for ever should be Sovereigns; and it was thereby declared and provided, that the said Order should consist of a Great Master, to continue during the pleasure of His said late Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, and thirty-six Companions, to be from time to time nominated and appointed by His said late Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, wherein a succession should be always regularly continued; and it was thereby further provided, that the said Order should be governed by Statutes and Ordinances, to be from time to time made, ordained, altered, and abrogated by His said late Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, at His and Their pleasure; and to the end that such Statutes might be legally established, His said late Majesty did direct and appoint, that a seal should be immediately engraven, in manner therein mentioned, and that the Statutes to be perpetually and inviolably observed within the said Order should be established and sealed by and with the same seal; and His said late Majesty did thereby for Him, His Heirs and Successors, declare and ordain, that the said

Statutes so to be given by His Heirs or Successors, to which the said seal should be affixed, should be of the same force and validity as if the same Statutes, and every article of them, had been verbatim recited in those Letters Patent, and had been passed under the Great Seal of the realm.

And whereas, under the authority or supposed authority of the said recited Letters Patent, divers Statutes and Ordinances have from time to time been made and ordained by His said late Majesty, or by His Heirs and Successors, for the government of the said Order, by which Statutes, or some of them, the number of the Companions of the said Order hath been increased from thirty-six, as prescribed by the said recited Letters Patent, to a much greater number, and whereby the said Companions of the said Order have been divided into three classes, differing each from the other in rank and privileges; and whereas doubts have arisen whether such changes as aforesaid in the laws and constitution of the said Order, in so far as they contravene any of the provisions of the said recited Letters Patent, could lawfully be made by such Statutes as aforesaid, and ought not to have been made by other Letters Patent under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom aforesaid; and it is expedient that such doubts should be removed: and whereas it is also expedient that other changes should now be made in the constitution of the said Order, with a view to the adaptation thereof to the altered state and circumstances of society within the United Kingdom aforesaid, and Our dominions beyond the seas: now, therefore, know ye, that We, of Our mere motion, special grace, and certain knowledge, have revoked and abrogated, and do hereby revoke and abrogate, so much of the said recited

Letters Patent as limits to the number of thirty-six the Companions of the said Order of the Bath, and as declares the said Order to be exclusively a Military Order of Knighthood: and We do hereby further ordain, direct, and appoint, that the said Order shall henceforth be known and described by the style and designation of the Most Honorable Order of the Bath.

And We do further ordain, direct, and appoint, that the said Order shall consist of the Sovereign and a Great Master, and of nine hundred and fifty-two Companions or Members, to be divided into three such classes as hereinafter mentioned.

And We do hereby ordain, direct, and appoint, that We, Our Heirs and Successors, Kings or Queens Regnant of the United Kingdom aforesaid, shall be Sovereigns of the said Order.

And We do further ordain, direct, and appoint, that a Prince of the Blood Royal, or such other exalted personage as We, Our Heirs and Successors, shall hereafter appoint, shall be Great Master of the said Order, and shall, in virtue thereof, be the First or Principal Knight Grand Cross of the said Order.

And We do further ordain, direct, and appoint, that the said nine hundred and fifty-two Members shall be divided into three classes, and that of the said three classes, the first or highest class shall consist of seventy-five Members, to be styled or designated Knights Grand Cross of the said Order; and that the second class shall consist of one hundred and fifty-two Members, to be styled and designated Knights Commanders of the said Order; and that the third or lowest class shall consist of seven hundred and twenty-five Members, to be styled and designated Companions of the said Order.

Provided, nevertheless, and We do further

ordain, direct, and appoint, that if at any time hereafter any occasion should arise, rendering expedient any increase to the number of Members comprised in all or any of the classes of the said Order, it shall be competent to Us, Our Heirs and Successors, by any Statute or Statutes to be hereafter made, in the manner and form for that purpose prescribed in and by the said recited Letters Patent, to authorize any such increase of the number of Members of any such class or classes, any inconsistency of any such Statute or Statutes with these presents to the contrary notwithstanding.

And We do further ordain, direct, and appoint, that such persons only shall be competent to be Members of any of the said three classes, as shall possess the qualifications to be for that purpose defined in any Statute or Statutes to be hereafter made, in the manner and form for that purpose prescribed in and by the said recited Letters Patent.

Provided always, and We do further ordain, direct, and appoint, that no such Statute so to be made as aforesaid shall be of any force or authority, unless before the actual making and promulgation thereof We shall have signified to the Great Master of the said Order, by a Warrant under Our Signet and Sign Manual, countersigned by one of Our Principal Secretaries of State, Our pleasure that the same should be so made and promulgated.

And We do further direct, ordain, and appoint, that when and so often as any person shall hereafter be appointed to be a Member of the said Order, such appointment shall be made in the manner following, that is to say, that the name of every such candidate being laid before Us, or Our Heirs and Successors, by one of Our

or Their Principal Secretaries of State, the pleasure of Us, or Our Heirs and Successors, respecting the appointment of any such candidate, shall by Us or Them be thereupon signified to such Secretary of State; and when and so often as We, or Our Heirs and Successors, shall so have signified Our pleasure in favour of the appointment of any such candidate, it shall be the duty of such Our or Their Secretary of State to prepare, for the approbation and signature of Us, or Our Heirs and Successors, a Warrant, addressed to the Great Master of the said Order for the time being, for the appointment of any such candidate, which Warrant, being first countersigned by the Secretary of State preparing the same, shall be the full and final authority to the said Great Master for preparing for the signature of Us, or Our Heirs and Successors, and for laying before Us or Them to be signed, and for sealing with the seal of the said Order when so signed, a grant or authority from Us, or Our Heirs and Successors, to each and every such candidate to be a Member of the said Order, and to have, exercise, and enjoy all the dignity, rank, and privileges thereunto appertaining, according to the class to which each such candidate shall so be appointed.

And for the removal of the said recited doubts, as to the validity of the Statutes which have been so made as aforesaid, for increasing the number of the Companions of the said Order, and for the division of them into three classes, differing each from the other in rank and privileges, We do further ordain, direct, and appoint, that all such Statutes as aforesaid, and especially certain Statutes made in the name and on the behalf of His late Majesty King George the Third, by His Royal Highness George Augustus Frederick, then Prince of Wales, and Prince Regent of this

United Kingdom, bearing date on the second day of January in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifteen, and all acts, deeds, matters, and things hitherto done under and in pursuance of any such Statutes, and especially under and in pursuance of the said recited Statutes of the second day of January one thousand eight hundred and fifteen, shall be of such and the same force, virtue, and effect, in every respect, as if the said Statutes had been duly made, and the said acts, deeds, matters, and things had been duly done in accordance with and under the authority of the said recited Letters Patent of the eighteenth day of May one thousand seven hundred and twenty-five. In witness whereof We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent. Witness Ourself, at Westminster, the fourteenth day of April, in the tenth year of Our reign.

By writ of Privy Seal.

WHEREAS by Letters Patent, under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, bearing date at Westminster, on the fourteenth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven, and in the tenth year of Our Reign, We have ordained, directed, and appointed, that the Military Order of Knighthood, instituted by Our Royal Predecessor, King George the First, by Letters Patent, bearing date the eighteenth day of May, one thousand seven hundred and twenty-five, and therein designated as the Order of the Bath, shall henceforth be known and described by the style and designation of the Most Honorable Order of the Bath.

And We have thereby further ordained, directed, and appointed, that the said Order shall consist of the Sovereign and a Great Master, and of nine hundred and fifty-two Companions or Members, to be divided into three classes as hereinafter mentioned.

And We have thereby ordained, directed, and appointed, that We, Our Heirs and Successors, Kings or Queens Regnant of the United Kingdom aforesaid, shall be Sovereigns of the said Order.

And We have further ordained, directed, and appointed, that a Prince of the Blood Royal, or such other exalted personage as We, Our Heirs and Successors, shall hereafter appoint, shall be Great Master of the said Order, and shall, in virtue thereof, be the First or Principal Knight Grand Cross of the said Order.

And We have further ordained, directed, and appointed, that the said nine hundred and fifty-two Members shall be divided into three classes, and that of the said three classes, the first or highest class shall consist of seventy-five Members, to be styled or designated Knights Grand Cross of the said Order; and that the second class shall consist of one hundred and fifty-two Members, to be styled and designated Knights Commanders of the said Order; and that the third or lowest class shall consist of seven hundred and twenty-five Members, to be styled and designated Companions of the said Order.

Provided, nevertheless, and We have further ordained, directed, and appointed, that, if at any time hereafter any occasion should arise rendering expedient any increase to the number of the Members comprised in all or any of the classes of the said Order, it shall be competent to Us, Our Heirs and Successors, by any Statute or Statutes

to be hereafter made, in the manner and form for that purpose prescribed in and by the said recited Letters Patent of the tenth year of Our Reign, to authorize any such increase of the number of Members of any such class or classes, any inconsistency of any such Statute or Statutes with these presents to the contrary notwithstanding.

And We have further ordained, directed, and appointed, that such persons only shall be competent to be Members of any of the said three classes, as shall possess the qualifications to be for that purpose defined in any Statute or Statutes to be hereafter made, in the manner and form for that purpose prescribed in and by the said recited Letters Patent of the tenth year of Our reign.

And whereas, in conformity with the said Letters Patent of the eighteenth day of May, one thousand seven hundred and twenty-five, His said Majesty did enact and issue certain Statutes and Ordinances to be observed within the said Order, bearing date the twenty-third day of the said month of May, in the eleventh year of His reign, that is to say, in the year one thousand seven hundred and twenty-five, wherein a power was reserved to His said Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, of adding thereto and of explaining any real or supposed ambiguity therein, as well as of determining all disputes which might thereafter arise concerning the interpretation of the said Statutes, provided such additions, alterations, and explanations were given under the Royal Sign Manual, and sealed with the seal of the Order.

And whereas, in the exercise of the power so reserved, Our Royal Uncle George Augustus Frederick, then Prince of Wales, and Prince Regent of this United Kingdom, acting in the

name and on behalf of Our Royal Grandfather King George the Third, Sovereign of this Most Honorable Order, was, on the second day of January, in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifteen, graciously pleased to declare, that being desirous of commemorating the triumphant termination of those protracted and arduous contests in which this Our realm had then recently been engaged, and of manifesting in an especial manner His high sense of the devotion, perseverance, and valour evinced by the officers of His Majesty's forces by sea and land, it was His Royal will and pleasure to advance the splendour and extend the limits of the said Order, by the formation therein of three classes, differing in their ranks and degrees.

And whereas, by the said recited Letters Patent of the tenth year of Our reign, certain material changes have been made in the constitution of the said Order, so as to accommodate the same to the present and future exigencies of this Our realm, and to the due distribution of appropriate rewards amongst such of our faithful subjects as are now or shall hereafter become preeminently distinguished by their loyalty and merit in the military or civil service of Us, Our Heirs and Successors, or shall otherwise have merited Our favor.

And whereas several of the Statutes of the said Most Honorable Order enjoined certain practices, ceremonies, and observances which, being unsuitable to modern times, have been virtually suspended under the authority of successive Warrants of dispensation, the said several Statutes therefore have proved inconvenient, the said practices, ceremonies, and observances have become obsolete, and the continued issue of such Warrants of dispensation is inexpedient.

Now We, exercising the power vested in Us as Sovereign of the said Most Honorable Order, do hereby, with certain exceptions hereinafter specified, annul, abrogate, and repeal all and every the said Statutes and Ordinances bearing date the twenty-third day of May, in the year one thousand seven hundred and twenty-five, together with all subsequent Statutes and Ordinances heretofore made by Us, or any of Our Royal Predecessors, for the purpose and with the intention of making, ordaining, and establishing the follow- Statutes and Ordinances, as well as of confirming such portions of the Statutes of this Order as may concern the vested rights of any person or persons, and of renewing such other portions thereof as may be specially set forth or referred to in the following Statutes.

And further know all ye to whom these presents shall come, that We have made, ordained, and established, and by these presents sealed with the seal of the said Order, do make, ordain, and establish the following Statutes and Ordinances, which shall from henceforth be inviolably observed and kept within the said Order.

First.—It is ordained, that this Order of Knighthood shall henceforth be styled and designated in all acts, proceedings, and pleadings, as "The Most Honorable Order of the Bath," as in the said recited Letters Patent of the tenth year of Our reign mentioned, and by no other.

Second.—It is ordained, that the said Most Honorable Order shall consist of the Sovereign, a Great Master, and three several classes of Knights Grand Cross, Knights Commanders, and Companions, as in the said last-recited Letters Patent mentioned.

Third.—It is ordained, that, in pursuance of the said last-recited Letters Patent, We, Our Heirs

and Successors, Kings and Queens Regnant of this United Kingdom, are and for ever shall be Sovereigns of this Most Honorable Order, to whom doth and shall belong all power of annulling, interpreting, explaining, or augmenting these and every part of these Statutes.

Fourth.—It is ordained, that a Prince of the Blood Royal, being a descendant of the body of His late Majesty King George the First, or such other exalted personage as We, our Heirs and Successors, may hereafter appoint, shall hold and enjoy the dignified office of Great Master of this Most Honorable Order, who shall be the First or Principal Knight Grand Cross of the same: and We are now pleased to constitute and appoint, and by these presents to declare and nominate Our most dearly beloved Consort, His Royal Highness Francis Albert Augustus Charles Emanuel Duke of Saxony, Prince of Saxe Coburg and Gotha, to be Great Master of this Most Honorable Order, to enjoy all privileges, exercise all rights, and perform all duties belonging to that high office; that to His custody shall be confided the Great Seal of the Order, which He shall affix to all Statutes, Ordinances, and other instruments, according to the regulations which are in the said recited Letters Patent of the tenth year of Our reign, and hereinafter prescribed, touching the issue of every of the said instruments. And it is further ordained, that it shall be His especial duty to enforce the due observance of the Statutes and Ordinances of this Order. And that He shall likewise direct the issue of all letters of summons, whensoever the Sovereign shall be pleased to command an investiture of the said Most Honorable Order.

Fifth.—It is ordained, that this Most Honorable Order shall contain three classes as in

the said last-recited Letters Patent mentioned, styled respectively, "Knights Grand Cross," "Knights Commanders," and "Companions." And it is further ordained, that each and every of these three classes shall likewise contain two subdivisions, whereof the first shall be styled "Military," and the second "Civil," each of which subdivisions shall be composed partly of Ordinary and partly of Honorary Members.

Sixth.—It is ordained, that the numbers to which the several classes and the several divisions of this Order are limited, shall not restrict Us, Our Heirs and Successors, from appointing at Our pleasure any Prince of the Blood Royal, being a descendant of His late Majesty King George the First.

Seventh.—It is ordained, that the Military Division of the first Class, or Knights Grand Cross, shall not exceed fifty in number; and that no person shall be appointed to this division who doth not, at the time of his nomination, actually hold a commission in our Army, or in the service of the East India Company, of or above the rank of Major General, or a commission in Our Navy of or above the rank of a Rear Admiral.

Eighth.—It is ordained, that the Civil Division of the first Class, or the Knights Grand Cross, shall not exceed twenty-five in number; and that no persons shall be nominated thereto, or to either of the two other Civil Divisions of this Order, who shall not by their personal services to Our Crown, or by the performance of public duties, have merited Our Royal favour.

Ninth.—It is ordained, that the Military Division of the second Class, or Knights Commanders, shall not exceed one hundred and two in number; and that no person shall be appointed thereto who

doth not, at the time of his nomination, actually hold a Commission in Our Army or Marines of or above the rank of Colonel, or a corresponding commission in the service of the East India Company, or a commission in Our Navy of or above the rank of Captain.

Tenth.—It is ordained, that the Civil Division of the second Class, or Knights Commanders, shall not exceed fifty in number, and that no person shall be appointed thereto who would not, according to the provisions hereinbefore contained, be qualified for being nominated to be of the Civil Division of the first Class, or Knights Grand Cross of the said Order.

Eleventh.—It is ordained, that the Military Division of the third Class, or Companions, shall not, except under special and temporary exigencies, exceed five hundred and twenty-five in number; and that no person shall be nominated thereto who doth not actually hold, at the time of his nomination, a commission in Our Army or Marines, or in the Service of the East India Company, of or above the rank of Major, or a Commission in Our Navy, or in the maritime service of the East India Company, of or above the rank of Commander; nor shall any person be admitted into this division, unless his services have been marked by the especial mention of his name in despatches published in the London Gazette, as having distinguished himself by his valour and conduct in action against the enemy, in the command of a ship of war, or of Our troops, or at the head of a military department, or as having, by some active service under his immediate conduct and direction, contributed to the success of any such action.

Twelfth.—It is ordained, that the Civil Division of the third Class, or Companions, shall not

exceed two hundred in number; and that no person shall be appointed thereto who would not, according to the provisions hereinbefore contained, be qualified for being nominated to be of the Civil Division of the second Class of Knights Commanders of the said Order.

Thirteenth.—It is ordained, that the Honorary Members of the Order shall consist of foreign persons upon whom We may think fit to confer the honor of being received into the Military and Civil Divisions of the several Classes of this Order; and that the number of such Honorary Members may consist of as many foreign persons as We, Our Heirs and Successors, shall think fit to appoint.

Fourteenth.—It is ordained, that although We have deemed it expedient in the foregoing Statutes to prescribe and limit the numbers which shall constitute each class and each division of this Most Honorable Order, nevertheless, inasmuch as We are pleased to regard, not merely the present but the future exigencies of this Our realm, so We have thought fit to provide for distant contingencies, therefore, in the event of any future wars or of any actions or services, civil or military, meriting peculiar honor and reward, it shall be lawful for Us, Our Heirs and Successors, in virtue of the powers to Us and Them reserved in and by the said recited Letters Patent of the tenth year of Our reign, to increase the numbers in any of the said classes, and in any of the said divisions, and to assign a place in any such division to any of Our Officers, naval and military, whose rank in Our Service would not qualify him for holding a place therein, according to the provisions hereinbefore in that behalf made.

Fifteenth.—It is ordained, that nothing in these

Statutes shall be taken, construed, or understood to annul the nomination or appointment, previously to the date of these presents, of any Knight Grand Cross, Knight Commander, Companion, or Officer of this Most Honorable Order, except the office of Officer of Arms Attendant upon the Knights Commanders and Companions of this Order, and the office of Secretary appertaining to the said Knights Commanders and Companions. And We are pleased to declare, that such changes shall not in any respect abate the privileges of its Members and Officers, but, on the contrary, are designed to explain, extend, and establish the same; therefore all such persons as have been heretofore and now are Members of this Most Honorable Order, whether they belong to the class of Knights Grand Cross, or to that of Knights Commanders, or to that of Companions, shall, in pursuance of the said last-recited Letters Patent, continue to hold and enjoy those dignities and honors, and the precedency belonging thereto, in as full and ample a manner as they possessed the same antecedently to the enactment of these present Statutes; and nothing herein contained shall have the effect of destroying, injuring, or abating any rights, emoluments, privileges, or advantages belonging to any such Members or Officers of this Most Honorable Order, as may have been nominated or appointed previously to the promulgation of the present Statutes; We being pleased to declare and command, that the said rights, emoluments, privileges, and advantages shall remain as valid as if these present Statutes had never been ordained.

Sixteenth.—It is ordained, that, on the day appointed for the investiture of a Knight Grand Cross or Knight Commander of this Most Honorable Order, the Sovereign, wearing the

robes and insignia of the Order, shall be attended by such Knights Grand Cross as can be conveniently assembled, and by the Officers of the Order, habited in their respective mantles and insignia; and the person to be invested shall then be introduced into the Royal Presence, between the two Junior Knights Grand Cross in attendance, preceded by Bath King of Arms, bearing the proper insignia upon a cushion, and by the Gentleman Usher of the Scarlet Rod, when the honor of Knighthood shall be conferred upon the person so nominated a Knight Grand Cross, or Knight Commander, unless he shall have previously received that honour; and he shall then be invested with the insignia of the Order, in form and manner following, that is to say, the new Knight kneeling near the Sovereign, and the Sovereign, assisted by the Great Master, or in his absence, by the Senior Knight Grand Cross present, shall proceed to invest him with the ribband and badge, and shall then deliver to him the star of the Order.

Seventeenth.—It is ordained, that if any person, nominated and appointed a Knight Grand Cross or Knight Commander of this Most Honorable Order, shall, at the time of such nomination and appointment as aforesaid, be absent on Our Service, it shall be competent for Us, Our Heirs and Successors, to authorize some distinguished Officer in Our Service, or other person, to perform in Our name and on Our behalf the ceremony of investiture, by the transmission to the said distinguished Officer or other person of the proper insignia, accompanied by a Warrant, authorizing the said investiture; and the said Warrant shall be prepared by direction of the Great Master, and shall receive the Royal Sign Manual, and shall be countersigned by the aforesaid Great Master,

who shall affix thereto the seal of this Order; and the said Warrant shall notify, that we have been pleased, either wholly to dispense with the ceremony of investiture, or to authorize its performance as aforesaid, according as the case may be; and the said Warrant shall fully permit and authorize the person so nominated to wear the insignia, and enjoy the privileges appertaining to the class into which he has been so admitted, in as full and ample a manner as if he had been invested by Us, Our Heirs or Successors; and we do hereby admit such Knight Grand Cross, or Knight Commander, to the rights, privileges, and precedency belonging to either of the said classes, including, among such rights and privileges, the use and enjoyment of the distinctive appellation of a Knight Bachelor of these realms, until it shall be convenient for the Sovereign to confer personally that honour, or to grant it by Letters Patent under the Great Seal, provided, nevertheless, that nothing herein contained shall be construed or interpreted to authorize the assumption of the distinctive appellation appertaining to a Knight Bachelor of these Our realms, by a Knight Grand Cross or Knight Commander of this Most Honorable Order, until either after he has been invested by the Sovereign or otherwise, according to the foregoing provisions of this present Statute.

Eighteenth.—And for the greater honor and distinction of this Order, We are pleased to ordain, that it shall be lawful for every Knight Grand Cross of this Most Honorable Order to require Bath King of Arms to place in the collegiate church of Saint Peter at Westminster, immediately after his investiture, or immediately after the issuing of a Warrant dispensing with the same, an escocheon of his arms, whereon shall

be engraven his style and dignity, with the date of his nomination; and for every Knight Commander to require Bath King of Arms to place as aforesaid, an escocheon or plate of his arms and style with the date of nomination.

And further, it shall be lawful for every Companion of this Most Honorable Order, immediately after his nomination, to require Bath King of Arms to affix in the aforesaid church a plate, whereon his style and the date of his nomination shall be engraven; and for the due performance of these duties certain fees shall be paid to Bath King of Arms, which are more particularly hereinafter specified. Nevertheless, nothing herein contained shall be construed or interpreted in such a manner as to render the erection of the aforesaid escocheons or plates compulsory upon any Member of this Order, for We are pleased to declare and ordain, that neither the whole nor any part of the same shall in any instance be erected otherwise than at the request of each Knight Grand Cross, Knight Commander, or Companion, as the case may be: We are further pleased to declare and ordain, that each Knight Grand Cross and each Knight Commander of this Most Honorable Order shall be at liberty to limit the inscription on his plate to a statement of his name, style, and date of nomination, omitting therefrom, at his option, any representation of his armorial bearings; but that, in every case where a Member of this Order directs his armorial ensigns to be superadded, he shall duly prove the same, according to the laws of arms, and record them in Our College of Arms, previously to Bath King of Arms erecting them in the aforesaid church; in all cases at the proper cost and charges of the Member of this Order on whose behalf they are erected; never-

theless, We are pleased to declare, that the aforesaid proof and record shall not be required from the Honorary Members of this Order.

Nineteenth.—It is ordained, that in all solemn ceremonials, and in all other places and assemblies whatsoever, the Knights Grand Cross of this Most Honorable Order shall have place and precedency next to and immediately after Baronets, and that the Knights Commanders of this Order shall have place and precedency next to and immediately after the Knights Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, and that Companions of this Order shall have place and precedency of the Cavalieri and Companions of our Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, and before all Esquires of these Our realms; nevertheless, We are pleased to declare, that nothing contained in this Statute shall be taken or construed to diminish the privileges or precedency reserved in the seventeenth Statute to the Members of this Most Honorable Order, nominated or appointed previously to the date of these presents.

Twentieth.—It is ordained, that Our habits and robes, as Sovereign of this Most Honorable Order, shall be of the same material and fashion as heretofore, and as are hereinafter appointed for the Knights Grand Cross, save only with those alterations which may befit and distinguish Our Royal Dignity; that the said Knights Grand Cross shall at investitures of the Order, and upon all great and solemn occasions appointed by the Sovereign, wear mantles of crimson satin, lined with white taffeta, and tied with a cordon of white silk, with two tassels of crimson silk and gold attached thereto; and that on the left side of the said mantle, below a white silk lace, shall be embroidered a representation of the star of a Knight

Grand Cross of this Order, which star shall in the case of every Military Knight Grand Cross be as follows, that is to say, composed of rays of silver, charged with a Maltese cross or, in the centre whereof, on a ground argent, shall be three imperial crowns, one and two or, the said three imperial crowns within a circle gules, inscribed with the motto of the Order, viz. "Tria Juncta in Uno," in letters gold, and the said circle, encompassed by two branches of laurel, in proper colours, issuant from an escrol azure, whereon shall be inscribed, "Ich Dien," also in letters gold, in form and arrangement as in the representation thereof annexed to these Our Statutes; and the star, which shall be represented upon the mantles of Civil Knights Grand Cross, shall be in every case as follows, that is to say, composed of rays of silver, issuing from a centre, and charged with three imperial crowns, one and two or, within a circle gules, whereon shall be inscribed, "Tria Juncta in Uno," in letters gold, in form and arrangement as in the representation thereof annexed to these Our Statutes. Further, We are pleased to ordain, that on all other occasions whatsoever the Knights Grand Cross shall wear the star appointed for their respective division, military or civil, as the case may be, embroidered upon the left side of their coats or outer garments. We are further pleased to ordain, that at all investitures and other solemn ceremonials, as well as upon all days usually termed "Collar Days," a collar of gold, weighing thirty ounces troy weight, and composed of nine imperial crowns or, eight roses, thistles, and shamrocks, issuing from a gold sceptre, and enamelled in their proper colours, linked together with seventeen knots, enamelled argent, shall be worn by the Knights Grand Cross of this Order. Further

it is ordained, that to the aforesaid collar shall be suspended the badge of this Most Honorable Order, which badge shall, in the case of Military Knights Grand Cross, be a gold Maltese cross, of eight points, enamelled argent, edged gold, and terminating with small gold balls, having in each of the four angles a lion passant, guardant or, and in the centre, on a ground argent, the rose, thistle, and shamrock, issuing from a sceptre, between three imperial crowns, all or, within a circle gules, inscribed with the motto, "Tria Juncta in Uno," in letters gold, and encompassed by two laurel branches, in proper colours, issuant from an escrol azure, whereon shall be inscribed, "Ich Dien," also in letters gold, the whole in form and arrangement as in the representation thereof annexed to these Our Statutes. And it is ordained, that the badge, in case of a Civil Knight Grand Cross, shall be of an oval shape, composed of a rose, thistle, and shamrock, issuing from a sceptre between three imperial crowns, the whole pierced and surrounded by the motto, "Tria Juncta in Uno," all gold, as is represented in the representation thereof annexed to these our Statutes; and the said collar and badge appendant shall, upon the authority of the Great Master, be delivered to every Knight Grand Cross after his investiture, on application to the Chamberlain of Our Household. Further, We are pleased to ordain, that upon all other occasions whatsoever the Military and Civil Knights Grand Cross shall wear their respective badges, suspended by a crimson ribband, of the width of four inches, and passing from the right shoulder obliquely to the left side. The Great Master, as Principal Knight Grand Cross, shall wear the insignia and habits of the Military Division of that Class, the badge of which for the

Great Master shall have added thereto an imperial crown.

Twenty-first.—It is ordained, that the Knights Commanders of this Most Honorable Order shall wear around their necks a ribband of the same colour as that appointed for the Knights Grand Cross, but measuring in breadth three inches, and pendant therefrom a badge, which, for the Military and Civil Knights Commanders, shall be the same respectively as the badges appointed for the Military and Civil Knights Grand Cross, but of smaller size; and that the said Knights Commanders shall wear upon the upper part and left side of their coats or outer garments, the stars hereinafter described, that is to say, every Military Knight Commander shall wear a star composed of four rays of silver, between each of which shall issue a smaller ray, also of silver; in the centre shall be, on a ground argent, three imperial crowns, one and two or, within a circle gules, inscribed with the motto, "Tria Juncta in Uno," in letters gold, and encompassed by two branches of laurel, in proper colours, issuant from an escrol azure, inscribed, "Ich Dien," also in letters gold, the whole in form and arrangement as in the representation thereof annexed to these Our Statutes; and the Civil Knights Commanders shall wear a star composed of four rays of silver, between each of which shall issue a smaller ray, also of silver, in the centre, on a ground argent, three imperial crowns, one and two or, within a circle gules, inscribed with the motto, "Tria Juncta in Uno," in letters gold, as in the representation thereof annexed to these Our Statutes.

Twenty-second.—It is ordained, that the Military and Civil Companions shall each wear a badge of the same form as that appointed for the Knights Commanders Military and Civil respectively, but

of smaller size, and pendant from a ribband of the same colour as is prescribed for the Knights Commanders, and measuring two inches in breadth, the said ribband attached by a buckle from the left breast of their coats or outer garments, as in the representation thereof annexed to these Our Statutes.

Twenty-third.—It is ordained, that every Member and Officer of this Most Honorable Order, immediately after he shall have received the insignia thereof, give a written undertaking, covenant, or promise, unto the Secretary, which in the case of Knights Grand Cross shall be in the words following:—"I hereby covenant and promise, that in "case I should hereafter cease to hold my rank and "place as a Member of this Most Honorable Or-"der, I will forthwith restore to the Secretary all "the insignia thereof which I have received from "the Sovereign, or from the Chamberlain of the "Sovereign's Household; and I further promise, "that I will, without delay, make provision for "the due restoration of the said insignia by my "personal representatives, in case I shall continue "a Member of this Order until the period of my "decease." We are further pleased to declare and command, that in the cases of Knights Commanders and Companions the form shall be as follows: "I hereby covenant and promise, that in case I "should hereafter be promoted or otherwise "cease to hold my rank and place in this Most "Honorable Order, I will forthwith restore to "the Secretary all the insignia thereof which I "have received from the Sovereign; and I "further promise, that I will, without delay, make "provision for the due restoration of the said "insignia by my personal representatives, in case "I shall continue a Member of this Order until "the period of my decease;" and further, we

are pleased to declare and command, that in the case of an Officer of this Order, the form shall be as follows: "I hereby covenant and promise, that "in case I should hereafter be promoted or otherwise cease to hold my office in this Most Honorable Order, I will forthwith restore to the "Secretary, or to the Chamberlain of the Sovereign's Household, all the badges, chains, or "other ensigns thereof which I have received "from the Sovereign; and I further promise, that "I will, without delay, make provision for the due "restoration of the said insignia, in case I shall "continue an Officer of this Order until the period "of my decease." And further, We are pleased to declare and command, that the foregoing covenants, promises, and undertakings be carefully preserved by the Chamberlain of Our Household, until the period of their fulfilment. Provided, nevertheless, and We are hereby further pleased to declare, that if any person, who shall have been admitted to be a Member of the second or of the third class of the Military Division of this Order, shall subsequently be admitted to be a Member of a higher class of the Civil Division thereof; or if any person, who shall have been admitted to be a Member of the second or of the third class of the Civil Division of this Order, shall subsequently be admitted to be a Member of a higher class of the Military Division thereof, such person shall be entitled to retain and wear the insignia of such inferior class, in addition to the insignia of such higher class, although by the acceptance of such higher rank in the said Order he shall have vacated his place as a Member of such lower class thereof.

Twenty-fourth.—It is ordained, that for the greater splendour and dignity of this Most Honorable Order, it shall be lawful for the Knights

Grand Cross, in conformity with the ancient usage, upon all occasions, to bear and use supporters to their arms; and We do by these presents direct and command Our Garter Principal King of Arms for the time being to grant supporters to such Knights Grand Cross, as shall not be entitled otherwise thereto; it shall likewise be lawful for all Knights Grand Cross to surround their armorial ensigns with a representation of the collar circle, and motto of this Order, with the badge pendant thereto, and for all Knights Commanders to surround their armorial ensigns with the circle and motto of this Order, and with a representation of their badge suspended thereto; moreover, such Knights Grand Cross and Knights Commanders as belong to the Military Divisions of their respective classes, shall encompass the circle and motto hereinbefore mentioned with two laurel branches, in proper colours, issuant from an escrol azure, inscribed, "Ich Dien;" and We are further pleased to ordain, that it shall be lawful for the Companions of this Most Honorable Order to suspend a representation of their ribband and badges, civil or military, as the case may be, from the bottom of the escocheon containing their armorial ensigns.

Twenty-fifth.—It is ordained, that the seal of this Order shall consist of the arms following, to be engraven thereon, viz., Azure, three imperial crowns, one and two or, impaling Our royal arms with this circumscription, "Sigillum Honoratissimi Ordinis de Balneo." And Our Royal will and pleasure is, that the said seal shall for ever hereafter be the seal of the said Order of the Bath; and that the Statutes, to be perpetually and inviolably observed within the said Order, shall be established and sealed by and with the same seal; and We do

hereby for Us, Our Heirs and Successors, declare and ordain, that the said Statutes so to be given by Us, Our Heirs and Successors, to which the said seal shall be affixed, shall be of the same force and validity as if the same Statutes had been verbatim recited in our said Letters Patent of the tenth year of Our reign, and had been passed under the Great Seal of Our said United Kingdom.

Twenty-sixth.—In order to make such additional provisions as shall effectually preserve pure this Most Honorable Order, it is ordained, that if any Knight Grand Cross, Knight Commander, or Companion of this Order be convicted of treason, cowardice, felony, or of any infamous crime derogatory to his honor as a Knight or a Gentleman, or if he be accused of any such offence, and doth not, after a reasonable time, surrender himself to be tried for the same, he shall forthwith be degraded from the Order, by an especial Ordinance issued for that purpose, signed by the Sovereign, and sealed with the seal of this Order. It is hereby further declared, that We, Our Heirs and Successors, Sovereigns of this Order, are and for ever shall be the sole judges of the circumstances demanding such degradation and expulsion; moreover the Sovereign shall at all times have power to restore to this Most Honorable Order, such Members thereof as may at any time have been expelled.

Twenty-seventh.—It is ordained, that there shall be the following Officers attached to this Most Honorable Order, that is to say, a Dean, a Genealogist, a King of Arms, a Registrar, a Secretary, a Gentleman Usher, and a Messenger; and we are pleased to declare and command, that the present holders of the said offices shall continue to fill them in conformity with the provi-

tions of these Statutes; and that the said Officers, collectively and individually, shall exercise and enjoy all the rights, privileges, and immunities which they have heretofore possessed, receiving the same emoluments, fees, perquisites, and allowances, as in time past they have been accustomed to receive on account of the duties which they perform, or on any other account connected with the service of this Order; and we do further hereby direct and command, that such mantles and insignia as in these Statutes they may be directed to wear, shall be prepared at the charge of the Sovereign, and be furnished by the Chamberlain of Our Household, upon receipt of a mandate issued for that purpose by the Great Master of this Order; moreover, the Genealogist, the King of Arms, the Registrar, the Secretary, and the Gentleman Usher of the Scarlet Rod, who attend within Our Royal Palace for the service of the Order, shall continually remain under the protection of the Sovereign, and are hereby declared to be servants of Our Royal Household. Further, We are pleased to declare and command, that the Officers of this Order shall take rank and precedence among themselves, as follows: 1, the Dean; 2, the Genealogist; 3, the King of Arms; 4, the Registrar; 5, the Secretary; 6, the Gentleman Usher; and 7, the Messenger.

Twenty-eighth.—It is ordained, that the Dean of the collegiate church of Saint Peter, Westminster, for the time being, shall be the Dean of this Most Honorable Order for ever hereafter, and that in all ceremonies of the Order he shall be habited in the like mantle and insignia, as have been appointed for Civil Knights Grand Cross; he shall wear around his neck, pendant to a ribband, similar to that which is assigned to the Knights Grand Cross, a badge like that which is

appointed for the Civil Knights Grand Cross, save and except upon "Collar Days," investitures, and other public solemnities, at which he shall wear the badge suspended from a chain of gold: moreover, it shall be lawful for the Dean to bear his own armorial ensigns, impaled with those of the collegiate church of Saint Peter, Westminster, and surrounded with the circle and motto of this Order.

Twenty-ninth.—It is ordained, that the Genealogist shall be appointed by Us, Our Heirs and Successors; that he shall enter the pedigree of all persons now nominated, and of such as shall hereafter be nominated, Knights Grand Cross of this Order, and shall fairly enter the same into the genealogical books of the Order, to remain to posterity as memorials of their families. And in consideration of performing this duty, he shall receive for the first generation or descent the sum of six shillings and eight pence, and for every additional generation or descent the sum of five shillings; and for entering the armorial ensigns of a Knight Grand Cross, the sum of one pound ten shillings; it is further ordained, that in all ceremonies of the Order, he shall be habited in a mantle of white satin, lined with crimson silk, and tied with a cordon of white silk, with two tassels of crimson silk and gold attached thereto, having on the right shoulder an escocheon azure, charged with three imperial crowns, one and two or, and around his neck, pendant to a chain of gold, an escocheon of gold, enamelled on a field azure, three imperial crowns, one and two or, having in the centre, between the three crowns, the cyphers or letters ꝏ surrounded with the circle and motto of the Order, and surmounted by an imperial crown.

Thirtieth.—It is ordained, that the King of

Arms shall be nominated by Us, Our Heirs and Successors, and shall be denominated Bath King of Arms; that he shall sedulously attend the service of this Order, shall superintend the erection or removal of the plates of arms of the Knights Grand Cross and the plates of the Knights Commanders and Companions in the collegiate church of Saint Peter, at Westminster. And further it is ordained, that in all ceremonies of the Order, he shall be habited in a mantle like to that of the Genealogist of the Order, and wear around his neck, pendant to a gold chain, an escocheon of gold, enamelled on a field azure, three imperial crowns, one and two or, impaling the arms of the Sovereign, surrounded with the circle and motto of the Order, and surmounted by an imperial crown; that he shall carry the White Rod of this Order, which shall have on the two greater squares the arms of the Order, azure, three imperial crowns, one and two or, impaled with those of the Sovereign, and on the lesser squares the arms of the Order, the whole surmounted by an imperial crown; that at all coronations he shall precede the Knights Grand Cross, and shall carry and wear a crown, as our other Kings of Arms are accustomed to do, which chain, badge, rod, and crown shall all be of the same materials with those used and borne by Our Garter Principal King of Arms; and that in all other ceremonials and assemblies he shall have place and precedence among Our Kings of Arms, next to and immediately after Norroy King of Arms, and before the King of Arms of Our Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George.

Thirty-first.—It is ordained, that the Registrar shall be appointed by Us, Our Heirs and

Successors; that he shall carefully record all proceedings connected with this Most Honorable Order, in a register to be appropriated for that purpose; that in all ceremonies of the Order he shall be habited in a mantle like unto that assigned to the King of Arms, and wear around his neck, pendant to a chain of gold, an escocheon, enamelled on a field azure, three imperial crowns, one and two or, having in the centre the representation of a book bound gules, the leaves thereof or, the whole surrounded with the circle and motto of the Order, and surmounted by an imperial crown.

Thirty-second.—It is ordained, that the Secretary shall be nominated by Us, Our Heirs and Successors; that he shall sedulously attend to the service of the Order, and shall, according to the directions of the Great Master, prepare all Warrants and other Instruments to be passed under the seal of the Order, and engross the same; that he shall deliver, or cause to be delivered, a copy of these Statutes to every Knight Grand Cross and Knight Commander, at or immediately after his investiture, if he be invested, or with the Insignia and Warrant of Dispensation, if that ceremony be dispensed with; and shall likewise deliver, or cause to be delivered, a copy of these Statutes to every Companion of this Most Honorable Order, immediately after his nomination; that he shall summon the Knights Grand Cross to attend the Sovereign at all investitures of this Order; that it shall also be the duty of the Secretary to obtain from every person, nominated a Member of this Order, a written undertaking, covenant, or promise, respecting the return of insignia, and whereof the form is prescribed in the twenty-third article of these Statutes; that he shall, immediately

after the investiture of any Member of this Order, present to him, ready for execution, the aforesaid instrument, and shall require him to sign, and the Gentleman Usher or other Officer of this Order to attest the same, whensoever investiture takes place before the Sovereign. It shall further be the duty of the Secretary, when the period arrives for the fulfilment of the aforesaid undertaking, covenant, or promise, to use every exertion in enforcing compliance therewith, and having received the badges and other insignia of deceased, promoted, or degraded Members of this Order, he shall deposit the same with the Chamberlain of Our Household; further, it is ordained, that in all ceremonies of the Order he shall be habited in a mantle like unto that assigned to the Registrar of this Order, and shall wear around his neck, pendant to a chain of gold, an escocheon of gold, enamelled on a field azure, three imperial crowns, one and two or, having in the centre two pens saltier-wise argent, the whole surrounded by the circle and motto of the Order, and surmounted by an imperial crown.

Thirty-third.—It is ordained, that the Gentleman Usher of the Scarlet Rod of this Most Honorable Order shall be appointed by Us, Our Heirs and Successors; that he shall have the custody of the door of the Chapter-room, and whensoever the Sovereign shall determine to degrade a Member of this Order, the said Gentleman Usher shall remove the escocheon or plate of such Knight or Companion; that he shall attest the instrument respecting the return of the insignia, more particularly referred to in these Statutes, when investiture takes place before the Sovereign; that in all ceremonies of the Order, he shall be habited in a mantle like unto that appointed for the Secretary, and wear around his neck, pendant to a

chain of gold, an escocheon of gold, enamelled on a field azure, three imperial crowns, one and two or, surrounded with the circle and motto of the Order, and surmounted by an imperial crown; and that he shall carry the Scarlet Rod of this Order, having at the top an escrol, thereon the motto of the Order, surmounted by three imperial crowns, all gold.

Thirty-fourth.—It is ordained, that the Messenger shall be appointed by Us, Our Heirs and Successors; that he shall convey to the Knights Grand Cross, and Knights Commanders, all letters of summons, dispensations, and other letters connected with this Most Honorable Order; that he is empowered to ask, demand, and receive from every person who shall hereafter be nominated a Knight Grand Cross, immediately upon the acceptance of such nomination, the fees hereinafter directed to be paid to the Officers of this Order by every such Knight Grand Cross, and likewise to collect the salaries of the Officers of this Order; that he shall wear around his neck, pendant from a chain of gold, an escocheon of gold, enamelled on a field azure, an imperial crown or, and on the verse, on a field azure, a greyhound courant, argent, between three imperial crowns, one and two or, the whole surrounded with the circle and motto of the Order, and surmounted by an imperial crown.

Thirty-fifth.—It is ordained, that all and every of the Officers of this Order shall, over and above the duties more specifically imposed by the foregoing Statutes, execute diligently whatsoever the Sovereign or Great Master may be pleased to command, touching the interests of the said Order: and it is hereby declared, that the said Offices of Genealogist, King of Arms, Registrar, Secretary, Gentleman Usher, and Messenger shall be holden during good behaviour.

Thirty-sixth.—It is ordained, that every Knight Grand Cross shall, on his nomination to and acceptance of that dignity, pay the sum of twenty-two pounds six shillings and eight pence to the Dean of the Order, out of which said sum the Prebendaries of Saint Peter, Westminster, shall receive their part according to the usual method of partition observed in the Chapter of that collegiate church: and further, We are pleased to declare and ordain, that every Knight Grand Cross as aforesaid shall pay to the Genealogist, the King of Arms, the Registrar, the Secretary, and the Gentleman Usher of the Scarlet Rod, and to each of them, respectively, the sum of twenty-two pounds; and to the Messenger the sum of eighteen pounds, thirteen shillings and four pence; and further, that every Knight Grand Cross shall, in addition to these sums, pay to Bath King of Arms, for a copy of the Statutes, the sum of six pounds thirteen shillings and four pence; and to the Secretary, for the notice of his nomination and summons for investiture, the like sum of six pounds thirteen shillings and four pence; which sums shall invariably be discharged by the person upon whom the honor is conferred, except when in consideration of some signal public service which may be the immediate cause of the said nomination, We, by an act of Our special grace and Royal favour, direct the payment of such fees on behalf of the person who hath rendered such signal service: and further, that every Knight Commander on his nomination shall pay to the Secretary of the Order the sum of two pounds, and to Bath King of Arms on the actual placing up, at the request of the said Knight Commander, of his escocheon or plate of his arms, or name and style in our collegiate church of Saint Peter, at Westminster, the additional sum

of two pounds; and every Companion, on his nomination to this Order, shall, in like manner, pay the Secretary the sum of one pound; and to Bath King of Arms, on the actual placing up, at the request of the said Companion, of the plate of his name and style in the aforesaid church, the like sum of one pound, which said sums shall not be augmented.

Thirty-seventh, and lastly.—We do hereby command and enjoin, that these Statutes, and every article thereof, shall be inviolably kept and observed within Our said Order, reserving to Ourselves, Our Heirs and Successors, the power of altering, abrogating, augmenting, interpreting, or dispensing with the same, or any portion thereof, by a notification sealed with the seal of the Order; which alterations, abrogations, augmentations, interpretations, or dispensations shall be taken and received as part and parcel of these Statutes.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MAY 28, 1847.

THIS Gazette contains the approval of Her Majesty in Council to the following scheme, from Her Majesty's Commissioners for building new churches, viz.

That the parish and rectory of Walton on the Hill, in the county palatine of Lancaster, and in the diocese of Chester, should be divided into two distinct and separate parishes and rectories for all ecclesiastical purposes wheresoever, and that one

of the rectories should be named, "The Rectory of West Derby," and the other, "The Rectory of Walton on the Hill."

This Gazette also contains an Order in Council, relative to a scheme, duly prepared by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, for constituting a separate district for spiritual purposes out of the parish of Sheffield, in the county and diocese of York, and that the same shall be named, "The District of Carver-street."

A similar Order, for constituting a separate district for spiritual purposes out of the parishes of Saint Margaret and Saint John the Evangelist, and the district of Saint Mary, Tothill-fields, all in the city and liberty of Westminster, and in the diocese of London, and that the same shall be named, "The District of Saint Stephen, Westminster."

Whitehall, May 27, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to present the Reverend Andrew Halkett to the charge and office of First Minister of the church and parish of Brechin, in the presbytery of Brechin and shire of Angus, vacant by the death of the Reverend Nathaniel Morren, late First Minister thereof.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JUNE 1, 1847.

THIS Gazette contains the approval of Her Majesty in Council to the following schemes, from Her Majesty's Commissioners for building new churches, viz.

To assign a particular district to the consecrated church of Saint Bartholomew, situate in the parish of Saint Martin, Birmingham, in the borough of Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, and in the diocese of Worcester, and that such district should be named, "The Chapelry District of Saint Bartholomew, Birmingham."

To assign a particular district to the consecrated church, called Christ Church, situate at West Fordington, in the parish of Fordington, in the county of Dorset, and within the diocese of Salisbury, and that such district should be named, "The Chapelry District of West Fordington."

This Gazette also contains an Order in Council, relative to a scheme, duly prepared by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, for making better provision for the cure of souls in the parish of Winsham, in the county of Somerset, and diocese of Bath and Wells.

A similar Order, for authorizing and carrying into effect an arrangement for the substitution of a money payment to the Reverend William

Cleaver for the lands, tenements, and other hereditaments and endowments lately belonging to him as Precentor and Prebendary of Vaynol, in the cathedral church of Saint Asaph.

Buckingham-Palace, May 25, 1847.

This day had audience of Her Majesty, on his arrival in this country, His Imperial Highness the Grand Duke Constantine of Russia, attended by his Excellency the Baron de Brunnow, the Russian Minister:

His Imperial Highness was introduced by Viscount Palmerston, G.C.B. Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and conducted by Colonel the Honourable Sir Edward Cust, K.C.H. Her Majesty's Master of the Ceremonies.

Foreign-Office, May 31, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint Edward St. John Neale, Esq. now British Vice Consul at Alexandretta, to be Her Majesty's Consul at Varna.

Duchy of Cornwall, Somerset-House, May 28, 1847.

The Most Noble Algernon Duke and Earl of Northumberland has been appointed Constable of the Castle of Launceston, in the county of Cornwall.

Whitehall, May 29, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to present the Reverend John Simon Jenkinson, M.A. to the vicarage of Battersea, in the county of Surrey and diocese of Winchester, void by the promotion of the Honourable and Reverend Robert John Eden, D.D. to the bishoprick of Sodor and Man.

FROM THE

SUPPLEMENT

TO THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JUNE 1, 1847.

GENERAL ORDER.

Horse Guards, 1st June 1847.

HER Majesty having been graciously pleased to command, that a medal should be struck to record the services of Her Fleets and Armies during the wars commencing in 1793 and ending in 1814, and that one should be conferred upon every Officer, Non-commissioned Officer, and Soldier of the Army, who was present in any battle or siege, to commemorate which medals had been struck by command of Her Majesty's Royal Predecessors, and had been distributed to the General or Superior Officers of the several Armies and Corps of Troops engaged, in con-

formity with the Regulations of the Service at that time in force; General and other Officers, Non-commissioned Officers, and Soldiers, who consider that they have claims to receive this mark of their Sovereign's gracious recollection of their services, and of Her desire to record the same, are each to apply to the Secretary of the Board of General Officers, Whitehall, London, and to send, in writing, to the same Officer a statement of his claim, for what action, at what period of time, and the names of the persons, or the titles of the documents by which the claim can be proved.

These claims are to be sent, by General Officers having such claims, through the hands of the Commander in Chief of the Army.

The Staff Officers having such claims, through the General Officers under whom they served, if alive; if not alive, through the Adjutant General of the Army.

Officers, Non-commissioned Officers, and Soldiers of Regiments, Battalions, and Detachments, through the Commanding Officer of the Regiment, Battalion, or Detachment at the time, if still alive. This will be known by enquiry at the Agents of the Regiment resident in London. If such Commanding Officer should not be alive, the application, in writing, must be sent through the Adjutant General of the Army.

The Board of General Officers is hereby, by Her Majesty's command, directed to take into consideration, to investigate the facts stated in each of these several applications, and to report to the Commander in Chief upon the same, for the information of Her Majesty, and to enable those commanded by Her Majesty to deliver to the claimants the medals accordingly.

The Adjutant General, and the Military Secre-

tary of the Commander in Chief, will transmit to the Secretary of the Board of General Officers, such information as they may have been able to acquire, to assist in the investigations which the Board will have to make.

The Commander in Chief has been required to desire, that the Board of General Officers will have alphabetical lists made out, of the names of the claimants to one of these medals, with his rank, and the name of the particular battle or siege for which he claims to receive the same, inserted in the margin, and at which the Board of General Officers may consider that he was present.

The occasions, for which medals have been granted by the Sovereign, are specified below for general information and guidance, as at page 73 of the Annual Army List.

By command of Field Marshal the Duke of Wellington, Commander in Chief,

John Macdonald, Adjutant General.

Maida, 4th July 1806.
Roleia, 17th August 1808.
Vimiera, 21st August 1808.
Sahagun, Benevente, December and January 1809.
Corunna, 16th January 1809.
Martinique, February 1809.
Talavera, 27th and 28th July 1809.
Guadaloupe, January and February 1810.
Busaco, 27th September 1810.
Barrosa, 5th March 1811.
Fuentes d'Onor, 5th May 1811.
Albuhera, 16th May 1811.
Java, August and September 1811.
Ciudad Roderigo, January 1812.
Badajoz, 17th March and 16th April 1812.

Salamanca, 22d July 1812.
Fort Detroit, America, August 1812.
Vittoria, 21st June 1813.
Pyrenees, 28th July to 2d August 1813.
St. Sebastian, August and September 1813.
Chateauguay, America, 26th October 1813.
Nivelle, 10th November 1813.
Chrystler's Farm, America, 11th November 1813.
Nive, 9th to 13th December 1813.
Orthes, 27th February 1814.
Toulouse, 10th April 1814.

Admiralty, 1st June 1847.

Her Majesty having been graciously pleased to command, that a medal should be struck to record the services of Her Fleets and Armies, during the wars commencing in 1793 and ending in 1815, and that one should be conferred on every Officer, Non-commissioned Officer, Petty Officer, Soldier, Seaman, and Marine, who was present in any action, naval or military, to commemorate which medals have been struck by command of Her Majesty's Royal Predecessors, and distributed to Superior Officers, according to the rules of the Service at that time in force.

All Officers, Petty Officers, Seamen, and Marines, who consider that they are entitled to receive this mark of their Sovereign's gracious recollection of their services, and of Her desire to record the same, are to send, in writing, the statement of their claims, addressed to the Secretary of the Admiralty, Whitehall, London, specifying for what action, and at what period of time, the claim is preferred, and the names of the persons or the titles of the documents by which it can be established.

A Board of Officers will be appointed to take

into consideration the facts stated in these applications, and to report upon the same to the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, for the information of Her Majesty, so as to enable those commanded by Her Majesty to deliver to the claimants the medals accordingly.

The names of all those, who may apply for the naval medal, will be classed alphabetically, and to each name will be appended the actions at which the claimant may have been present, proof of which must be given to the entire satisfaction of the Board.

The occasions for which medals have been granted by the Sovereign are specified below, for general information and guidance.

By command of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty,

H. G. Ward.

Gold Medals (to Flag Officers and Captains) were issued by the Admiralty for the Actions under mentioned:

Lord Howe's action, of the 1st of June 1794.

Lord St. Vincent's action, off Cape St. Vincent, 14th February 1797.

Lord Duncan's battle off Camperdown, 11th October 1797.

Lord Nelson's battle of the Nile, 1st August 1798.

Captain Sir Edward Hamilton, H. M.'s ship Surprise, recapture of the Hermione, 25th October 1799.

Lord Nelson's battle of Trafalgar, 21st October 1805.

Sir Richard Strachan's action, 4th November 1805.

Sir John Duckworth's action, off St. Domingo, 6th February 1806.

Captain Brisbane, H. M.'s ship Arethusa, with H. M.'s ships Anson, Fisgard, and Latona, capture of the island of Curaçoa, 1st January 1807.

Captain Michael Seymour, H. M.'s ship Amethyst, capture of Thetis, 10th November 1808.

Captain Stewart, H. M.'s ship Seahorse, capture of Badere Zaffer, 6th July 1808.

Captain Mounsey, H. M.'s sloop Bonne Citoyenne, capture of Furieuse, 6th July 1809.

Captain William Hoste, H. M.'s ship Amphion, with H. M.'s ships Cerberus, Active, and Volage, action off Lissa, 13th March 1811.

Captain Christopher Cole, H. M.'s ship Caroline, capture of Banda Neira, 9th August 1810.

Captain Talbot, H. M.'s ship Victorious, capture of Rivoli, 22d February 1812.

Captain Broke, H. M.'s ship Shannon, capture of Chesapeake, 1st June 1813.

Captain E. Palmer, H. M.'s ship Hebrus, capture of L'Etoile, 27th March 1814.

Captain H. Hope, H. M.'s ship Endymion, action with President, 15th January 1815.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JUNE 4, 1847.

THIS Gazette contains an Order in Council, relative to a scheme, duly prepared by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, for substituting a money payment to the Prebendary of the prebend of Hoxton, in the cathedral church of Saint Paul, London, for certain property belonging to him as such prebendary.

This Gazette also contains the approval of Her Majesty in Council to the following scheme, from Her Majesty's Commissioners for building new churches, viz.

That banns of marriage should be published, and that marriages should be solemnized and performed in the church of Saint Philip, situate in the district parish of Saint Mark, Clerkenwell, in the county of Middlesex, and within the diocese of London, and that one moiety of the fees to arise from the publication of banns or the solemnization or performance of marriages in such church should belong to the incumbent thereof for the time being; and that the other moiety of such fees should be received for and paid to the present incumbent of the said district parish of Saint Mark, Clerkenwell, during his incumbency thereof, but upon his

resigning or otherwise avoiding such incumbency, that the whole of the said fees should belong to the said incumbent of the said church of Saint Philip for the time being.

This Gazette likewise contains an Address from the General Assembly of the Church of Scotland, approving of the appointment of Robert Montgomery Lord Belhaven as Her Majesty's Commissioner, and gratefully acknowledging the grant of two thousand pounds for the promotion of religion in the Highlands and islands of Scotland, having been transmitted by Lord Belhaven to the Right Honourable Sir George Grey, Bart. one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, was by him presented to the Queen; which Address Her Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

COURT OF QUEEN'S BENCH.

Trinity Term.—Tenth Victoria.

June 3, 1847.

This Court will, on Monday the 14th, Tuesday the 15th, Wednesday the 23d, Saturday the 26th, and Wednesday the 30th days of June instant, and on Thursday the 1st, Friday the 2d, and Saturday the 3d days of July next, hold Sittings, and will proceed in disposing of the business in the Crown Paper, the New Trial Paper, and Special Paper; and will also hold a Sitting on Wednesday the 7th day of July next, and give Judgment in Cases previously argued.

By the Court.

COURT OF EXCHEQUER.

Trinity Term.—Tenth Victoria.

Tuesday the 1st day of June, A.D. 1847.

This Court will hold Sittings on Friday the 18th day of June instant, and on every following day thenceforth (Sundays and Wednesday the 23d day of June instant excepted), until and including Thursday the 8th day of July next; and at such Sittings will proceed in disposing of the business then pending in the Paper of Demurrers, and in the Paper of New Trials, together with all Motions appointed to be brought on with any cause standing in the New Trial Paper; and also in giving Judgment upon the Special Cases, Rules, and Motions then standing for Judgment. *By the Court.*

June 3, 1847, read in open Court,
Edwd. Bennett.

We, the undersigned, being three of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, do hereby, under the authority of an Act, passed in the session of Parliament holden in the ninth and tenth years of the reign of Her present Majesty Queen Victoria, intituled "An Act to amend the laws relating to the Customs," appoint the following places within the port of Hull to be legal quays for the lading and unlading of goods, and do hereby declare the bounds and extents of such quays to be as follows, that is to say, all that open place, called the South and West Quay of the Humber Dock, that is to say, from the

Lock Pit of the said Humber Dock Basin, westward and northward, to the entrance of the Railway Dock, northward and eastward to the Lock Pit from the Humber Dock to the Junction Dock; also of the whole of the South Western Quay of the Junction Dock, in the rear of a large warehouse, recently erected by the Dock Company, at Kingston-upon-Hull, all of which quays are forty feet in width or thereabouts; also the whole of the quays around the Railway Dock, to the extent of fifty feet on the north and south sides thereof, and about forty feet at the west end of the said dock, all of which are situated within the port and town of Kingston-upon-Hull.

At the Treasury-chambers, Whitehall, the 28th day of May 1847,

Ebrington.
H. Rich.
W. Gibson Craig.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JUNE 8, 1847.

THIS Gazette contains the approval of Her Majesty in Council to the following scheme, from Her Majesty's Commissioners for building new churches, viz.

To unite and consolidate certain contiguous parts of the parishes of Gargrave and Kirkby Malhamdale, in the west riding of the county of York, and within the diocese of Ripon, and to form the same into one consolidated chapelry for

the consecrated church, called Saint Peter's, situate at Coniston Cold, in the said parish of Gargrave, and that such consolidated chapelry should be named, "The Consolidated Chapelry of Coniston."

Buckingham-Palace, June 5, 1847.

This day had audience of Her Majesty, His Royal Highness the Prince Oscar of Sweden, attended by His Excellency the Baron de Rehausen, the Swedish Chargé d'Affaires:

To which His Royal Highness was introduced by Viscount Palmerston, G.C.B. Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and conducted by Colonel the Honourable Sir Edward Cust, K.C.H. Her Majesty's Master of the Ceremonies.

Downing-Street, June 8, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint Charles Anderson, Esq. to be Chief Commissary of Police for the Island of Mauritius, and T. J. Hugon, Esq. to be Protector of Immigrants into that Island.

Foreign-Office, June 7, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint John Morgan, Esq. to be Her Majesty's Consul at Rio Grande do Sul.

The Queen has also been pleased to appoint Assaad Jacop Kayat, Esq. to be Her Majesty's Consul at Jaffa.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JUNE 11, 1847.

THIS Gazette contains an Order in Council, relative to a scheme, duly prepared by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, for fixing a certain annual payment to be hereafter made to us by the Bishop of Norwich, and for abolishing peculiar and exempt jurisdictions in the diocese of Norwich.

Foreign-Office, June 8, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to approve of Don José Garcia Miranda, as Vice Consul in London for Her Majesty the Queen of Spain.

Downing-Street, June 11, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint Sir Henry Edward Fox Young, Knt. Lieutenant Governor of the eastern districts of the colony of the Cape of Good Hope, to be Lieutenant Governor of the province of South Australia.

Whitehall, June 11, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to present the Reverend John M'Farlane to the church at Loch-

gilphead, in the parish of Glassry, in the presbytery of Inverary and shire of Argyll, vacant by the transportation of the Reverend John Mackay, late Minister thereof, to a Gaelic Chapel in Glasgow.

Westminster, June 8, 1847.

This day, the Lords being met, a message was sent to the Honourable House of Commons by the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, acquainting them, that *The Lords, authorized by virtue of a Commission under the Great Seal, signed by Her Majesty, for declaring Her Royal Assent to several Acts agreed upon by both Houses, do desire the immediate attendance of the Honourable House in the House of Peers to hear the Commission read;* and the Commons being come thither, the said Commission, empowering the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, and several other Lords therein named, to declare and notify the Royal Assent to the said Acts, was read accordingly, and the Royal Assent given to

An Act to limit the hours of labour of young persons and females in factories.

An Act for extending the period of service of boys in Her Majesty's Navy.

An Act to amend the Acts relating to county buildings.

An Act to make further provision for the relief of the destitute poor in Ireland.

An Act to facilitate the improvement of landed property in Ireland.

An Act to enable the Newmarket and Chesterford Railway Company to extend their line of railway to Bury Saint Edmunds, with a branch to the city of Ely.

An Act for repealing certain provisions of the Newmarket and Chesterford Railway Act, 1846.

An Act to enable the Newmarket and Chesterford Railway Company to extend their line of railway to Thetford, in the county of Norfolk.

An Act to enable the Colchester, Stour Valley, Sudbury, and Halstead Railway Company to make an extension of their railway from Sudbury to Melford, Lavenham, and Clare, in the county of Suffolk.

An Act to enable the Colchester, Stour Valley, Sudbury, and Halstead Railway Company to grant a lease of their undertaking to the Ipswich and Bury Saint Edmunds Railway Company.

An Act to enable the Colchester, Stour Valley, Sudbury, and Halstead Railway Company to make an extension railway from Lavenham to Bury Saint Edmunds, in the county of Suffolk.

An Act to enable the Caledonian Railway Company to make an extension of the Motherwell Branch of the Clydesdale Junction Railway to Auchinheath Mineral Field, with branches therefrom.

An Act to enable the Caledonian Railway Company to make branch railways to Wilsontown, to Fauldhouse, and to Biggar and Broughton.

An Act to enable the Caledonian Railway Company to make branches from the Clydesdale Junction Railway to the Douglas and Lesmahagow Mineral Fields, and to Strathavon.

An Act for authorizing the sale of the Eastern Union and Hadleigh Junction Railway to the Eastern Union Railway Company.

An Act for making a railway from Smithstown to Dalmellington, in the county of Ayr.

An Act for more effectually maintaining the harbour of Newhaven and the navigation of the

river Ouse, between Newhaven and Lewes, and for draining the low lands lying in Lewes and Laughton Levels, all in the county of Sussex.

An Act to enable the Hartlepool West Harbour and Dock Company to construct additional docks, and for repealing an Act, passed in the seventh year of the reign of Her present Majesty, relating to the said Hartlepool West Harbour and Dock Company, and for granting new powers and provisions in lieu thereof.

An Act to abolish, reduce, equalize, and consolidate the rates and duties leviable at the harbour and docks of Leith.

An Act for better supplying with water the inhabitants of the town and borough of Rochdale, and of several townships and places, all in the parish of Rochdale, in the county of Lancaster.

An Act to amend some of the provisions of the Manchester Markets' Act, 1846.

An Act for granting further powers to the Bristol and Clifton Oil Gas Company.

An Act to enlarge the powers of the Wolverhampton Gas Light Company, and to authorize the union of such Company with the Wolverhampton New Gas Company.

An Act for better supplying with gas and water the royal burgh of Inverness, suburbs, and places adjacent.

An Act to enable the Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of the borough of Bolton, in the county of Lancaster, to improve such borough, and to take a lease of and to purchase the works of the Bolton Waterworks Company.

An Act for amending the Ryde Improvement Act.

An Act for better assessing the poor rates, highway rates, county and police rates, and other parochial and local rates, on small tenements, in

the several townships of Wolverhampton, Bilston Willenhall, and Wednesfield, in the county of Stafford.

An Act to enable the Shipowners' Towing Company to sue and be sued.

An Act to alter and amend an Act, intituled "An Act for providing, in or near the burgh of Cupar, more extensive accommodation for holding the courts and meetings of the sheriff, justices of the peace, and commissioners of supply of the county of Fife, and for the custody of the records of the said county;" and to authorize the commissioners acting under the authority of that Act to provide a court-house at Dunfermline, for the accommodation of the courts of the sheriff and justices of the peace in the western district of the said county.

An Act for better assessing and collecting the poor, church, and highway rates, within the parish of Kingston upon Thames, in the county of Surrey.

An Act to divide the parish and rectory of Doddington, otherwise Dornington, into three separate and distinct parishes and rectories, and to endow the same out of the revenues of that rectory, and to make provision for the further division of such rectories and parishes, and for other purposes connected therewith.

An Act to enable the Scottish Union Insurance Company to purchase annuities and invest money on securities in England and Ireland, and for other purposes relating thereto.

An Act for incorporating the Scottish Equitable Life Assurance Society, for confirming the rules and regulations thereof, for enabling the said Society to sue and be sued, to take and to hold property, and for other purposes relating thereto.

An Act for regulating legal proceedings by or against Claridge's Patent Asphalte Company, and for granting certain powers thereto.

And three private Acts.

CIRCUITS OF THE COMMISSIONERS FOR THE RELIEF OF INSOLVENT DEBTORS.

AUTUMN CIRCUITS, 1847.

HOME CIRCUIT.

Henry Revell Reynolds, Esq. Chief Commissioner.

Kent, at Dover, Friday, November 5.
At the City and County of the City of Canterbury, Monday, November 8.
Kent, at Maidstone, Tuesday, November 9.
Sussex, at Lewes, Friday, November 26.
Hertfordshire, at Hertford, Friday, December 3.

MIDLAND CIRCUIT.

John Greathed Harris, Esq. Commissioner.

Essex, at Chelmsford, Tuesday, October 26.
Essex, at Colchester, Wednesday, October 27.
Suffolk, at Ipswich, Thursday, October 28.
Norfolk, at Yarmouth, Saturday, October 30.
Norfolk, at the Castle of Norwich, Monday, November 1.
At the City and County of the City of Norwich, the same day.
Norfolk, at Lynn, Tuesday, November 2.
Suffolk, at Bury St. Edmunds, Thursday, November 4.
Cambridgeshire, at Cambridge, Friday, November 5.

Huntingdonshire, at Huntingdon, Saturday, November 6.
Northamptonshire, at Peterborough, Monday, November 8.
Rutlandshire, at Oakham, Tuesday, November 9.
Lincolnshire, at Lincoln, Wednesday, November 10.
Nottinghamshire, at Nottingham, Friday, November 12.
At the Town and County of the Town of Nottingham, the same day.
Derbyshire, at Derby, Monday, November 15.
At the City and County of the City of Lichfield, Tuesday, November 16.
Staffordshire, at Stafford, Wednesday, November 17.
Shropshire, at Shrewsbury, Friday, November 19.
Warwickshire, at Warwick, Monday, November 22.
Warwickshire, at Coventry, Wednesday, November 24.
Leicestershire, at Leicester, Friday, November 26.
Northamptonshire, at Northampton, Monday, November 29.
Bedfordshire, at Bedford, Tuesday, November 30.
Buckinghamshire, at Aylesbury, Thursday, December 2.

NORTHERN CIRCUIT.

William John Law, Esq. Commissioner.

Yorkshire, at Sheffield, Saturday, October 16.
Yorkshire, at Wakefield, Monday, October 18.
At the Town and County of the Town of Kingston-upon-Hull, Monday, October 25.
Yorkshire, at the Castle of York, Wednesday, October 27.
Yorkshire, at Richmond, Saturday, October 30.
Durham, at Durham, Monday, November 1.
Northumberland, at the Moot-hall, Newcastle-upon-Tyne, Wednesday, November 3.

At the Town and County of the Town of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, the same day.
Cumberland, at Carlisle, Friday, November 5.
Westmorland, at Appleby, Monday, November 8.
Westmorland, at Kendal, Tuesday, November 9.
Lancashire, at Lancaster, Wednesday, November 10.
Lancashire, at Liverpool, Wednesday, November 17.
Cheshire, at the Castle of Chester, Saturday, November 20.
At the City and County of the City of Chester, the same day.
Flintshire, at Mold, Monday, November 22.
Denbighshire, at Ruthin, Tuesday, November 23.
Merionethshire, at Dolgelly, Thursday, November 25.
Carnarvonshire, at Carnarvon, Monday, November 29.
Anglesey, at Beaumaris, Tuesday, November 30.
Montgomeryshire, at Welsh Pool, Friday, December 3.

SOUTHERN CIRCUIT.

Charles Phillips, Esq. Commissioner.

Berkshire, at Reading, Friday, October 15.
Oxfordshire, at Oxford, Monday, October 18.
Worcestershire, at Worcester, Wednesday, October 20.
Herefordshire, at Hereford, Friday, October 22.
Radnorshire, at Presteigne, Monday, October 25.
Brecknockshire, at Brecon, Wednesday, October 27.
Carmarthenshire, at Carmarthen, Friday, October 29.
Cardiganshire, at Cardigan, Monday, November 1.
Pembrokeshire, at Haverfordwest, Tuesday, November 2.

Glamorganshire, at Swansea, Friday, November 5.
Glamorganshire, at Cardiff, Monday, November 8
Monmouthshire, at Monmouth, Wednesday, November 10.
Gloucestershire, at Gloucester, Friday, November 12.
Somersetshire, at Bath, Monday, November 15.
At the City and County of the City of Bristol, Wednesday, November 17.
Somersetshire, at Taunton, Friday, November 19.
Cornwall, at Bodmin, Tuesday, November 23.
Devonshire, at Plymouth, Thursday, November 25.
Devonshire, at the Castle of Exeter, Saturday, November 27.
At the City and County of the City of Exeter, the same day.
Dorsetshire, at Dorchester, Tuesday, November 30.
Wiltshire, at Salisbury, Thursday, December 2.
At the Town and County of the Town of Southampton, Saturday, December 4.
Southampton, at Winchester, Monday, December 6.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JUNE 15, 1847.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.

Trinity Term, in the tenth year of the reign of Queen Victoria.

Friday the 11*th day of June* 1847.

THIS Court will, on Saturday the 3d day of July next, hold a Sitting, and will proceed to give Judgment in certain of the matters standing over for the consideration of the Court.

Tho. Wilde.

Coal Whippers'-Office, King James's-Stairs, Wapping-Wall, June 15, 1847.

Pursuant to the provisions contained in the Act 9th and 10th Victoria, cap. 36, for the registration and regulation of Coal Whippers in the port of London, Vere Henry Hobart, Esq. has been appointed a Commissioner for the purposes of the said Act, in the room of Samuel Laing, Esq. resigned.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JUNE 18, 1847.

At the Court at *Buckingham Palace*, the 17th day of *June* 1847.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

THIS day the Right Honourable Major General Sir George Arthur, Bart. K.C.H. was, by Her Majesty's command, sworn of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, and took his place at the Board accordingly.

At the Court at *Buckingham Palace*, the 17th day of *June* 1847,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the session of Parliament held in the first year of Her Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act to amend an "Act for the regulation of municipal corporations "in England and Wales," it is, amongst other things, enacted, that if the inhabitant householders

of any town or borough in England or Wales shall petition Her Majesty to grant to them a charter of incorporation, it shall be lawful for Her Majesty by any such charter if she shall think fit, by the advice of Her Privy Council, to grant the same, to extend to the inhabitants of any such town or borough within the district to be set forth in such charter, all the powers and provisions of the Act of the fifth and sixth William the Fourth, chapter seventy-six, for regulating corporations, whether such town or borough be or be not a corporate town or borough, or be not named in either of the schedules to the said Act; provided, nevertheless, that notice of every such petition, and of the time when it shall please Her Majesty to order that the same may be taken into consideration by Her Privy Council, shall be published in the London Gazette one month at least before such petition shall be so considered:

And whereas the inhabitant householders of the township of Wolverhampton, in the county of Stafford, have presented a petition to Her Majesty in Council, praying that a charter of incorporation may be granted to such part of the borough of Wolverhampton as is comprised in the township of Wolverhampton; and the inhabitant householders of the borough of Halifax, in the west riding of the county of York, have presented a petition to Her Majesty in Council, praying that a charter of incorporation may be granted to the said borough; Her Majesty was this day pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the said petitions be taken into consideration by a Committee of the Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, on Thursday the twenty-second day of July next.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

This Gazette also contains an Order in Council, relative to a scheme, duly prepared by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, relating to the revenues of the see of Gloucester and Bristol, and for abolishing peculiars in the diocese of Gloucester and Bristol.

St. James's-Palace, June 18, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint the following Chaplains in Ordinary to Her Majesty:

The Reverend Richard Harvey.
The Honourable and Reverend Augustus Frederick Phipps.
The Reverend William Cureton.
The Honourable and Reverend John Thomas Pelham.
The Reverend William John Broderick
The Honourable and Reverend Richard Boyle.
The Reverend John Jackson.

Foreign-Office, June 15, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to approve of Mr. John William May, as Vice Consul in London for His Majesty the King of the Netherlands.

Crown-Office, June 17, 1847.

MEMBER returned to serve in this present PARLIAMENT.

Borough of Derby.

The Honourable Frederick Leveson Gower, in the room of the Honourable John George Brabazon Ponsonby (commonly called Viscount Duncannon), now Baron Ponsonby, called up to the House of Peers.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JUNE 22, 1847.

THIS Gazette contains an Order in Council, relative to a scheme, duly prepared by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, for making better provision for the spiritual duties of the parish of Bethnal-green, in the county of Middlesex, and diocese of London.

A similar Order, respecting the alteration and improvement of the episcopal house of residence belonging to the see of Oxford.

This Gazette also contains the approval of Her Majesty in Council to the following scheme,

from Her Majesty's Commissioners for building new churches, viz.

To assign a particular district to the consecrated church of Saint James, situate at Nutley, in the parish of Maresfield, in the county of Sussex, and within the diocese of Chichester, and that such district should be named, "The Chapelry District of Nutley."

Buckingham-Palace, June 17, 1847.

This day His Royal Highness the Hereditary Prince of Lucca, attended by His Excellency the Count Revel, the Sardinian Chargé d'Affaires, had an audience of Her Majesty to take leave:

To which His Royal Highness was introduced by Viscount Palmerston, G.C.B. Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and conducted by Colonel the Honourable Sir Edward Cust, K.C.H. Her Majesty's Master of the Ceremonies.

Whitehall, June 19, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, granting the dignity of a Knight of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland unto James Earl of Elgin and Kincardine and John Earl of Stair.

The Queen has also been pleased to present the Reverend George Hull Bowers, B. D. to the place of Dean of Christ College, in Manchester, the same being void by the death of the Honourable and Reverend Doctor William Herbert, late Dean thereof.

The Queen has also been pleased to nominate the Reverend James Banks to the district church of Christ Church, in the Forest of Dean, in the county of Gloucester, and diocese of Gloucester and Bristol.

Whitehall, June 18, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to grant unto Sir Charles Napier, Knight Commander of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, and Rear Admiral of the Blue Squadron of Her Majesty's Fleet, Her royal licence and permission, that he may accept and wear the insignia of the grand cross of the Order of the Tower and Sword, which Her Majesty the Queen of Portugal was pleased to confer upon him, in testimony of Her Majesty's approbation of his conduct while in Her Most Faithful Majesty's actual Service; and also that he may accept and wear the cross of a Knight of the Order of Maria Theresa of Austria; the cross of the third class of the Order of St. George of Russia; and the insignia of the second class of the Order of the Red Eagle of Prussia, which their Majesties the Emperor of Austria, the Emperor of Russia, and the King of Prussia have been severally pleased to confer upon that Officer, in testimony of their Majesties' approbation of his distinguished services in the late naval operations on the coast of Syria; and

that he may enjoy all the rights and privileges thereunto annexed:

And also to command, that Her Majesty's said concession and especial mark of Her royal favour be registered, together with the relative documents, in Her Majesty's College of Arms.

War-Office, 12*th June* 1847.

MEMORANDUM.

Her Majesty has been pleased to approve of the 31st Regiment of Foot bearing on its colours and appointments, in addition to any other badges or devices which may have heretofore been granted to the Regiment, the word

"*Orthes*,"

in commemoration of the distinguished conduct of the 2d Battalion of that Regiment on the 27th February 1814.

War-Office, 12*th June* 1847.

MEMORANDUM.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to approve of the several Regiments under mentioned, which formed part of the forces engaged in the actions of the campaign on the banks of the Sutlej in 1845 and 1846, bearing on their colours and appointments the names of the battles in which they were severally engaged during that campaign, of which a list is subjoined:

Actions in which each Regiment was engaged.

Regiments.	Moodkee. 18th December 1845.	Ferozeshah. 21st and 22d December 1845.	Aliwal. 28th January 1846.	Sobraon. 10th February 1846.	Total.
3d Light Dragoons ...	present	present	——	present	3
9th Light Dragoons	——	——	——	present	1
16th Light Dragoons	——	——	present	present	2
9th Foot	present	present	——	present	3
10th Foot	——	——	——	present	1
29th Foot	——	present	——	present	2
31st Foot	present	present	present	present	4
50th Foot	present	present	present	present	4
53d Foot	——	——	present	present	2
62d Foot	——	present	——	present	2
80th Foot	present	present	——	present	3

Crown-Office, June 21, 1847.

Days and Places appointed for holding the Summer Assizes, 1847, viz.

MIDLAND CIRCUIT.

The Right Honourable *Thomas Lord Denman*, Lord Chief Justice.
Mr. Baron *Rolfe*.

Northamptonshire, Wednesday, July 14, at Northampton.

Lincolnshire, Saturday, July 17, at the Castle of Lincoln.

City of Lincoln, the same day, at the City of Lincoln.

Nottinghamshire, Wednesday, July 21, at Nottingham.

Town of Nottingham, the same day, at the Town of Nottingham.

Derbyshire, Saturday, July 24, at Derby.

Leicestershire, Thursday, July 29, at the Castle of Leicester.

Borough of Leicester, the same day, at the Borough of Leicester.

Rutlandshire, Monday, August 2, at Oakham.

Warwickshire, Coventry Division, the same day, at the City of Coventry.

Warwickshire, Warwick Division, Wednesday, August 4, at Warwick.

WESTERN CIRCUIT.

The Right Honourable Sir *Thomas Wilde*, Chief Justice of the Court of Common Pleas.
Mr. Justice *Williams*.

Southampton, Monday, July 12, at the Castle of Winchester.

Dorsetshire, Saturday, July 17, at Dorchester.

Devonshire, Wednesday, July 21, at the Castle of Exeter.

City and County of the City of Exeter, the same day, at the Guildhall of the said City.

Cornwall, Wednesday, July 28, at Bodmin.

Somersetshire, Wednesday, August 4, at Bridgwater.

Wiltshire, Wednesday, August 11, at Devizes.

City of Bristol, Monday, August 16, at the Guildhall of the City of Bristol.

NORTHERN CIRCUIT.

The Right Honourable *Sir Frederick Pollock*, Chief Baron of the Exchequer.

Mr. Justice *Wightman*.

Yorkshire, Saturday, July 10, at the Castle of York.

City of York, the same day, at the Guildhall of the said City.

Durham, Saturday, July 24, at the Castle of Durham.

Northumberland, Thursday, July 29, at the Castle of Newcastle-upon-Tyne.

Town of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, the same day, at the Guildhall of the said Town.

Cumberland, Monday, August 2, at the City of Carlisle.

Westmorland, Thursday, August 5, at Appleby.

Lancashire, Saturday, August 7, at the Castle of Lancaster.

Lancashire, Wednesday, August 11, at Liverpool.

HOME CIRCUIT.

The Right Honourable Sir *James Parke.*
Mr. Justice *Coltman.*

Hertfordshire, Thursday, July 8, at Hertford.
Essex, Monday, July 12, at Chelmsford.
Sussex, Saturday, July 17, at Lewes.
Kent, Thursday, July 22, at Maidstone.
Surrey, Saturday, July 31, at Croydon.

NORFOLK CIRCUIT.

Mr. Baron *Alderson.*
Mr. Justice *Patteson.*

Buckinghamshire, Friday, July 9, at Buckingham.
Bedfordshire, Tuesday, July 13, at Bedford.
Huntingdonshire, Friday, July 16, at Huntingdon.
Cambridgeshire, Saturday, July 17, at the County Courts.
Norfolk, Wednesday, July 21, at the Castle of Norwich.
City of Norwich, the same day, at the Guildhall of the said City.
Suffolk, Tuesday, July 27, at Ipswich.

OXFORD CIRCUIT.

Mr. Justice *Coleridge.*
Mr. Justice *Erle.*

Berkshire, Thursday, July 8, at Abingdon.
Oxfordshire, Saturday, July 10, at Oxford.
Worcestershire, Wednesday, July 14, at Worcester.
City of Worcester, the same day, at the City of Worcester.
Staffordshire, Monday, July 19, at Stafford.

Shropshire, Saturday, July 24, at Shrewsbury.
Herefordshire, Wednesday, July 28, at Hereford.
Monmouthshire, Saturday, July 31, at Monmouth.
Gloucestershire, Wednesday, August 4, at Gloucester.
City of Gloucester, the same day, at the City of Gloucester.

CIRCUIT of the PRINCIPALITY of WALES and COUNTY PALATINE of CHESTER.

Mr. Justice *Maule*.
Mr. Justice *Cresswell*.

South Wales.

Glamorganshire, Wednesday, July 7, at Cardiff.
Carmarthenshire, Tuesday, July 13, at Carmarthen.
County of the Borough of Carmarthen, the same day, at the Borough of Carmarthen.
Pembrokeshire, Saturday, July 17, at Haverfordwest.
Town and County of Haverfordwest, the same day, at the Town of Haverfordwest.
Cardiganshire, Wednesday, July 21, at Cardigan.
Brecknockshire, Saturday, July 24, at Brecknock.
Radnorshire, Wednesday, July 28, at Presteign.

North Wales.

Montgomeryshire, Tuesday, July 13, at Newtown.
Merionethshire, Friday, July 16, at Dolgelly.
Carnarvonshire, Monday, July 19, at Carnarvon.
Anglesey, Thursday, July 22, at Beaumaris.
Denbighshire, Saturday, July 24, at Ruthin.
Flintshire, Wednesday, July 28, at Mold.
Cheshire, Saturday, July 31, at the Castle of Chester.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JUNE 25, 1847.

THIS Gazette contains an Order in Council, relative to a scheme, duly prepared by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, for constituting a separate district for spiritual purposes out of the parish of Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, and in the diocese of Chester, and that the same shall be named, "The District of Vauxhall."

This Gazette also contains the approval of Her Majesty in Council to the following scheme, from Her Majesty's Commissioners for building new churches, viz.

To assign a particular district to the consecrated church of the Holy and Undivided Trinity, situate in the parish of Eastbourne, in the county of Sussex, and within the diocese of Chichester, and that such district should be named, "The Chapelry District of the Holy Trinity, Eastbourne."

Buckingham-Palace, June 24, 1847.

This day had audience of Her Majesty, his Excellency the Count de Ste. Aulaire, Ambassador Extraordinary from the King of the French, on his return to this country after temporary absence:

To which his Excellency was introduced by Viscount Palmerston, G.C.B. Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and conducted by Colonel the Honourable Sir Edmund Cust, K.C.H. Her Majesty's Master of the Ceremonies.

Foreign-Office, June 22, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to approve of Don Guiseppe Folliero, as Vice Consul at Malta for His Majesty the King of the Two Sicilies.

Westminster, June 21, 1847.

This day, the Lords being met, a message was sent to the Honourable House of Commons by the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, acquainting them, that *The Lords, authorized by virtue of a Commission under the Great Seal, signed by Her Majesty, for declaring Her Royal Assent to several Acts agreed upon by both Houses, do desire the immediate attendance of the Honourable House in the House of Peers to hear the Commission read;* and the Commons being come thither, the said Commission, empowering the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, and several other Lords therein named, to declare and notify the Royal Assent to the said Acts, was read accordingly, and the Royal Assent given to

An Act for limiting the time of service in the Army.

An Act for allowing the subscriptions to the loan of eight millions raised in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven to be paid up under discount.

An Act to amend the laws relating to the removal of poor persons from England and Scotland.

An Act for consolidating in one Act certain provisions usually contained in Acts for paving, draining, cleansing, lighting, and improving towns.

An Act to facilitate the drainage of lands in England and Wales.

An Act to amend an Act to enable burghs in Scotland to establish a general system of police, and another Act for providing for the appointment and election of magistrates and councillors for certain burghs and towns of Scotland.

An Act to continue, until the thirty-first day of July one thousand eight hundred and forty-eight, and to the end of the then next session of Parliament, an Act of the fifth and sixth years of Her present Majesty, for amending the law relative to private lunatic asylums in Ireland.

An Act to continue, until the thirty-first day of July one thousand eight hundred and forty-eight, and to the end of the then next session of Parliament, certain Acts for regulating turnpike roads in Ireland.

An Act for the amendment of the Port and Harbour Acts of Belfast for making further improvements and new works there, and for the amendment of the Belfast and Cavehill Railway and Belfast Town Improvement Acts.

An Act to authorize the purchase by the Aberdeen Railway Company of a piece of ground, at the upper part of the Inches and upper part of the harbour of Aberdeen, now vested in the Aberdeen Harbour Commissioners, and to enable such Commissioners to make certain alterations and new works connected with such harbour.

An Act for better lighting with gas the town

of Runcorn, otherwise called Higher Runcorn, and Lower Runcorn, and also certain townships and hamlets in the vicinity.

An Act for lighting with gas the town and neighbourhood of Bingley, in the west riding of the county of York.

An Act for rendering more efficient the Dublin Consumers' Gas Company.

An Act for extending the powers of the Imperial Continental Gas Association.

An Act to amend and extend the provisions of an Act, passed in the third year of the reign of King George the Fourth, intituled "An Act for incorporating the Warrington Gas Light Company."

An Act for incorporating the Commercial Gas Light and Coke Company.

An Act for better supplying with water the town and neighbourhood of Over Darwen, in the county of Lancaster, and for affording a more regular and constant supply of water to the mill-owners and others on the river Darwen.

An Act for removing the market between King-street and Castle-street, in the town of Sheffield, and for providing a new market place in lieu thereof, and for regulating and maintaining the markets and fairs of the said town.

An Act to enlarge and improve the meal, corn, and grain markets of the city of Edinburgh, and for other purposes in relation thereto.

An Act for establishing a market and market place in the town and borough of Wakefield.

An Act for better and more effectually ascertaining, assessing, collecting, and levying the poor rate, and all other rates and assessments, in the parish of Ewell, in the county of Surrey, and for the better management of the business and affairs of the said parish; and for other purposes relating thereto.

An Act for enabling the Metropolitan Sewage Manure Company to alter the line of their works, and for other purposes.

An Act to enable the Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens of the city of London to raise a sum of money for paying off the moneys now charged on the Bridge-house Estates by authority of Parliament; and to raise further moneys, upon the credit of the said estates and of their own estates and revenues, for effecting public works and improvements in and near the said city.

An Act to incorporate a company by the name of "The London Sewage Chemical Manure Company."

An Act for repealing the Acts relating to the roads leading from the Lower Market House, in Tavistock, to Old Town Gate, in the borough of Plymouth, and from Manadon Gate to the Old Pound, near Devonport, in the county of Devon, and making other provisions in lieu thereof.

An Act to repeal the Waterford Road Act.

An Act for the better maintenance, improvement, and repair of the Glasgow and Shotts turnpike roads.

An Act for dividing, allotting, and inclosing certain open marshes and waste lands, in the township of Terrington, in the county of Norfolk.

FROM THE

SUPPLEMENT

TO THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JUNE 25, 1847.

Downing-Street, 23d June 1847.

A DESPATCH, and its Inclosures, addressed to the Right Honourable Earl Grey, of which an Extract and Copies are subjoined, have been this day received from Major-General d'Aguilar, C.B. commanding Her Majesty's Troops in the Island of Hong Kong, dated

Victoria, Hong Kong,
April 15, 1847.

I HAVE the honour to report to your Lordship for the information of Her Majesty's Government, the details of certain military operations in which the troops under my command, jointly with a small naval squadron under Captain McDougall, of H.M. steam frigate Vulture, have been recently engaged upon the Canton river.

On the afternoon of the 1st inst. I received a communication from his Excellency Sir John Francis Davis, Bart., Her Majesty's Plenipotentiary in China, informing me that, in consequence of the repeated aggressions of the Chinese upon British subjects in the neighbourhood of Canton, and the unsatisfactory replies of the Imperial High Commissioner to his demands for redress, his Excellency

had come to the conclusion that there was no alternative but to proceed to Canton with a force and demand reparation on the spot.

Upon receipt of the above letter I lost no time in communicating with Captain McDougall, of Her Majesty's steam frigate Vulture, the senior naval officer in these waters, and the result of our deliberations was, that whilst we could not conceal from ourselves the difficulty of undertaking such an expedition with so small a force as that which would remain at our command, after providing for the security of this island, still the advantages attendant upon prompt and energetic action, before the hot season set in, appeared to us to justify the enterprise, provided the operation was conducted upon the principle of a *coup de main* and that no guns were left unspiked in our rear.

I was likewise influenced in my decision upon this question by a desire to teach the people of Canton that the troops in the garrison of Hong Kong, with the co-operation of the naval force in these seas, are at all times prepared to chastise aggression, without waiting for reinforcements either from England or India.

About midnight of the day on which I received Sir John Davis's communication, the troops embarked on board the vessels, and according to the distribution noted as follows:—

Her Majesty's steamer Vulture—18th Regiment, 24 officers, 403 non-commissioned officers and rank and file.

Her Majesty's sloop Espiegle—42nd Regiment, M.N.I., 4 officers, 145 non-commissioned officers and rank and file.

Hon. Company's steamer Pluto—42d Regiment, 12 officers, 268 non-commissioned officers and rank and file.

Hired armed steamer Corsair—18th Regiment, 4 officers, 106 non-commissioned officers and rank and file.

Total Infantry—44 officers, 922 non-commissioned officers and rank and file.

Hired lorcha, No. 1, armed as a gun-boat—Detachment Royal Artillery, and all the Ordnance stores, &c.

Hired lorcha, No. 2—Detachment Royal Sappers and Miners, with tools, scaling ladders, and other materials.

At nine o'clock the following morning, the Squadron arrived at the Bocca Tigris, when the Vulture, taking up a convenient position, with the Old and New Arrunghoy Batteries on one side, and the North and South Wangtung Batteries on the other, lowered her boats, in which two detachments, the one under Lieutenant-Colonel Brereton, C.B., Royal Artillery, the second in command, the other under my immediate superintendence, were instantly disembarked, and the respective batteries having been surprised and taken possession of without opposition, the guns were spiked, the ammunition destroyed, and the garrisons permitted to retire without molestation.

At six o'clock the squadron arrived at Wampoa, beyond which the Vulture's draught of water would not permit her to proceed.

The following morning the troops were distributed in the steamers Pluto and Corsair, and the armed boats of the Vulture, with the exception of the detachment of Seapoys on board the Espiegle, and a party which it was deemed prudent to leave for the security of the Vulture, in consequence of the greater part of her crew being employed on boat service.

I here established my head-quarters on board the Pluto, to which vessel Sir John Davis likewise removed from the Vulture.

About eleven o'clock we arrived at a reach of the river on which stand four strong forts, namely, Pachow, Wookongtap, Napier, and Wampoa creek.

The attack on the two first I entrusted to Lieut.-Colonel Brereton, C.B., and that on the two others, which was led by Major Aldrich, Royal Engineers, I reserved for my own immediate supervision.

To gain access to Forts Pachow and Napier, which were approached simultaneously, it was found necessary to blow in the gates, after which the guns were spiked and the troops re-embarked.

On proceeding towards Forts Wookongtap and Wampoa Creek, a well directed fire of round shot, chain shot, and grape, was opened by those batteries upon the steamers and boats; and I consider it due to Lieut.-Colonel Brereton to state, that, but for the intelligent manner in which that officer directed the crowded boats under his command, to be steered upon the salient angle of Fort Wookongtap, a very heavy loss must have inevitably ensued, as the showers of grape which were poured from guns of large calibre fell thickly around the boats almost immediately after the Lieut.-Colonel had caused this judicious movement to be made.

The greater part of the seamen being employed in pulling the boats, the guns of the steamers Pluto and Corsair were chiefly manned by the acting gunners of the 18th Regiment, and I have much satisfaction in stating, that, on the batteries opening fire, they were promptly replied to by the steamers, in a style that would have done credit to experienced Artillery men.

The gun boat of the Royal Artillery also opened its fire, and threw some shot into Fort Wampoa Creek.

On the troops reaching the shore, the garrisons of Forts Napier and Wampoa Creek evacuated the works by the rear, but entrances were speedily effected by means of powder bags, which were applied to the principal gates by Captain Durnford and Lieutenant Da Costa of the Royal Engineers.

The guns having been all spiked and the magazines exploded the expedition next proceeded to the French-folly Fort, a strong work, surmounted by a Keep, commanding one of the narrowest bends of the river.

The descent upon this fort was equally rapid as upon those that preceded it, and the gate having been blown in, it was ascertained from the preparations obviously made in the batteries for our reception, that a very few minutes delay would have brought upon us the fire of this formidable work.

Four other batteries were afterwards spiked without opposition, and by six o'clock in the evening the greater part of the troops had landed at the British Factories, after having spiked, or otherwise rendered unserviceable, eight hundred and seventy-nine pieces of heavy cannon, as per annexed return.

It became now necessary to secure our position from attack on the land side, and fortunately the situation of the Factories in relation to the surrounding suburbs, enabled me, by a series of defensible barricades, to shut up all the avenues of approach.

The following day, the 4th instant, the detachment arrived from the Espiegle, and additional measures were taken to strengthen our position, and to obtain local knowledge of its environs.

The same day Sir John Davis was waited upon at the British Consulate within the Factories, by the Chinese High Commissioner Keying, to whom he prescribed certain terms, failing compliance

with which before 6 o'clock the next evening, his Excellency declared his intention of breaking off all further negotiations, and of employing the force under my command, in conjunction with that of my coadjutor Captain McDougall, in redressing by more serious hostile operations the injuries complained of.

The ensuing day, the 5th instant, the High Commissioner requested that the period allowed him for consideration of the proposed terms might be extended to 8 o'clock the following morning. After this request had been granted, intelligence was received of bodies of troops moving into the city. I accordingly lost no time in making my dispositions for the assault.

I will here inform your Lordship that my confidence in our dispositions for the attack was much strengthened by the result of a reconnaissance made at day-break that morning by Captain Clark Kennedy, the Acting Assistant Quarter-Master-General, and Lieutenant Da Costa of the Royal Engineers. Those officers penetrated, during that still period of the morning, to the City Walls, which they ascended in two places, and ascertained satisfactorily that sufficient space existed thereon for making a lodgment.

Her Majesty's Plenipotentiary having informed me that all his demands had been fully acceded to by the Chinese authorities, I gave orders, with his Excellency's concurrence, for the return of the troops to Hong Kong, with the exception of the light company of the 18th Regiment, under Captain Graves, and a small party of Sappers, under Lieutenant Da Costa, both which it was thought prudent to leave behind in the Factories, until the various local improvements prescribed by the Treaty are fully completed.

At twelve o'clock on the 8th instant, the troop

accordingly re-embarked, and arrived in Hong Kong the afternoon of the following day.

The Pluto has since been sent back to resume her position off the Factories, and as a further precaution I put on board her, with the concurrence of Sir John Davis and Captain McDougall, two intelligent subalterns and thirty picked men of the 18th Regiment, to act as marines until the arrival of the Naval Commander-in-Chief.

I have since received several reports from these detachments, all which represent the aspect of affairs as perfectly satisfactory; and I shall be much mistaken if the lesson we have given the Government and people of Canton be soon forgotten, whilst the discipline and forbearance of the troops, during our occupation of the suburbs, and which I have acknowledged in the annexed General Order, can scarcely fail to engender amongst the Chinese inhabitants feelings of respect to which they have been hitherto strangers.

I cannot conclude this despatch without congratulating your Lordship upon the whole of these operations having been carried into effect without the loss of a man. More especially as in the crowded state of the boats, and the strong tide that was running at the time, any one shot taking effect from the heavy batteries opposed to us on the 3rd instant must have inevitably cost me seventy or eighty men, as it would have been impossible to render any assistance under the circumstances of our position.

The gratifying task now only remains to me of doing justice to the merits of the officers under my command, who have principally assisted me in the conduct of these operations.

Of Lieutenant-Colonel Bereton, C.B., the second in command, whose report I annex, I cannot speak too highly. His long experience, his distinguished military reputation, and his professional attainments

and resources have been apparent in every step throughout this expedition, and I cannot sufficiently express my acknowledgments for the scope he has given to all these valuable qualities, and for his perfect and most cordial support.

Lieutenant-Colonel Philipotts, the commanding Royal Engineer, never quitted my side from the commencement to the end of the operations. To him I am indebted for the most judicious and scientific advice, and to him also for the admirable plan for the attack upon the gateways of the City of Canton, and for which I desire this able and meritorious officer may have all the credit to which he is justly entitled.

My sense of Major Aldrich's services is not easily expressed. I had appointed this officer to act as my Aid-de-Camp, but I soon found that his abilities and knowledge were much too valuable to be lost in a secondary situation. I charged him therefore with several operations under my own superintendence, the leading features of which I have already detailed, and on the approach to the Factories I employed him in all the descents upon the Forts in that neighbourhood, and which duty he performed with a promptitude, skill, and ability beyond my praise.

To Captain J. Bruce, 16th Regiment, the Assistant Adjutant-General, my utmost acknowledgments are due for indefatigable and most useful services. Every detail connected with the armament, equipment, and embarkation of the Troops, on this sudden emergency, was carried out under his judicious superintendence. He undertook also, on our arrival at Canton, in addition to his other duties that of a Field Engineer, and in twenty-four hours by means of his incessant activity and personal exertion, every approach to the position was barricaded in such strength, that every officer and man slept in the secure conviction that it was un-

assailable by any force the Chinese could bring against us. Neither would I limit my approbation of the services of this officer to the present occasion. Captain Bruce has been three years and a half on my Staff, of which two years and a half Assistant Adjutant-General, and in every situation, but in this last in particular, his services have been to me invaluable.

In the absence of the Assistant Quarter-Master-General on sick leave, Captain Clark Kennedy, 18th Regiment, conducted the duties of this Department to my entire satisfaction, and evinced the utmost intelligence combined with the best arrangement. Without putting me in possession of his intention, he made the reconnaissance already referred to of the City Wall, on the morning of the 6th instant, and succeeded in ascending the rampart in two places, before the guard was alarmed, and in bringing me back the most satisfactory information, respecting the space afforded upon it for lodgments. It was this proof of Captain Kennedy's zeal, combined with the knowledge he had so gallantly obtained, that induced me to select him to conduct the column under Major Fitzgerald in the projected attack upon the City, which the submission of the Chinese authorities so happily averted.

Lieutenant Colonel Cowper, C.B., 18th Regiment, afforded me every assistance and support with the fine regiment under his command.

Major Fitzgerald, of the 42nd Regiment Madras Native Infantry, is a first rate officer. He unites conduct with enterprise, and to both may be added a zeal that communicates its spirit to every officer and sepoy under his orders.

To Captain Durnford, of the Royal Engineers, I am likewise highly indebted for the excellence of all his arrangements, and the skill, zeal, and efficacy with which he carried them into effect. Also to Lieutenant Da Costa, of the same corps, whose

name has been already mentioned in this despatch, as having rendered meritorious service.

Sir John Davis having placed at my disposal his Excellency's own Aide-de-Camp, Lieutenant Edmund Sargent, of the 18th Regiment, I gladly availed myself of this officer's services, and am happy to have this opportunity of acknowledging them.

Captains Graves and Campbell, commanding the flank companies of the 18th Regiment, and Captains Stuart and McLeod, commanding the flank companies of the 42nd Regiment Madras Native Infantry, were frequently employed in the more important operations, and evinced all the coolness and zeal that might be expected from British officers.

Lieutenant Paterson, commanding the detachment of Royal Artillery, afforded me every satisfaction.

The medical arrangements of the Deputy Inspector of Hospitals, Doctor Kinnis, were such as to meet with my entire approbation, although fortunately circumstances did not render the application of them necessary.

I cannot close this despatch without informing your Lordship that if anything had been wanting to encourage me in the recent undertaking, it was to be found in the ardent zeal and cordial co-operation of Captain McDougall, Royal Navy, my distinguished coadjutor, whose conduct throughout these proceedings has afforded one proof more of the united feeling which binds our two Services indissolubly together.

SIR, *Canton, April 8th,* 1847.

IN pursuance of the plan of operations previously arranged by you, upon arrival at the en

trance of the Bocca Tigris, I proceeded from on board Her Majesty's steam ship Vulture to the forts on the islands North and South Wangtong, in the launches of that vessel, taking with me from the troops you had placed at my disposal, a detachment of Her Majesty's 18th Regiment, under the command of Captain Campbell, a detachment of Royal Sappers and Miners, commanded by Captain Durnford, and one of Royal Artillery, under Lieut. Paterson.

Having reached the northern island the gates of the fort were opened and possession taken, the garrison making no resistance; Captain Durnford with the Sappers was sent to destroy the magazine, and Lieutenant Paterson to spike the guns; both services were performed efficiently. In this fort are several dwellings, and a Temple containing much valuable property, all which was left undisturbed, so perfect was the discipline maintained by Captain Campbell, whose conduct in this and subsequent operations it becomes my duty to recommend to your notice. One hundred and fifty guns of great calibre were spiked, and large quantities of powder thrown into the sea.

The force then proceeded to the island and fortress of South Wantong, where the gates were thrown open, and the same forbearance observed by the soldiers notwithstanding much temptation. One hundred and nine guns of similar great calibre effectually spiked, the magazines destroyed, and much powder in cartridges thrown into the sea.

On the following morning, the 3rd of April, the expedition having reached the staked barrier of the the River, in accordance with your explained plan for attacking the Barrier Forts, taking with me, from the division you had placed under my direction, in the launches of the Vulture, a detachment of the 18th Regiment commanded by Captain Graves, one of Sappers under Captain Durnford,

and one of Artillery under Lieutenant Paterson; I proceeded to the Pachow Fort on the left bank of the river. On reaching it, entrance being refused, the gates were instantly blown open by Captain Durnford, the work occupied with perfect discipline and forbearance by the soldiers of the 18th Regiment. While Captain Durnford and Lieutenant Paterson were performing the duties assigned to them, sixty-four guns were effectually spiked; much powder in cartridges, and not made up, thrown into the sea; and the magazines destroyed.

The force was then conveyed to the Wookongtap Fort, on the opposite bank of the river; on approaching which it became evident that opposition was intended: a cross fire was opened upon the detachment by this fort, and by another on the same bank of the river; and, on a nearer approach, grape-shot and rockets were fired from the fort to be attacked. The force was landed and formed, the garrison escaped from the rear. Captain Graves was sent with the light company of the 18th Regiment to keep clear the approaches from a large town adjacent, while Captain Durnford and Lieutenant Paterson were in the execution of their duties within the fort. Forty-one guns, as usual of immense size, were disabled, some of which were found to be loaded. The magazine was destroyed, with much powder, loose and in cartridges, and 150 rockets, all headed with barbed spear points.

The coolness and discipline of this little force while under fire have never been exceeded, and not a musket was fired during any of the operations; it is a mere act of duty on my part to bring to your notice the excellent conduct of Captain Durnford, Royal Engineers, of Captain Graves 18th Regiment, and of Lieutenant Paterson, Royal Artillery, in the performance of their duties; an incident of this

attack excited attention while under fire, in the gig which led the advance, and which was steered by Captain McDougall, Royal Navy, the midshipman on duty was his son, a young lad, whose coolness emulated that of his father, and was admirable.

The Naval officers employed in the boats which conveyed the troops, were Lieutenants Robert Coote, C. A. Pascoe, and G. Durbin; the conduct of these officers throughout was worthy of the service they belong to, as was that of Lieutenant Davis of the Marine Artillery who was present and gave every assistance.

I have, &c.

(Signed) WM. BRERETON.

Lieutenant Colonel, Commanding Artillery.

To M. General D'Aguilar, C.B

Return of the Iron and Brass Ordnance taken and spiked by the British Force, under the command of Major-General D'Aguilar, C.B., on the 2d, 3d, and 5th April 1847.

Forts of the Bocca Tigris.

Arrunghoy—194 iron ordnance, 14 brass ordnance; total 208.

N. Wantang Island—140 iron ordnance, 10 brass ordnance; total 150.

S. Wantang Island—101 iron ordnance, mounted, 3 iron ordnance, dismounted, 5 brass ordnance; total 109.

Forts of the Staked Batteries of the River.

Pachow Fort, right bank—35 iron ordnance, mounted, 29 iron ordnance, dismounted; total 64.

Wookongtap, left bank—35 iron ordnance, mounted, 6 iron ordnance, dismounted; total 41.

Rapier's Island—48 iron ordnance, 1 brass ordnance; total 49.
Whampoa Creek—63 iron ordnance, 2 brass ordnance; total 65.

Forts of the City of Canton.

French Folly—38 iron ordnance; total 38.
Dutch Folly—23 iron ordance; total 23.
Ruge Fort—26 iron ordnance; total 26.
Zigzag Battery—20 iron ordnance; total 20.
Segment Battery—30 iron ordnance; total 30.
Shaneen Battery—56 iron ordnance; total 56.

Total 847 iron ordnance, 32 brass ordnance. Grand total 879.

Time did not admit of taking the calibres of the guns in their several forts; their bores were found to be of unusually large diameter, some of nearly thirteen inches, and none under five inches. All were mounted upon new garrison carriages, on the English construction, and with iron truck wheels.

WM. BRERETON, Lieut-Col. R.H.A.,
Commanding Royal Artillery.

GENERAL ORDER,

By Major General D'Aguilar, C. B. Commanding the Troops.

Head Quarters, Victoria, Hong Kong,
10*th April* 1847.

THE Major General congratulates the troops on the success that has crowned their exertions; he congratulates them still more on the discipline observed by them in the course of their late short but arduous operations; and, above all, he congratulates them on the praiseworthy manner in which they have abstained from every act of

injury or outrage that could tarnish the honour of the British arms.

In the course of a few days, the Bogue Forts, and all the principal works and batteries on the Canton river, have been taken possession of, some of them by assault, and eight hundred and seventy-nine pieces of cannon, by the latest return, spiked or rendered otherwise unserviceable.

The Chinese have received a lesson, in return for their frequent acts of aggression on the persons of British subjects, that will not be lost upon them.

They have submitted to all the demands of Her Majesty's Plenipotentiary without reserve, and have yielded, happily for themselves, just in time to arrest the course of an assault that would have been attended with fearful loss of life to them, and the inevitable destruction of their provincial capital.

When such advantages have been obtained, let it be one more source of congratulation to British soldiers to reflect, that they have been purchased, under Providence, without bloodshed, and that the honour of the British arms has been proudly maintained, without one act of violence or one departure from the principles of humanity.

In recording these acts, so honourable in themselves and so deserving of approbation, the Major General desires to impress on the handful of men by whom they have been achieved, this great and most important of all lessons, "*It was discipline alone that could effect them,*" and while this first duty of a soldier continues to be practised, that the troops can never fail in fulfilling their duty to their Sovereign and maintaining the honour of their country.

By order,

J. BRUCE, Captain,

Assistant Adjutant General.

Admiralty, 25th June 1847.

DISPATCHES have been received at this Office, from RearAdmiral S. H. Inglefield, C. B. dated Penang, 8th May 1847, and addressed to H G. Ward, Esq. Secretary of the Admiralty, of which the following are copies:

Her Majesty's Ship Vernon,
Penang, 8th May 1847.

SIR,

I HAVE the honour to enclose, to be laid before the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, the report from Captain M'Dougall, of H. M. steam ship Vulture, the Senior Officer at Hong Kong, relative to the combined naval and military expedition up the Canton river, in the early part of last month, which I have but this moment received, and I beg you will assure their Lordships, that it is only my unwillingness to detain the mail longer than may be absolutely necessary, which prevents me from calling their Lordships' more particular attention to this well executed and bold enterprise, which reflects so much credit upon the Hon. Major General D'Aguilar, Captain M'Dougall, and the whole of the Officers and men under their respective orders.

I have, &c.
(Signed) S. H. INGLEFIELD,
Rear Admiral and Commander in Chief.

To Henry G. Ward, Esq. M. P.
Secretary of the Admiralty,
London.

Her Majesty's Steam Ship Vulture, Hong Kong, 9th April 1847.

SIR,

HER Majesty's Plenipotentiary having communicated to me, on the afternoon of the 1st instant, that, in consequence of the evasive and unsatisfactory conduct of the Chinese Minister, he had communicated with the Honourable the Major General d'Aguilar, and determined with him on the necessity of proceeding with a force to Canton, to demand certain points on which he had been instructed to insist on by Her Majesty's Government; and having applied to me to co-operate with the naval force under my command, I lost no time in waiting on Major General d'Aguilar, and it was arranged that the troops were to commence embarking with their guns, &c. as soon after 8 P.M. as possible.

The Espiegle and Pluto being the only men of war available, I was obliged to hire the Corsair merchant steamer to ensure the expedition arriving off the Bogue forts with the least possible delay.

At 10h. 0m. I directed Commander Thompson to proceed immediately towards the Bogue forts, after embarking the troops assigned to the Espiegle, taking with him nine Chinese boats laden with provisions, &c. for the troops. At 10h. 30m. she sailed.

At 3h. 30m. all the troops were embarked with their guns, stores, &c. when Vulture weighed, having two lorches with ordnance stores, sappers and miners in tow, making the night signal to the steamers to follow her motions; the Corsair having two cargo boats, with commissariat stores, &c., in tow.

At 9h. 10m. passed the Chumpee fort, where several Chinese men of war and armed junks were at anchor.

At 10h. 0m. the Vulture run within half pistol shot, and anchored off the Anunghoy fort, lowered the boats, and his Excellency and the General landed with the troops. The batteries were immediately in their possession, the guns spiked, and the ammunition destroyed.

At 10h. 20m. Corsair came up, Colonel Brereton, with the second division in Vulture's boats, crossed the river to the Wang Tung forts, which were carried in the same style. The Bogue forts being now secured, I directed the Pluto to proceed to Whampoa, and there await my arrival.

At 12h. 0m. anchored off the Wang Tung forts, desiring the Corsair to follow Pluto's motions to Whampoa, to protect the shipping there.

At 1h. 40m. having spiked upwards of 500 guns, and destroyed all the ammunition, re-embarked the troops, Vulture weighed, and proceeded at full speed to enable her to cross the first and second bars before the tide had receded too much. Saw the Espiegle in the distance approaching the Bogue forts, she being unable to contend with the strong tide, variable and adverse winds.

At 6h. 30m. anchored at the entrance of Junk River, as the Vulture could not proceed further from her great draught of water, and the tide at that time falling rapidly; and as the troops and seamen were very much exhausted from twenty-hours arduous and laborious duties, the Major General and I agreed that it would be advisable to remain the night, and proceed as early in the morning as our arrangements could be completed. During the night two days provisions were cooked for the troops. Mr. Mundy's (Paymaster and Purser) exertions and zeal in supplying the troops

with cooked provisions were very great, and at 4h. on the morning of the 3rd, the boats of the Vulture transferred the troops on board the Honourable Company's steamer Pluto, and the hired steamer Corsair, the tide not answering for passing the barrier with the number of boats in tow, it was deemed expedient to wait till the tide slackened.

At 8h. 0m. His Excellency Sir John Davis and suite, Major General D'Aguilar and Staff embarked on board Pluto, as did Commander Thompson, of the Espiegle.

Colonel Brereton, of the Royal Horse Artillery, accompanied me on board the Corsair. The Major General allowed about two hundred of the troops to remain in the Vulture and Espiegle, to assist in defending them in the event of an attack from the Chinese men of war, as nearly two thirds of the ships' companies were required in the boats and vessels. I left the ship in charge of Mr. Sanders, First Lieutenant, assisted by Lieutenant Dunn, Supernumerary, and the remaining Officers that were not employed in the boats. I left orders to keep the ship clear for action, end every thing ready for lightening her if required, placing every confidence in Lieutenant Sanders's zeal and energy.

At 8h. 45m. both steamers proceeded up the Junk river to the Barriers forts, having the necessary boats to disembark the troops in tow, viz:

Pluto.—Two large country boats, one containing engineers' stores, the other a party of the 42d Madras Native Infantry. Vulture's starboard paddle-box boat, commanded by Lieutenant C. A. D. Pasco, R.N., containing a company of the 18th Royal Irish. Second cutter, Mr. J. Black, Midshipman, and Espiegle's gig.

Corsair.—Two large country boats, containing ordnance stores, &c. Vulture's pinnace, commanded by Lieutenant Robert Coote, R.N., assisted by Mr. M. B. Fitzgerald, Midshipman, and Dr. Duncan, Assistant Surgeon. Port paddle-box boat, commanded by Lieutenant G. Durbin, Supernumary, R.N. First Lieutenant F. W. Davis, R.M.A. First cutter, commanded by Mr. P. C. C. M'Dougall, Midshipman, and gig.

At 10h. 30m. passed the barrier, Corsair stopped abreast of the first fort, landed a party of the 18th Royal Irish, and a part of the Sappers and Royal Artillery, under Captain Durnford, Royal Engineers, the whole under the command of Lieutenant Colonel Brereton, C.B., Royal Horse Artillery, blew open the gates, spiked the guns, and destroyed the ammunition; at the same time Pluto anchored a little above Rapier's fort, and performed the same service there.

At 11h. 15m. troops re-embarked from both forts, in the boats, to cross the river. Corsair's division of boats going to the fort on the north bank, near the barrier. Pluto's to the one opposite Rapier's fort; both forts opened a fire on the boats and steamers of grape and round, which was returned by a well directed fire from the steamers, and a 12-pound howitzer in the ordnance lorcha. On the near approach of the boats, the Chinese fled. The troops landed, spiked the guns, and blew up the magazine, when the Corsair's division of boats, with guns, took up a position at the entrance of a creek leading to a town, to prevent surprise, the Pluto's boats taking possession of a mandarin boat, whose crew had landed and assisted to man the batteries; shortly after noon boats returned with troops to their respective steamers, when both steamers proceeded as before up the river for Canton.

At 2h. 11m. Pluto anchored off French Folly fort, landed troops, and spiked the guns.

At 2h. 30m. Corsair anchored off Factories and landed her troops; and Pluto, off Ruge fort, landed troops, and spiked the guns.

At 4h. 30m. boats, containing parties of the 18th Royal Irish and 42d Madras native infantry, and sappers, under their respective Officers, and accompanied by Major Aldrich, royal engineers, proceeded to and spiked the guns of the three Shaneen forts, destroying the powder.

At 5h. 0m. Pluto anchored off the English Factories and landed her troops.

At 6h. 0m. Corsair proceeded to Whampoa with Commander Thompson, of the Espiegle, to bring that ship up, if practicable.

At 7h. all the troops were landed, except a small party of the 42d, left on board Pluto as a guard.

April 4th.—2h. 0m. A. M. paddle-box boats landed the ordnance guns and ammunition.

April 5th.—The boats, with a party of the 18th Royal Irish and sappers, under Col. Philpotts and Major Aldrich, proceeded to French Folly fort and blew up the keep, clearing the river of junks, &c. and then landed at Dutch Folly and spiked the guns, relanding the troops after examining the Ruge fort. On the Corsair's returning, I proceeded in her to Whampoa to endeavour to bring up the Espiegle, more powder, and the troops that could be spared from Vulture and Espiegle, and likewise to satisfy myself that no attempts were making to obstruct the passage of the river.

I returned at 2h. 30m. having succeeded, through the great exertions of Commander Thompson, his Officers, and crew, by warping, towing, &c. in bringing the Espiegle above the barrier

forts, she having frequently grounded upon the numerous obstructions made in the river during the late war, I then ordered the river to be entirely cleared of junks from the entrance of the Macao Reach to the French Folly fort, to prevent the possibility of our being harassed or annoyed by fire vessels or rafts.

April 6.—Steamers and boats kept in perfect readiness to take their positions to attack the town.

April 7.—All the boats but the pinnace and gig returned to Vulture.

April 8.—Commenced reimbarking the troops with the addition of the boats of the Espiegle, under the direction of her First Lieutenant, Vashon Baker.

At 2h. 40m. returned to Whampoa, leaving a guard at the Factories, and the Espiegle at anchor above the barrier forts.

Before daybreak of the 9th, the expedition left Whampoa, on return to Hong Kong, and when passing the Bogue forts, between 8 and 9 A. M., observed them full of troops, and the tompions out of the guns; we reached this anchorage about 3h. P. M., after having spiked eight hundred and seventy-nine guns, within the Bogue forts, and destroyed all their ammunition, with the exception of the fort in Tiger island which owes its salvation to the ebbing of the tide, and the Major General's and my anxiety to be at Canton on the night of the 2d, for the protection of British life and property.

The cordiality and unanimity that prevailed between both Services, during the whole of the within operations, was most gratifying to his Honour the Major General D'Aguilar. I am under the greatest obligations for the courteous manner in which he adopted my suggestions, in

reference to the naval operations. Colonel Brereton, royal horse artillery, did me the favour to accompany me in my gig, his counsel was invaluable. Commander Thompson, of Her Majesty's sloop Espiegle, rendered me the greatest assistance. Lieutenant Airey, R. N., in command of the Honourable Company's steamer Pluto, conducted himself much to my satisfaction, he is an officer of long standing. Mr Soames, the Master of the Corsair merchant steamer, did his utmost to meet my wishes. It is impossible to say too much in favour of all. The conduct of those officers and men employed in the boats was most creditable; and when under fire, steady and commendable.

No casualties of any description occurred that came to my knowledge, every individual was animated with the same spirit of enterprize and devotion for Her Majesty's Service.

I have the hônour, &c.
J. M'DOUGALL, Captain and Senior Officer.

Memorandum of the Troops employed upon the Expedition to Canton, 2d April 1847.

Her Majesty's steam ship Vulture, 18th Regiment—24 officers, 403 non-commissioned officers and rank and file.

Her Majesty's sloop Espiegle, 42d Regiment, M. N. I.—4 officers, 145 non-commissioned officers and rank and file.

Hon. Company's ship Pluto, 42d Regiment, M. N. I.—12 officers, 268 non-commissioned officers and rank and file.

Hired steamer Corsair, 18th Regiment—4 officers, 106 non-commissioned officers and rank and file.

Total Infantry—44 officers, 922 non-commissioned officers and rank and file.

Hired lorcha, No. 1, armed as a gun boat—Detachment Royal Artillery, and all the Ordnance stores.

Hired lorcha, No. 2—Detachment Royal Sappers and Miners, with tools, scaling ladders, and other materials.

J. M'DOUGALL, Captain and Senior Officer.

Return of Iron and Brass Ordnance taken and spiked by the British Force, on the 1st, 2d, 3d, and 5th April 1847.

Forts of the Bocca Tigris.

Anunghoy—194 iron ordnance, 14 brass ordnance; total 208.

N. Wangtang Island—140 iron ordnance, 10 brass ordnance; total 150.

S. Wantang Island—101 iron ordnance, mounted, 3 iron ordnance, dismounted, 5 brass ordnance; total 109.

Forts of the Staked Barrier of the River.

Pachow Fort—35 iron ordnance, mounted; right bank, 29 iron ordnance, dismounted; total 64.

Wookongtap—35 iron ordnance, mounted; left bank, 6 iron ordnance, dismounted; total 41.

Rapier's Island—48 iron ordnance, 1 brass ordnance; total 49.

Whampoa Creek—63 iron ordnance, 2 brass ordnance; total 65.

Forts of the City of Canton.

French Folly—38 iron ordnance; total 38.
Dutch Folly—23 iron ordnance; total 23.
Ruge Fort—26 iron ordnance; total 26.
Zigzag Battery—20 iron ordnance; total 20.
Segment Battery—30 iron ordnance; total 30.
Shaneen Battery—56 iron ordnance; total 56.

Total—847 iron ordnance, 32 brass ordnance.
Grand total—879.

Time did not admit of taking the calibres of the guns in the several forts; their bores were found to be of unusually large diameter, some of nearly thirteen inches, and none under five inches; all were mounted upon new garrison carriages, on the English construction, and with iron truck wheels.

W. BRERETON. Lieut. Col. R. H. A.
Commanding Artillery.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JUNE 29, 1847.

THIS Gazette contains the approval of Her Majesty in Council to the following scheme, from Her Majesty's Commissioners for building new churches, viz.

To assign a particular district to the consecrated church of Saint John, situate at Aston Magna, in the parish of Blockley, in the county and diocese of Worcester, and that such district should be named, "The Chapelry District of Aston Magna."

Downing-Street, June 28, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased by letters patent under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom, to reduce the Bishop's see and diocese of Australia, and to divide the same into four several and distinct Bishops' sees and dioceses, to be called, the Bishopricks of Sydney, Newcastle, Adelaide, and Melbourne.

Her Majesty has also been pleased to name and appoint the Right Reverend Father in God, William Grant Broughton, heretofore Bishop of Australia, to be Bishop of the see of Sydney, and Metropolitan Bishop in Australasia, subject to the general superintendance and revision of the Archbishop of Canterbury for the time being, and subordinate to the archiepiscopal province of Canterbury.

Her Majesty has also been pleased to name and appoint the Reverend William Tyrrell, Doctor in Divinity, to be ordained and consecrated Bishop of the see of Newcastle; the Reverend Augustus Short, Doctor in Divinity, to be ordained and consecrated Bishop of the see of Adelaide; and the Reverend Charles Perry, Doctor in Divinity, to be ordained and consecrated Bishop of the see of Melbourne; the said Bishops of Newcastle, Adelaide, and Melbourne to be Suffragan Bishops to the Bishop of Sydney.

The Queen has further been pleased to constitute the colony of the Cape of Good Hope and its dependencies, together with the island of St. Helena, to be a Bishop's see and diocese, to be called, the Bishoprick of Cape Town; and to name and appoint the Reverend Robert Gray, Doctor in Divinity, to be ordained and consecrated Bishop of the see of Cape Town.

Whitehall, June 19, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to authorize and appoint

The Right Honourable the Earl of Ellesmere,
The Right Reverend Edward Bishop of Norwich,
The Right Honourable Lord Langdale,
The Right Honourable Lord Wrottesley,
Sir Philip de Malpas Grey Egerton, Bart.
Sir Charles Lemon, Bart.
Sir Roderick Impey Murchison, Knt.
Andrew Rutherfurd, Esq.
Joseph Hume, Esq.
Samuel Rogers, Esq. and
Richard Monckton Mills, Esq.

to be Her Majesty's Commissioners for enquiring into the constitution and government of the British Museum.

Whitehall, June 28, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint

The Right Reverend John Bishop of Lichfield,
The Right Honourable James Stuart Wortley,
The Right Honourable Stephen Lushington, D.C.L.
The Right Honourable Anthony Richard Blake,
Sir Edward Vaughan Williams, Knt. and
Andrew Rutherfurd, Esq. Lord Advocate of Scotland,

to be Her Majesty's Commissioners for enquiring into the state and operation of the law of marriage.

Whitehall, June 24, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to present the Reverend John McLaren to the united churches and parishes of Larbert and Dunipace, in the presbytery of Stirling and shire of Stirling, the same being vacant by the deprivation of the Reverend James Simpson, late Minister thereof.

Westminster, June 25, 1847.

This day, the Lords being met, a message was sent to the Honourable House of Commons by the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, acquainting them, that *The Lords, authorized by virtue of a Commission under the Great Seal, signed by Her Majesty, for declaring Her Royal Assent to several Acts agreed upon by both Houses, do desire the immediate attendance of the Honourable House in the House of Peers to hear the Commission read;* and the Commons being come thither, the said Commission, empowering the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, and several other Lords therein named, to declare and notify the Royal Assent to the said Acts, was read accordingly, and the Royal Assent given to

An Act to continue, until the thirty-first day of July one thousand eight hundred and forty-eight, and to the end of the then next session of Parliament, certain of the allowances of the duty of Excise on soap used in manufactures.

An Act to transfer the collection and management of the duties in respect of stage carriages, hackney carriages, and railway passengers from

the Commissioners of Stamps and Taxes to the Commissioners of Excise.

An Act for the amendment of the laws relating to the provision and regulation of lunatic asylums for counties and boroughs in England.

An Act to amend the Acts for rendering effective the service of the Chelsea and Greenwich out-pensioners.

An Act to render permanent certain parts of the Act for amending the constitution of the government of Newfoundland.

An Act to make legal the collection of certain duties at Port Natal.

An Act to continue, until the first day of October one thousand eight hundred and forty-eight, and to the end of the then next session of Parliament, an Act to amend the laws relating to loan societies.

An Act for the correction of certain abuses which have frequently prevailed at the elections of Representative Peers for Scotland.

An Act to facilitate the transference of lands and other heritages in Scotland not held in burgage tenure.

An Act to facilitate the transference of lands and other heritages in Scotland held in burgage tenure.

An Act to amend the law and practice in Scotland as to the service of heirs.

An Act to amend the practice in Scotland with regard to Crown charters and precepts from Chancery.

An Act to facilitate the constitution and transmission of heritable securities for debt in Scotland, and to render the same more effectual for the recovery of debts.

An Act to facilitate the temporary investment of trust moneys in the improvement of landed property in Ireland.

An Act to authorize for one year, and to the end of the then next session of Parliament, the removal of prisoners from the several gaols in Ireland in cases of epidemic diseases.

An Act to authorize a further advance of money for the relief of destitute persons in Ireland.

An Act for making a railway from Staines to join the London and South Western Railway, near Farnborough, with a branch to Chertsey.

An Act for making a railway from Richmond to Windsor, with a loop line through Brentford and Hounslow.

An Act to authorize an extension of the Cork, Blackrock, and Passage Railway, to Monkstown, and to amend the Act relating thereto.

An Act to authorize certain alterations of the line of the Wilts, Somerset, and Weymouth Railway.

An Act to authorize certain alterations of the line of the Waterford, Wexford, and Wicklow Railway, and to amend the Act relating thereto.

An Act to enable the Liskeard and Caradon Railway Company to raise a further sum of money.

An Act for making a railway from the town of Killarney, in the county of Kerry, to the harbour of Valencia, in the same county.

An Act to empower the Norfolk Railway Company to make a railway from the Lowestoft Railway, near Reedham, to join the Norwich Extension of the Ipswich and Bury Saint Edmunds Railway, near Diss, with a branch therefrom to Halesworth.

An Act to alter and amend several of the powers and provisions of the Act relating to the Dundalk and Enniskillen Railway.

An Act for rating to the relief of the poor, and other parochial and local rates, the owners of

certain property within the parishes of King's Norton, Northfield, and Beoley, in the county of Worcester; Edgbaston, in the county of Warwick; and Harborne, in the county of Stafford, in lieu of the occupiers thereof.

An Act to repeal two several Acts relating to the Liverpool Gas Light Company, and to substitute other provisions in lieu thereof, and to enable the said Company to raise a further sum of money.

An Act for reducing the dues of the harbour of the borough and town of Weymouth and Melcombe Regis, in the county of Dorset, and consolidating the trusts created by the Acts relating to such harbour and the bridge of the said borough, and for other purposes.

An Act to amend an Act, passed in the sixth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Fourth, for granting certain powers and authorities to the Van Diemen's Land Company.

An Act for amending an Act, passed in the fourth year of the reign of His late Majesty King William the Fourth, intituled "An Act for granting certain powers to the British American Land Company," and for granting further powers to the said Company.

An Act to amend certain Acts for making and maintaining roads and converting the statute labour, in the counties of Ross and Cromarty, and part of Navin, locally situate in the county of Ross.

And one private Act.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JULY 2, 1847.

THIS Gazette contains an Order in Council, relative to a scheme, duly prepared by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, for authorizing the sale of certain lands, tenements, and hereditaments now forming part of the endowment of the prebend of Bishopshull, in the cathedral church of Lichfield.

This Gazette also contains the approval of Her Majesty in Council to the following schemes, from Her Majesty's Commissioners for building new churches, viz.

To assign a particular district to the consecrated church of Saint Peter, situate in the parish of Saint Philip, Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, and within the diocese of Worcester, and that such district should be named, "The Chapelry District of Saint Peter, Birmingham."

To assign a particular district to the consecrated church or chapel, called Newport Chapel, situate at Newport, in the parish of Bishop's Tawton, in the county of Devon, and within the diocese of Exeter, and that such district should be called, "The Chapelry District of Newport."

Buckingham-Palace, June 29, 1847.

This day had audience of Her Majesty, on their arrival in this country, their Imperial Highnesses the Prince and Princess Peter of Oldenburg:

To which their Imperial Highnesses were introduced by Viscount Palmerston, G.C.B. Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and conducted by Colonel the Honourable Sir Edward Cust, K.C.H. Her Majesty's Master of the Ceremonies.

Foreign-Office, July 1, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to approve of Mr. Noble Towner, as Consul at Barbadoes for the United States of America.

The Queen has also been pleased to approve of Mr. Nathaniel Solomon, as Vice Consul at St. Helena for the Free Hanseatic cities of Hamburgh and Lubeck.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JULY 6, 1847.

THIS Gazette contains the approval of Her Majesty in Council to the following scheme, from Her Majesty's Commissioners for building new churches, viz.

To unite certain contiguous parts of the parish of Ashby de la Zouch, in the county of Leicester, and within the diocese of Peterborough, and of the adjoining parish of Hartshorne, in the county of Derby, and within the diocese of Lichfield, and to form the same into one consolidated chapelry, for all ecclesiastical purposes, for the consecrated church of Saint Stephen, situate at Woodville, heretofore called Wooden Box, in the said parish of Ashby de la Zouch, and that such consolidated chapelry should be named, "The Consolidated Chapelry of Woodville."

Buckingham-Palace, July 2, 1847.

This day had audience of Her Majesty, His Excellency the Count de Ste. Aulaire, Ambassador Extraordinary from the King of the French, to deliver his letter of recall; also His Royal Highness the Prince Waldemar of Prussia, first cousin to the King of Prussia, attended by the Chevalier Bunsen, the Prussian Minister:

To which His Excellency and His Royal Highness were respectively introduced by Viscount Palmerston, G.C.B. Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and conducted by Colonel the Honourable Sir Edward Cust, K.C.H. Her Majesty's Master of the Ceremonies.

Buckingham-Palace, July 3, 1847.

This day had audience of Her Majesty, His Excellency the Duke de Broglie, Ambassador Extraordinary from the King of the French, to deliver his credentials:

To which His Excellency was introduced by Viscount Palmerston, G.C.B. Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and conducted by Colonel the Honourable Sir Edward Cust, K.C.H. Her Majesty's Master of the Ceremonies.

Foreign-Office, July 5, 1847.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to appoint Charles Frederick Engström, Esq. to be Her Majesty's Consul at Gottenburgh.

The Queen has been pleased to approve of Mr. Jacob Mitchell, as Consul at Jamaica for the King of the Mosquito territory.

Crown-Office, July 5, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint William Scrope Ayrton, of the Middle-temple, London, Esq. Barrister at Law, to be one of the Commissioners of the Court of Bankruptcy to act in the prosecution of Fiats in Bankruptcy in the country.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JULY 9, 1847.

ADDRESS, from the University of Cambridge, presented to the Queen during Her Majesty's visit, on the occasion of the Installation of His Royal Highness Prince Albert, as Chancellor of that University, July 5, 1847:

To the QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty.

The humble Address of the Chancellor, Masters, and Scholars of the University of Cambridge.

May it please your Majesty,

WE, your Majesty's most loyal and devoted subjects, the Chancellor, Masters, and Scholars of the University of Cambridge, avail ourselves of your Majesty's gracious permission at this time to renew our assurance of our firm attachment to your Majesty's Person and Government.

The recollection of your Majesty's former visit is preserved by us with feelings of pride and satisfaction; and we now hail, with fervent joy, your Majesty's presence amongst us for the second time, and desire to express, in the fullest manner in which words can convey it, our heartfelt gratitude for this gracious mark of royal favour.

We trust that we may be allowed to consider the honour which we enjoy as a proof of your Majesty's undiminished favour, which will be

cherished as an incentive to renewed exertion, and will encourage the members of our body in their several stations to deserve your Majesty's approbation by a zealous and diligent discharge of their important duties.

The time which has elapsed since the period of your Majesty's former visit has been marked by an important change in the highest office of our body; we have had to deplore the loss of our late excellent Chancellor, who, to his great regret, was on that occasion prevented by the infirm state of his health from assuming his place amongst us, and expressing in person his acknowledgment of your Majesty's gracious favour.

We are encouraged by your Majesty's presence in the University at this time to entertain a confident hope that the act of the University, in filling the vacant office, has been regarded by your Majesty with approbation; and we trust that the same royal protection and favour will be continued to us which we have been wont to enjoy from the Sovereigns of this kingdom.

The occasion seems to require that we should take this opportunity of assuring your Majesty that we are not unmindful of the high purposes which the institutions of the University were intended to accomplish.

We trust that there have not been wanting hitherto a zeal for the studies of literature and science, and efforts to promote the still more elevated and holy cause which our founders had in view—the establishment of religion and virtue upon a good and sure foundation.

We would venture to appeal to recent discoveries in astronomical and other kindred sciences; to the many persons eminent in literature and science; and, in the public offices of life, to the statesmen, the judges, the phi-

losophers of our country, who have received their early education and been taught to discipline their minds in this seat of learning.

We trust that we may call attention also to the clergy in general who have gone forth from us, and contribute so much to the elevation of character of our countrymen, who, labouring in piety and patience, with truth of doctrine and with innocency of life, have made our Church to be the blessing and glory of our land.

While we thus reflect with satisfaction upon the good fruit which has resulted from the past labours of the University, our attention is awakened to the task which lies before ourselves. We see how important is the place which the University occupies in respect to social happiness and order, how dignified the duties, how great the responsibility of those who have to direct its studies and administer its affairs.

We desire to assure your Majesty, that these topics of reflection are ever before our minds, and that it is our care to address ourselves to our duty in a firm and earnest spirit, not daunted by difficulty, but nerved by the consideration of it to that patience of temper which, by God's blessing, we hope will bring success.

It is our earnest prayer, that your Majesty may live long to see the fruit of your efforts for our country's welfare. May Almighty God protect and strengthen you, and, prospering you with all happiness, pour down upon you the continual dew of His blessing.

To which Her Majesty was pleased to return the following gracious answer:

"I have received, with the highest satisfaction, your loyal and affectionate Address.

"It affords me great pleasure to visit you on this occasion, and to assure you of my entire approbation of the act of the University in the selection of a Chancellor.

"I have always felt it to be one of the first duties of a British Sovereign to extend favour and protection to institutions intended for the advancement of religion and learning.

"I feel peculiarly impressed with a sense of that duty, in a place which has produced so many persons eminently distinguished in science, literature, and religion, and in which I am surrounded by noble monuments of the munificence of Princes who have preceded me on the Throne of this kingdom.

"None of those Princes can have more earnestly desired to promote the welfare of your University than myself, and I shall ever feel the warmest interest in its continued and increasing prosperity."

Buckingham-Palace, July 8, 1847.

His Royal Highness Prince Albert has been pleased to appoint Professor Miller to be Surgeon in Ordinary to His Royal Highness in Scotland.

Downing-Street, July 8, 1847.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to give orders for the appointment of Rear Admiral Sir Hugh Pigot, Knt., Companion of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, to be a Knight Commander of the said Order.

The following Regulations respecting Foreign Orders conferred upon British Subjects, which have been established by the Queen and by Her Royal Predecessors, are published for general information.

1st. That no British Subjects shall accept a Foreign Order, or wear its Insignia, without having previously obtained a Warrant under the Royal Sign Manual, (directed to the Earl Marshal of England,) granting them His Majesty's permission to accept and wear the same.

2nd. That the intention of a Foreign Sovereign to decorate a British Subject with the Insignia of such Order, shall be notified to His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, either through the King's Minister abroad, or through the accredited Minister of the Foreign Sovereign resident at this Court.

3rd. That when His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs shall have taken His Majesty's pleasure, and obtained his consent upon the occasion, he shall then signify to His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department, in order that he may cause the usual Warrant to be prepared for the Royal Sign Manual, and take such other steps as may be necessary for carrying His Majesty's pleasure into effect accordingly.

4th. That when the Warrant is signed by the King, it shall be announced in the Gazette in the usual manner, and registered in His Majesty's College of Arms.

In addition to the above Regulations of the King, His Royal Highness the Prince Regent deemed it expedient to announce, in the year 1812,—

5th. "That no Subject of His Majesty could "be allowed to accept the Insignia of a Foreign "Order from any Sovereign of a Foreign State, "except they shall be so conferred in consequence "of active and distinguished services before the "enemy, either at Sea or in the Field; or unless he "shall have been actually employed in the Service "of the Foreign Sovereign."

And in March, 1813, His Royal Highness was pleased to command that the following proviso should be thereafter inserted in all Royal Warrants for the acceptance of Foreign Orders;

6th. "That His Majesty's license and permission "doth not authorize, and shall not be deemed or "construed to authorize, the assumption of any "style, appellation, rank, precedence, or privilege "appertaining unto a Knight Batchelor of these "Realms."

N.B.—Before the Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs takes the Prince Regent's pleasure on any application for an Officer in the Army to be permitted to accept a Foreign Order, he causes the same to be referred to the Commander in Chief, through His Royal Highness's Secretary, to know whether or not His Royal Highness sees any objection to the Prince Regent's pleasure being taken thereupon.

And if the application be in favour of a Naval Officer, the Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs communicates with the First Lord of the Admiralty, to the same effect, previous to the Prince Regent's pleasure being taken thereon.

(Signed) CASTLEREAGH.

Her Majesty has been pleased to direct,—

7th. "That if the service for which it is proposed to confer the Order has been performed during War, the Notification required by the 2nd Regulation must be made not later than two years after the exchange of the Ratifications of a Treaty of Peace.

"If the Service has been performed in time of Peace, the Notification must be made within two years of the date of such service."

8th. "When a British Subject has received the Royal Permission to accept a Foreign Order, he will at any future time be allowed to accept the Decoration of a higher Class of the same Order, to which he may have become eligible by increase of rank in the Foreign Service, or in the Service of his own country; or any other distinctive mark of honour strictly consequent upon the acceptance of the original Order, and common to every person upon whom such Order is conferred."

(Signed) ABERDEEN.

Foreign-Office, August 22, 1843.

The Queen has made known Her pleasure,—

9th. "That the 8th Clause of the Regulations respecting Foreign Orders shall not be taken to apply to Decorations of the Guelphic Order which were bestowed on British Subjects by Her predecessors, Their Majesties King George IV and King William IV, on whose heads the Crowns of Great Britain and Hanover were united.

"Decorations so bestowed cannot properly be "considered as rewards granted by a Foreign "Sovereign for services rendered according to the "purport of the 5th Clause of the Regulations. "They must be rather considered as personal "favours bestowed on British subjects by British "Sovereigns, and as having no reference to ser-"vices rendered to the Foreign Crown of Hanover."

(Signed) ABERDEEN.

Foreign-Office, July 6, 1846.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JULY 13, 1847.

Whitehall, July 10, 1847.

THE Queen has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, appointing Vice Admiral Sir Charles Adam, K.C.B. to be Master of Her Majesty's Hospital at Greenwich, in the county of Kent, in the room of Admiral the Honourable Sir Robert Stopford, deceased.

The Queen has also been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, granting unto Sir George Martin, G.C.B. and G.C.M.G. Admiral of Her Majesty's Fleet, the office or place of Vice Admiral of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and Lieutenant of the Admiralty thereof, in the room of Admiral the Honourable Sir Robert Stopford, deceased.

Whitehall, July 12, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to nominate and appoint the Right Honourable John Earl of Stair and the Right Honourable James Earl of Elgin and Kincardine to be Knights of the Most Ancient and Most Noble Order of the Thistle.

Downing-Street, July 10, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint Steetmen A. Rawlins, Esq. to be Her Majesty's Treasurer for the island of Nevis, and W. H. Holmes, Esq. to be Provost Marshal for the colony of British Guiana.

Crown-Office, July 10, 1847.

MEMBER returned to serve in this present PARLIAMENT.

County of Cork.

Maurice Power, of Reenacoultig, in the said county of Cork, M.D. in the room of Daniel O'Connell, Esq. deceased.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JULY 16, 1847.

St. James's-Palace, July 14, 1847.

THE Queen has been pleased to appoint Charles H. Broadwood, Esq. Exon of Her Majesty's Body Guard of the Yeomen of the Guard, vice Henry Chard, Esq. resigned.

Cambridge-House, July 15, 1847.

The Duke of Cambridge has been pleased to appoint the Reverend Stephen Jordan Rigaud, M.A. F.R.A.S. Senior Assistant Master at Westminster School, to be one of His Royal Highness's Chaplains.

Foreign-Office, July 15, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to approve of Mr. William Carrol, as Consul at St. Helena for His Majesty the King of Sweden and Norway.

Whitehall, July 14, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to present the Reverend John Scarth to the church at Sandwick, in the united parishes of Sandwick, Dunrossness,

and Cunningsburgh, in the presbytery of Lerwick and stewartry of Orkney and Shetland, vacant by the transportation of the Reverend Alexander Shand, late Minister thereof, to the parish of Nesting.

Whitehall, July 16, 1847.

The Queen, taking into Her royal consideration that, upon the decease of John Baron Wodehouse, in the year 1846, the title and dignity of Baron Wodehouse devolved upon John now Baron Wodehouse, as eldest son and heir of Henry Wodehouse, Esq. commonly called the Honourable Henry Wodehouse, who, whilst living, was the eldest surviving son and heir of the said John late Baron Wodehouse; and that, according to the ordinary rules of honour, the only brother of the said John now Baron Wodehouse cannot enjoy that place and precedence which would have been due to him in case his late father, the said Henry Wodehouse, had survived the said John late Baron Wodehouse, and had thereby succeeded to the said title and dignity; Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to ordain and declare, that Henry Wodehouse, Esq. the only brother of the said John now Baron Wodehouse, shall henceforth have, hold, and enjoy the same title, place, pre-eminence, and precedence, as if his late father, Henry Wodehouse, had succeeded to the title and dignity of Baron Wodehouse:

And also to command, that the said royal concession and declaration be registered in Her Majesty's College of Arms.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JULY 20, 1847.

Whitehall, July 16, 1847.

THE Queen has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, constituting and appointing the Right Honourable George Earl of Auckland, G. C. B. Rear Admiral James Whitley Deans Dundas, Rear Admiral Henry Prescott, Captain Maurice Frederick Fitzhardinge Berkeley, Captain John Hay (commonly called Lord John Hay), C. B. and the Honourable William Francis Cowper, Her Majesty's Commissioners for executing the office of High Admiral of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and the dominions, islands, and territories thereunto belonging.

We, the undersigned, being three of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, do hereby, under the authority of an Act, passed in the session of Parliament holden in the ninth and tenth years of the reign of Her present Majesty Queen Victoria, intituled "An Act to amend the laws relating to the Customs," appoint the following place to be a legal quay, within the port of Glasgow, for the lading and unlading of goods, and do hereby declare the

bounds and extent of such quay to be as follows, that is to say, all that open place, quay, or wharf, measuring five hundred and nineteen feet in length by eighty feet in breadth, situated on the north side of the harbour of Glasgow, from Glasgow-bridge, eastward, to the spot lately occupied by a bridge, called the Accommodation Bridge, and now bounded on the east by a stone, marked "Limit, Eastward, of the Legal Quay, 1847," and on the north by Great Clyde-street.

Whitehall, Treasury-chambers, the 12th day of July 1847,

(Signed) *H. Rich.*
W. Gibson Craig.
Ebrington.

FROM THE

SUPPLEMENT

TO THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JULY 20, 1847.

Palace of Westminster, Lord Great Chamberlain's Office, July 21, 1847.

ALL Peeresses, on announcing their intention of being present on the occasion of the prorogation of Parliament, will have places reserved for them in the House of Lords, if the announcement be made at the Lord Great Chamberlain's Office before five o'clock on Thursday the 22d instant.

Peers' eldest sons, wishing to be present at the prorogation, will have tickets for the Peers' eldest sons' box forwarded to them, upon a written or personal application at the Office.

No strangers can be admitted, on the day of the prorogation, except by a ticket from the Lord Great Chamberlain's Office.

The doors will be opened at twelve o'clock.

WILLOUGHBY DE ERESBY, G. C.

Palace of Westminster, Lord Great Chamberlain's Office, July 20, 1847.

Notice is hereby given, that, in consequence of the approaching prorogation of Parliament, and the immediate resumption of the works for the completion of the House of Lords, the weekly issue of tickets from the Lord Great Chamberlain's Office, for viewing the House of Lords, will be for the present discontinued.

WILLOUGHBY DE ERESBY, G.C.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JULY 23, 1847.

At the Court at *Buckingham-Palace*, the 22d day of *July* 1847,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

THIS day the Right Honourable William Sebright Lascelles and the Right Honourable

Sir William Meredyth Somerville, Bart. were, by Her Majesty's command, sworn of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, and took their respective places at the Board accordingly.

Her Majesty in Council was this day pleased to appoint the Right Honourable Henry Labouchere, President of the Committee of Council appointed for the consideration of all matters relating to Trade and Foreign Plantations.

Her Majesty having been pleased to appoint the Right Honourable George William Frederick Howard (commonly called Viscount Morpeth) to be Lord Lieutenant and Custos Rotulorum of the east riding of the county of York, his Lordship this day took the oaths appointed to be taken thereupon, instead of the oaths of allegiance and supremacy.

At the Court at *Buckingham-Palace*, the 22d day of *July* 1847,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the session of Parliament held in the first year of Her Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act to amend an "Act for the regulation of municipal corporations "in England and Wales," it is, amongst other things, enacted, that if the inhabitant householders of any town or borough in England or Wales shall petition Her Majesty to grant to them a charter of incorporation, it shall be lawful for Her Majesty, by any such charter, if she shall think fit, by the advice of Her Privy Council, to grant the same, to extend to the inhabitants of any such town or

borough, within the district to be set forth in such charter, all the powers and provisions of the Act of the fifth and sixth William the Fourth, cap. 76, for regulating corporations, whether such town or borough be or be not a corporate town or borough, or be or be not named in either of the schedules to the said Act; provided, nevertheless, that notice of every such petition, and of the time when it shall please Her Majesty to order that the same be taken into consideration by Her Privy Council, shall be published in the London Gazette, one month at least before such petition shall be so considered:

And whereas the inhabitant householders of the borough of Wakefield, in the west riding of the county of York, have presented a petition to Her Majesty in Council, praying, that a charter of incorporation may be granted to the said borough; Her Majesty was this day pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the said petition be taken into consideration by a Committee of the Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, on Saturday the twenty-eighth day of August next.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

Foreign-Office, July 21, 1847.

It is hereby notified, that Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs has received a dispatch, dated the 3d instant, from Sir Hamilton Seymour, Her Majesty's Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary at Lisbon, containing a Decree of the Queen of Portugal, of which the following is a translation:

Decree.

The motives having ceased for which the Bar of the river Douro was declared in a state of blockade, under Decree of the 20th of October last, I am pleased to cause it to be published, that the town of Oporto is open to navigation, as it was previously to that Decree, as also all other ports in the river Douro.

The Ministers, &c. of the several departments shall so cause it to be executed, &c.

Palace of Necessidades, July 1, 1847.

(Manu Regia) RAINHA.

Countersigned by all the Ministers.

Foreign-Office, July 23, 1847.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to appoint the Honourable Frederick Bruce to be Her Majesty's Consul General in the Republick of Bolivia.

The Queen has also been graciously pleased to appoint James Brooke, Esq. to be Her Majesty's Commissioner and Consul General to the Sultan and Independent Chiefs in the island of Borneo.

Cambridge-House, July 22, 1847.

The Duke of Cambridge has been pleased to appoint the Reverend William Henry Dickinson to be one of His Royal Highness's Chaplains.

FROM THE

SUPPLEMENT

TO THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JULY 23, 1847.

By the QUEEN.

A PROCLAMATION,

For Dissolving the present Parliament, and Declaring the Calling of another.

VICTORIA, R.

WHEREAS We have thought fit, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council, to dissolve this present Parliament, which was this day prorogued and stands prorogued to Tuesday the twenty-first day of September next: We do for that end publish this Our Royal Proclamation, and do hereby dissolve the said Parliament accordingly; and the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Knights, Citizens, and Burgesses, and the Commissioners for shires and burghs, of the House of Commons are discharged from their meeting and attendance on the said Tuesday the twenty-first day of September next: and We, being desirous and resolved, as soon as may be, to meet Our people, and to have their advice in Parliament, do hereby make known to all Our loving subjects Our Royal will and

pleasure to call a new Parliament; and do hereby further declare, that, with the advice of Our Privy Council, We have given order that Our Chancellor of that part of Our United Kingdom called Great Britain, and Our Chancellor of Ireland, do, respectively, upon notice thereof, forthwith issue out writs in due form, and according to law, for calling a new Parliament: and We do hereby also, by this Our Royal Proclamation under Our Great Seal of Our United Kingdom, require writs forthwith to be issued accordingly by Our said Chancellors respectively, for causing the Lords Spiritual and Temporal and Commons, who are to serve in the said Parliament, to be duly returned to, and give their attendance in, Our said Parliament; which writs are to be returnable on Tuesday the twenty-first day of September next.

Given at Our Court at Buckingham-Palace, this twenty-third day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven, and in the eleventh year of Our reign.

GOD save the QUEEN.

By the QUEEN.

A PROCLAMATION,

In order to the Electing and Summoning the Sixteen Peers of Scotland.

VICTORIA, R.

WHEREAS We have in Our Council thought fit to declare Our pleasure for summoning and holding a Parliament of Our United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, on Tuesday the

twenty-first day of September next ensuing the date hereof; in order, therefore, to the electing and summoning the Sixteen Peers of Scotland, who are to sit in the House of Peers in the said Parliament, We do, by the advice of Our Privy Council, issue forth this Our Royal Proclamation, strictly charging and commanding all the Peers of Scotland to assemble and meet at Holyrood-house, in Edinburgh, on Wednesday the eighth day of September next ensuing, between the hours of twelve and two in the afternoon, to nominate and choose the Sixteen Peers, to sit and vote in the House of Peers in the said ensuing Parliament, by open election and plurality of voices of the Peers that shall be then present, and of the proxies of such as shall be absent (such proxies being Peers, and producing a mandate in writing, duly signed before witnesses, and both the constituent and proxy being qualified according to law); and the Lord Clerk Register, or such two of the Principal Clerks of the Session as shall be appointed by him to officiate in his name, are hereby respectively required to attend such Meeting, and to administer the oaths required by law to be taken there by the said Peers, and to take their votes; and immediately after such election made and duly examined, to certify the names of the Sixteen Peers so elected, and to sign and attest the same in the presence of the said Peers the electors, and return such certificate into Our High Court of Chancery of Great Britain. And We do, by this Our Royal Proclamation, strictly command and require the Provost of Edinburgh, and all other the Magistrates of the said city, to take especial care to preserve the peace thereof, during the time of the said election, and to prevent all manner of riots, tumults, disorders, and violence whatsoever. And We

strictly charge and command that this Our Royal Proclamation be duly published at the Market-Cross, at Edinburgh, and in all the county towns of Scotland, twenty-five days, at least, before the time hereby appointed for the Meeting of the said Peers to proceed to such election.

Witness Ourself at Westminster, this twenty-third day of July one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven, and in the eleventh year of Our reign.

GOD save the QUEEN.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JULY 27, 1847.

Buckingham-Palace, July 23, 1847.

THIS day Her Majesty, accompanied by His Royal Highness Prince Albert, proceeded in state from Buckingham-Palace to the House of Peers, where she arrived soon after two o'clock; and was received, on alighting from her state coach, by the Lord Chancellor, the Lord President of the Council, the Lord Privy Seal, the Lord Great Chamberlain, the Lord Steward of the Household, the Duke of Wellington, Garter King of Arms, and Black Rod, and proceeded to the robing-room in the customary manner.

Her Majesty was there robed, and the procession moved into the House in the usual order;—the sword of state was borne by the

Duke of Wellington, the cap of maintenance by the Marquess of Winchester, and the crown by the Marquess of Lansdowne.

Her Majesty being seated on the Throne, and His Royal Highness Prince Albert on a Chair on the left side of the Cloth of Estate, the Great Officers of State and others standing on the right and left, Sir Augustus Clifford, Bart. Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, was sent with a message from Her Majesty to the House of Commons, commanding their attendance in the House of Peers. The Commons being come thither accordingly, Her Majesty was pleased to deliver the following most gracious Speech to both Houses of Parliament:

My Lords, and Gentlemen,

I HAVE much satisfaction in being able to release you from the duties of a laborious and anxious session. I cannot take leave of you without expressing my grateful sense of the assiduity and zeal with which you have applied yourselves to the consideration of the public interests.

Your attention has been principally directed to the measures of immediate relief which a great and unprecedented calamity rendered necessary.

I have given my cheerful assent to those laws which, by allowing the free admission of grain, and by affording facilities for the use of sugar in breweries and distilleries, tend to increase the quantity of human food, and to promote commercial intercourse.

I rejoice to find that you have in no instance proposed new restrictions, or interfered with the liberty of foreign or internal trade, as a mode of relieving distress. I feel assured that such

measures are generally ineffectual, and in some cases aggravate the evils for the alleviation of which they are adopted.

I cordially approve of the acts of large and liberal bounty by which you have assuaged the sufferings of my Irish subjects. I have also readily given my sanction to a law to make better provision for the permanent relief of the destitute in Ireland. I have likewise given my assent to various Bills calculated to promote the agriculture and develop the industry of that portion of the United Kingdom. My attention shall be directed to such further measures as may be conducive to those salutary purposes.

My relations with foreign powers continue to inspire me with confidence in the maintenance of peace.

It has afforded me great satisfaction to find that the measures which, in concert with the King of the French, the Queen of Spain, and the Queen of Portugal, I have taken for the pacification of Portugal, have been attended with success, and that the civil war which for many months had afflicted that country has at last been brought to a bloodless termination.

I indulge the hope that future differences between political parties in that country may be settled without an appeal to arms.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons,

I thank you for your willingness in granting me the necessary supplies; they shall be applied with due care and economy to the public service.

I am happy to inform you, that, notwithstanding the high price of food, the revenue has, up to the present time, been more productive than I had reason to anticipate. The increased use of articles

This Gazette also contains an Order in Council, relative to a scheme, duly prepared by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, for augmenting the income of the Perpetual Curate of Saint Thomas, Charterhouse, by further apportioning the income of the Rector of Saint Catharine Coleman, in the diocese of London.

This Gazette likewise contains the approval of Her Majesty in Council to the following scheme, from Her Majesty's Commissioners for building new churches, viz.

To alter the boundaries of particular districts previously assigned to the consecrated churches of Saint James, at Heckmondwike, and Saint John, at Cleckheaton, and the church at Birkenshaw, all of which are situate in the parish of Birstall, in the west riding of the county of York, and within the diocese of Ripon; and likewise to assign particular districts to three other consecrated churches in the said parish of Birstall, namely, to All Saints' Church, at Robert-town, to the old church or chapel at Drighlington, and to the old church or chapel at Whitechapel, and that such districts should be severally named, "The Chapelry District of Robert-town," "The Chapelry District of Drighlington," and "The Chapelry District of Whitechapel."

Board of Green Cloth, St. James's-Palace, July 23, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint the Right Honourable Arthur Marcus Cecil Hill,

of general consumption has chiefly contributed to this result. The revenue derived from sugar, especially, has been greatly augmented by the removal of the prohibitory duties on foreign sugar.

The various grants which you have made for education in the United Kingdom will, I trust, be conducive to the religious and moral improvement of my people.

My Lords, and Gentlemen,

I think proper to inform you, that it is my intention immediately to dissolve the present Parliament.

I rely with confidence on the loyalty to the Throne and attachment to the free institutions of this country which animate the great body of my people. I join with them in supplications to Almighty God, that the dearth by which we have been afflicted may, by the Divine blessing, be converted into cheapness and plenty.

Then the Lord Chancellor, by Her Majesty's command, said,

My Lords, and Gentlemen,

It is Her Majesty's royal will and pleasure, that this Parliament be prorogued to Tuesday the twenty-first day of September next, to be then here holden; and this Parliament is accordingly prorogued to Tuesday the twenty-first day of September next.

This Gazette also contains an Order in Council, relative to a scheme, duly prepared by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, for augmenting the income of the Perpetual Curate of Saint Thomas, Charterhouse, by further apportioning the income of the Rector of Saint Catharine Coleman, in the diocese of London.

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Board of Green Cloth, St. James's-Palace, July 23, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint the Right Honourable Arthur Marcus Cecil Hill,

commonly called Lord Marcus Hill, Treasurer of Her Majesty's Household, vice the Right Honourable Robert Grosvenor, commonly called Lord Robert Grosvenor, resigned.

The Queen has also been pleased to appoint the Right Honourable William Sebright Lascelles, Comptroller of Her Majesty's Household, vice the Right Honourable Arthur Marcus Cecil Hill, commonly called Lord Marcus Hill.

Downing-Street, July 27, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint William Darnell Davis, Esq. to be Chief Justice, and William Snagg, Esq. to be Her Majesty's Attorney General, for the island of Grenada.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JULY 30, 1847.

THIS Gazette contains the approval of Her Majesty in Council to the following schemes, from Her Majesty's Commissioners for building new churches, viz.

To assign a particular district to the new church of Saint George, situate at Stayly-bridge, in the parish of Ashton-under-Lyne, in the county of Lancaster, and within the diocese of Chester, and that such district should be named, "The Chapelry District of New Saint George, Staly-bridge."

To unite and consolidate certain contiguous parts of the parish of Saint Mary the Virgin, in the county and diosese of Oxford, and the parish of Iffley, in the same county and diocese, and to form the same into one consolidated chapelry for the church at Littlemore, called the Church of St. Mary the Virgin and St. Nicholas, situate in the said parish of St. Mary the Virgin, in Oxford, and that such consolidated chapelry should be called, "The Consolidated Chapelry of Littlemore."

Crown-Office, July 30, 1847.

MEMBERS returned to serve in the PARLIAMENT summoned to be holden at Westminster, on Tuesday the 21st day of September 1847.

City of York.

Henry Galgacus Redhead Yorke, Esq.
John George Smyth, Esq.

City of Chester.

The Right Honourable Hugh Lupus Earl Grosvenor.
Sir John Jervis, Knt. Her Majesty's Attorney General.

City of Exeter.

Sir John Thomas Buller Duckworth, Bart.
Edward Divett, Esq.

City of Gloucester.

Captain the Honourable Maurice Frederick Fitzhardinge Berkeley, R.N.
Henry Thomas Hope, Esq.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of AUGUST 3, 1847.

THIS Gazette contains an Order in Council, relative to a scheme, duly prepared by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, for annexing to a canonical residence in the cathedral church of Saint David's, certain land in the vicinity thereof.

This Gazette also contains the approval of Her Majesty in Council to the following schemes, from Her Majesty's Commissioners for building new churches, viz.

To assign a particular district to the consecrated church of Saint George, situate at Bourton, in the parish of Gillingham, in the county of Dorset, and within the diocese of Salisbury, and that such district should be called, "The Chapelry District of Bourton."

To assign a particular district to the consecrated church of Saint John, situate at Burscough Bridge, in the parish of Ormskirk, in the county of Lancaster, and within the diocese of Chester, and that such district should be named, "The Chapelry District of St. John, Burscough Bridge."

At the Court at *Buckingham-Palace*, the 22d day of *July* 1847,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the fifty-ninth year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act to "carry into effect a convention of commerce "concluded between His Majesty and the United "States of America, and a treaty with the Prince "Regent of Portugal," whereby, after reciting certain provisions contained in certain treaties or conventions made between His said late Majesty and the United States of America, and between His said late Majesty and the Prince Regent of Portugal, divers provisions were made respecting the duties payable and the bounties and allowances to be granted upon the importation and exportation of goods, wares, and merchandize into or from the United Kingdom in vessels of the United States and in Portuguese vessels, and respecting the repayment to certain corporations, bodies politic and corporate, and sundry other persons, of the amount of the sums of money of which they would be deprived by means of the said Act:

And whereas by an Act, passed in the session of Parliament holden in the eighth and ninth years of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act for granting duties of "Customs," it is, amongst other things, enacted and declared, that, from and after the ratification of any treaty heretofore made by Her Majesty, and any of Her royal predecessors, subsequently to the said first hereinbefore recited Act, or of

any treaty which may hereafter be made by Her Majesty, Her heirs and successors, with any foreign power, in which treaty have been or shall be contained provisions similar to those recited in the said first hereinbefore recited Act, all and every the provisions, clauses, matters, and things in the said first hereinbefore recited Act contained, shall apply and extend to the trade and shipping of such foreign powers, respectively, as fully and effectually to all intents and purposes as to the trade and shipping of the said United States and of the said kingdom of Portugal, and also shall apply and extend to differential duties or charges on goods imported or exported in the ships of such foreign powers, as well as to differential duties on the ships of such foreign powers:

And whereas by the last recited Act it is further enacted, that it shall and may be lawful for Her Majesty, Her heirs and successors, by any Order or Orders to be by Her or them made with the advice of Her or their Privy Council, and published in the London Gazette, from time to time to declare what are the foreign powers with which any such treaty or treaties aforesaid is or are subsisting, and that the said recited Acts shall apply and shall be deemed, from the time of the ratification of any such treaties, to have been applicable to the trade and shipping of such foreign countries as shall be so mentioned in any such Order or Orders in Council as aforesaid, so long as any such Order or Orders shall continue unrevoked, and no longer:

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, and, in pursuance and exercise of the powers vested in Her by the said Act of the eighth and ninth years of Her Majesty's reign, doth hereby declare, that a treaty has been concluded and is now subsisting between

Her Majesty and His Imperial and Royal Highness the Grand Duke of Tuscany:

And the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury are to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

Whitehall, August 2, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, constituting and appointing the Right Honourable John Russell (commonly called Lord John Russell), the Right Honourable Sir Charles Wood, Bart. Hugh Fortescue, Esq. (commonly called Viscount Ebrington), William Gibson Craig, Esq. Henry Rich, Esq. and Richard Montesquieu Bellew, Esq. Commissioners for executing the offices of Treasurer of the Exchequer of Great Britain and Lord High Treasurer of Ireland.

Crown-Office, July 30, 1847.

MEMBERS returned to serve in the PARLIAMENT summoned to be holden at Westminster, on Tuesday the 21st day of September 1847.

City of London.

The Right Honourable John Russell, commonly called Lord John Russell.

James Pattison, Esq.

Lionel Nathan Rothschild, commonly called Baron Lionel Nathan de Rothschild.

John Masterman, Esq.

July 31*st*, 1847.

Town of Kingston-upon-Hull.

Matthew Talbot Baines, Esq. of the Temple, London, one of Her Majesty's Counsel Learned in the Law.

James Clay, Esq. of Montague-square, in the county of Middlesex.

City of Lincoln.

Charles De Laet Waldo Sibthorp, Esq.

Charles Seely, Esq.

Town of Newcastle-upon-Tyne.

William Ord, of Whitfield-hall, in the county of Northumberland, Esq.

Thomas Emerson Headlam, of Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Esq. Barrister at Law.

Burghs of Haddington, Dunbar, North Berwick, Lauder, and Jedburgh.

Sir Henry Robert Ferguson Davie, Bart. of Creedy.

City of Canterbury.

Sir Albert Denison Conyngham, Knt. commonly called Lord Albert Denison Conyngham, of Heden, in the county of Kent.

The Honourable George Percy Sydney Smythe, of Westenhanger, in the said county.

Town of Nottingham.

Feargus O'Connor, of Lombands, in the parish of Red Marley, in the county of Worcester, Esq.

John Walter the younger, of Bearwood, in the county of Berks, Esq.

August 2d.

Burghs of Renfrew, Rutherglen, Dumbarton, Kilmarnock, and Port Glasgow.

Edward Pleydell Bouverie, Esq.

City of Bristol.

The Honourable Francis Henry Fitzhardinge Berkeley, of Spring-gardens, Westminster.

Philip William Skynner Miles, of King's Weston, Gloucestershire, and of Bristol, Esq.

City of Lichfield.

Alfred Henry Paget, Esq. commonly called Lord Alfred Henry Paget, of Beaudesert, in the county of Stafford.

The Honourable Thomas George Anson, commonly called Viscount Anson, of Ranton Abbey, in the said county.

Burghs of Dysart, Kirkaldy, Kinghorn, and Burntisland.

Robert Ferguson, Esq. of Raith.

Burghs of Cupar, St. Andrew's, Anstruther Easter, Anstruther Wester, Crail, Kilrenny, and Pittenweem.

Edward Ellice, junior, of London, Esq.

Burghs of Leith, Portobello, and Musselburgh.

Andrew Rutherford, Esq. of Lawrieston, Advocate.

County Borough of Carmarthen.

David Morris, of the said county of the borough of Carmarthen, Esq.

Town of Haverfordwest.

John Evans, Esq. one of Her Majesty's Counsel Learned in the Law.

Town of Poole.

George Richard Robinson, Esq.
George Richard Philips, Esq.

August 3d.

City of Worcester.

Osman Ricardo, Esq.
Francis Rufford, Esq.

Office of the Poor Law Commissioners, Somerset-House, July 30, 1847.

In pursuance of an Act, passed in the session of Parliament held in the fourth and fifth years of the reign of His late Majesty King William the Fourth, intituled "An Act for the amendment and better administration of the laws relating to the poor in England and Wales," and of the subsequent Act amending and explaining the same; and of the Act of the second year of the reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, intituled "An Act for the more effectual relief of the destitute poor in Ireland:"

This is to give notice, that the Poor Law Commissioners have appointed Richard Bourke, Esq. Barrister at Law, and Pierce Marcus Barron, of Glenview, in the county of Waterford, Esq. to be Assistant Commissioners to act in Ireland, and as such Assistant Commissioners to carry the said last-mentioned Act into execution; and that the said Richard Bourke, on the 21st day of July instant,

and the said Pierce Marcus Barron, on the 23d day of July instant, respectively took the oath required by the said first-mentioned Act before the Honourable Sir Thomas Joshua Platt, one of the Barons of Her Majesty's Court of Exchequer, at his chambers, in Rolls'-gardens, Chancery-lane.

Office of the Poor Law Commissioners, Somerset-House, July 31, 1847.

In pursuance of an Act, passed in the session of Parliament held in the fourth and fifth years of the reign of His late Majesty King William the Fourth, intituled "An Act for the amendment and better administration of the laws relating to the poor in England and Wales," and of the subsequent Act amending and explaining the same; and of the Act of the second year of the reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, intituled "An Act for the more effectual relief of the destitute poor in Ireland:"

This is to give notice, that the Poor Law Commissioners have appointed William Stanley, of Mount-pleasant-square, Dublin, Esq. to be an Assistant Commissioner to act in Ireland, and as such Assistant Commissioner to carry the said last-mentioned Act into execution; and that the said William Stanley, on the 26th day of July instant, took the oath required by the said first-mentioned Act before the Honourable Sir Thomas Joshua Platt, one of the Barons of Her Majesty's Court of Exchequer, at his chambers, in Rolls'-gardens, Chancery-lane.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of AUGUST 6, 1847.

THIS Gazette contains an Order in Council, relative to a scheme, duly prepared by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, for carrying into effect a certain agreement made by the said Commissioners, for commuting the estate, right, and interest of the Reverend George Oliver, Doctor in Divinity, in the manors, messuages, farms, lands, tithes, rent charges, and other commutations for tithes, tenements, and hereditaments belonging to him in respect of his office of Sacrist of the collegiate church or royal free chapel of Wolverhampton, in the county of Stafford.

A similar Order, for substituting a money payment to the Canon and Prebendary of the prebend of Weighton, in the cathedral church of York, for the property belonging to him as such Ccanon and Prebendary.

A similar Order, for altering the bounds of the district of the Weir, in the city of Bristol, and in the diocese of Gloucester and Bristol.

St James's-Palace, August 3, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint the following Chaplains in Ordinary to Her Majesty:

The Reverend Dr. Charles Wesley.

The Reverend Evan Nepean.

Foreign-Office, August 3, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to approve of Mr. Whitmore Scovell, as Consul at Dublin for the Free Hanseatic City of Bremen.

The Queen has also been pleased to approve of Mr. H. C. Stakemann, as Consul at Port Adelaide for the Free Hanseatic City of Hamburgh.

The Queen has also been pleased to approve of Mr. Robert Newman Hunt, as Consul General in the United Kingdom for the Imaum of Muscat.

Crown-Office, August 3, 1847.

MEMBERS returned to serve in the PARLIAMENT summoned to be holden at Westminster, on Tuesday the 21st day of September 1847.

City of Norwich.

Arthur Richard Wellesley, commonly called Marquess of Douro.

Samuel Morton Peto, of Somerleyton-hall, in the county of Suffolk, Esq.

August 4th.

Burghs of Wigton, New Galloway, Stranraer, and Whithorn.

Sir John M'Taggart, of Ardwell, in the county of Wigton, Bart.

Burghs of Dumfries, Sanquhar, Annan, Lochmaben, and Kirkcudbright.

William Ewart, of Cambridge-square, London, Esq.

Cinque Ports.

Town and Port of Dover.

Edward Royd Rice, Esq.
Sir George Clerk, Bart.

Town and Port of Hastings.

Robert Hollond, of the Allegria, Saint Leonard's, in the said town, Esq.
Musgrave Brisco, of Coghurst, in the county of Sussex, Esq.

Town and Port of Sandwich.

Clarence Paget, Esq. commonly called Lord Clarence Paget.
Charles William Grenfell, Esq.

Town and Port of Hythe.

Edward Drake Brockman, Esq.

Town and Port of Rye.

Herbert Barrett Curteis, of Windmill-hill, in the parish of Worthing, in the county of Sussex, Esq.

Town of Berwick-upon-Tweed.

Matthew Forster, of Hampstead, in the county of Middlesex, Esq.
John Campbell Renton, of Lamberton, in the county of Berwick, Esq.

Town of Southampton.

Alexander James Edmund Cockburn, of Wakehurst-place, in the county of Sussex, Esq.
Brodie M'Ghie Willcox, of Dorset-square, in the county of Middlesex, Esq.

August 5th.

Burghs of Inverkeithing, Dunfermline, Queensferry, Culross, and Stirling.

John Benjamin Smith, of Vicar's Field-house, Eccles, Lancashire, Esq.

County of Flint.

The Honourable Edward Mostyn Lloyd Mostyn, of Mostyn-hall.

Borough of Flint.

Sir John Hanmer, of Bettisfield-park, in the county of Flint, Bart.

County of Leicester.

Northern Division.

Charles Somerset Manners, commonly called Lord Charles Somerset Manners.
Edward Basil Farnham, Esq.

Southern Division.

Sir Henry Halford, Bart.
Charles William Packe, Esq.

Borough of Leicester.

Sir Joshua Walmsley, of Liverpool, and of Snibston, in the county of Leicester, Knt.
Richard Gardner, of Manchester, and of Piccadilly, in the county of Middlesex, Esq.

County of Hertford.

Thomas Plumer Halsey, of the Hall, Great Berkhamsted, Esq.
Thomas Brand, of the Hoo, Esq.
Sir Henry Meux, of Theobald's-park, Bart.

Borough of Hertford.

Philip Henry Stanhope, commonly called Viscount Mahon.
The Honourable William Francis Cowper.

Borough of Saint Alban.

Alexander Raphael, of Surbiton-place, in the county of Surrey, Esq.
George William John Repton, of Bolton-street, Piccadilly, in the county of Middlesex, Esq.

County of Berks.

Robert Palmer, Esq.
Philip Pusey, Esq.
The Right Honourable William Keppel Viscount Barrington.

Borough of Reading.

Francis Pigott, Esq.
Thomas Noon Talfourd, Esq.

Borough of New Windsor.

Colonel George Alexander Reid, of Bulstrode-park, in the county of Buckingham.
John Hay, commonly called Lord John Hay, Captain R.N. C.B. one of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty.

Borough of Wallingford.

William Seymour Blackstone, of Howbery, in the county of Oxford, Esq.

Borough of Abingdon.

Sir Frederic Thesiger, of Bryanstone-square, in the county of Middlesex, Knt.

August 6th.

County of Berwick.

The Honourable Francis Scott, of Mertoun-house.

County of Stirling.

The Right Honourable Henry Pelham Pelham Clinton, commonly called the Earl of Lincoln.

County of Dumfries.

Archibald William Douglas, commonly called Viscount Drumlanrig.

County of Lanark.

William Lockhart, of Miltown Lockhart, Esq.

City of Glasgow.

John M'Gregor, of Lowndes-square, London, Esq.
Alexander Hastie, Merchant, Lord Provost of the city of Glasgow.

County of Derby.

Northern Division.

The Honourable George Henry Cavendish, of Ashford-hall, in the said county.
William Evans, of Allestree-hall, in the said county, Esq.

Southern Division.

Edward Miller Mundy, of Shipley hall, in the said county, Esq.
Charles Robert Colvile, of Lullington, in the said county, Esq.

Borough of Derby.

The Right Honourable Edward Strutt, of Kingston-hall, in the county of Nottingham.
The Honourable Frederick Leveson Gower, of the Inner-temple, London.

We, whose names are hereunto subscribed, being three of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, do, under authority of an Act, passed in the session of Parliament holden in the ninth and tenth years of the reign of Her present Majesty Queen Victoria, intituled "An Act to amend the laws relating to the Customs," hereby annul, from and after the fifth day of July next, the limits of the port of Leith, as set out and appointed by a Return, dated the twenty-third day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and twenty-eight, to a Commission issued out of the Court of Exchequer, at Edinburgh, dated nineteenth day of December preceeding, in so far as the said limits include the town or village and creek of Eyemouth, and that part of the coast of Berwickshire adjoining thereto, which extends from the promontory or point of land, called Saint Abb's Head, to the place called the Bound-road, lying about three miles north of the town of Berwick; and we do hereby, under authority of the said Act, from and after the said fifth day of July next, annex to the port of Berwick-upon-Tweed the said town or village and creek of Eyemouth, and the coast from Saint Abb's Head to the said Bound-road; and

we do declare, that the same shall, from and after the said day, be within and form part of the limits of the said port of Berwick-upon-Tweed, and shall extend to seaward from the said Bound-road to a point opposite thereto, in a right line from the shore about one mile, and from thence, north eastward, to a point bearing due east from Saint Abb's Head four leagues.

Whitehall, Treasury-chambers, the 7th day of May 1847,
(Signed) *Ebrington.*
H. Rich.
W. Gibson Craig.

We, whose names are hereunto subscribed, being three of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, do, under authority of an Act, passed in the session of Parliament holden in the ninth and tenth years of the reign of Her present Majesty Queen Victoria, intituled "An Act to amend the laws relating to the Customs," hereby annul, from and after the fifth day of July next, the limits of the port of Berwick-upon-Tweed, as set out and appointed by a Return, dated the fifth day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fifty-three, to a Commission issued out of the Court of Exchequer, at Westminster, dated the seventh day of March preceding, in so far as the said limits include Aln Water, or the creek of Alnmouth, in the said Return mentioned; and we do hereby, under authority of the said Act, from and after the said fifth day of July next, annex the said Aln Water, or creek of Alnmouth, to the port of Newcastle,

and do declare, that the same shall, from and after the said day, be within and form part of the limits of the said port of Newcastle.

Whitehall, Treasury-chambers, the 7th day of May 1847,

(Signed) *Ebrington.*
H. Rich.
W. Gibson Craig.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of AUGUST 10, 1847.

THIS Gazette contains an Order in Council, relative to a scheme, duly prepared by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, for substituting a money payment to the Treasurer of the cathedral church of Saint David's, for the property belonging to him as such Treasurer.

A similar Order, for newly arranging the rural deanries within the archdeaconry of Bath, and for abolishing peculiar and exempt jurisdictions in the diocese of Bath and Wells.

Foreign-Office, August 9, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to approve of Mr. Richard Pearce, as Consul at Penzance for His Majesty the King of the Belgians.

Downing-Street, August 10, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint E. M. Cole, Esq. to be Commissioner to reside with the Tambookie Tribe of Kafirs, at the settlement of the Cape of Good Hope.

Her Majesty has further been pleased to appoint William T. Mercer, Esq. to be Her Majesty's Treasurer, and C. B. Hillier, Esq. to be Chief Magistrate, for the island of Hong Kong.

Crown-Office, August 7, 1847.

MEMBERS returned to serve in the PARLIAMENT summoned to be holden at Westminster, on Tuesday the 21st day of September 1847.

County Palatine of Lancaster.

Northern Division.

John Wilson Patten, of Bank-hall, in the said county palatine, Esq.
James Heywood, of Acresfield, in the said county palatine, Esq.

Southern Division.

William Browne, of Liverpool, Esq.
The Honourable Charles Pelham Villiers, of the city of Westminster.

Borough of Lancaster.

Samuel Gregson, of Upper Harley-street, in the county of Middlesex, Esq.
Thomas Greene, of Whittington-hall, in the county palatine of Lancaster, Esq.

Borough of Preston.

Sir George Strickland, of Boynton, in the county of York, Bart.
Charles Pascoe Grenfell, of Belgrave-square, in the county of Middlesex, Esq.

Borough of Liverpool.

Edward Cardwell, Esq.
Sir Thomas Bernard Birch, Bart.

Borough of Wigan.

Lieutenant Colonel the Honourable James Lindsay, of Haigh-hall, in the county palatine of Lancaster.
Ralph Anthony Thicknesse, of Beech-hill, Wigan, Esq.

Borough of Manchester.

The Right Honourable Thomas Milner Gibson and
John Bright, Esq.

Borough of Bolton.

William Bolling, Esq.
John Bowring, LL. D.

Borough of Blackburn.

John Hornby, of Park-crescent, in the parish of Saint Mary-le-bone, in the county of Middlesex, Esq.
James Pilkington, of Park-place, Blackburn, Esq.

Borough of Oldham.

William Johnson Fox, of Charlotte-street, Bedford-square, in the county of Middlesex, Esq.
John Duncuft, of Westwood-house, Oldham, Esq.

Borough of Clitheroe.

Matthew Wilson, of Eshton-hall, in the west riding of the county of York, Esq.

Borough of Ashton-under-Lyne.

Charles Hindley, Esq.

Borough of Bury.

Richard Walker, Esq.

Borough of Rochdale.

William Sharman Crawford, of Crawfordsburn, in the county of Down, Esq.

Borough of Salford.

Joseph Brotherton, Esq.

Borough of Warrington.

Gilbert Greenall, Esq.

County of Hereford.

Joseph Bailey the younger, of Easton-court, in the county of Hereford, Esq.

Francis Richard Haggitt, of Belmont, in the said county, Esq.

George Cornewall Lewis, of Kent-house, Knightsbridge, in the county of Middlesex, Esq.

City of Hereford.

Sir Robert Price, of Foxley, in the county of Hereford, Bart.

Henry Morgan Clifford, of Llantilio Crosseny, in the county of Monmouth, Esq.

Borough of Leominster.

George Arkwright, of Sutton-hall, in the county of Derby, Esq.

Henry Barkly, of Eaton-place West, Belgrave-square, in the city of Westminster, Esq.

County of Westmorland.

The Honourable Henry Cecil Lowther, of Lowther, in the said county.

William Thompson, of Underley, in the said county, Esq. and one of the Aldermen of the city of London.

Borough of Kendal.

George Carr Glyn, Esq.

County of Renfrew.

Colonel William Mure, of Caldwell.

Town of Greenock.

William Hugh Elliott, commonly called Viscount Melgund.

Town of Paisley.

Archibald Hastie, Esq.

County of Wigton.

John Dalrymple the younger, of Fordel and Cleland, Esq.

County of Ayr.

Alexander Oswald, Esq.

County of Perth.

Henry Home Drummond, of Blair Drummond, Esq.

Town of Perth.

The Right Honourable Fox Maule, Her Majesty's Secretary at War.

County of Stirling.

William Forbes, of Callendar, Esq.

County of Glamorgan.

Christopher Rice Mansel Talbot, Esq.
Edwin Richard Wyndham Quin, commonly called Viscount Adair.

Borough of Swansea.

John Henry Vivian, of Singleton, in the said borough, Esq.

Borough of Cardiff.

The Right Honourable John Nicholl, of Merthyr-mawr, in the county of Glamorgan, Doctor of Laws.

Borough of Merthyr Tydvil.

Sir Josiah John Guest, Bart.

9th August 1847.

County of Caithness.

George Traill, of Ratter, Esq.

County of Inverness.

Henry James Baillie the younger, of Tarradale and Redcastle, Esq.

Counties of Clackmannan and Kinross.

Major General William Morison, of Greenfield, C.B.

Burghs of Fortrose, Inverness, Nairn, and Forres.

Alexander Matheson, of Ardross, in the county of Ross, Esq.

County of Selkirk.

Allan Eliott Lockhart, of Borthwickbrae, Esq.

County of Aberdeen.

Rear Admiral the Honourable Willm. Gordon, R.N.

City of Aberdeen.

Alexander Dingwall Fordyce, Esq. of Culsh and Brucklay, Commander, R. N.

County of Roxburgh.

The Honourable John Edmund Elliot.

Burghs of Elgin, Cullen, Banff, Inverary, Kintore, and Peterhead.

George Skene Duff, Esq.

County of Haddington.

The Honourable Francis Charteris.

County of Argyll.

Duncan M'Neill, Esq. Dean of the Faculty of Advocates.

County of Kincardine.

Lieutenant General the Honourable Hugh Arbuthnott, of Hatton.

County of Linlithgow.

George Dundas the younger, of Dundas, Esq.

County of Merioneth.

Richard Richards, of Caerynwch, in the said county, Esq.

County of Southampton.

Northern Division.

The Right Honourable Charles Shaw Lefevre, of Heckfield-place, in the said county.

Sir William Heathcote, of Hursley-park, in the said county, Bart.

Southern Division.

Charles Wellesley, commonly called Lord Charles Wellesley.
Henry Combe Compton, of Manor-house, Minstead, in the said county, Esq.

City of Winchester.

John Bonham Carter, Esq.
Sir James Buller East, Bart.

Borough of Portsmouth.

The Right Honourable Francis Thornhill Baring, of Stratton-park, in the said county.
Sir George Thomas Staunton, Bart. of Leigh-park, in the said county.

Borough of Newport.

William Henry Chicheley Plowden, Devonshire-place, in the county of Middlesex, Esq.
Charles Wykeham Martin, of Leeds Castle, in the county of Kent, Esq.

Borough of Lymington.

William Alexander Mackinnon, of Hyde-park-place, in the county of Middlesex, Esq.
The Honourable George Thomas Keppel, of Grosvenor-square, in the said county of Middlesex.

Borough of Andover.

Henry Beaumont Coles, of Middleton-house, in the county of Southampton, Esq.
William Cubitt, of Bedford-hill, Streatham, in the county of Surrey, Esq.

Borough of Christchurch.

The Honourable Edward Alfred John Harris.

Borough of Petersfield.

Sir William George Hylton Jolliffe, Bart.

County of Radnor.

Sir John Walsh, Bart. of Warfield-park, in the county of Berks.

Borough of Radnor.

The Right Honourable Sir Thomas Frankland Lewis, Bart.

County of Rutland.

Gilbert John Heathcote, of Stocken-hall, in the said county, Esq.

The Honourable Gerard James Noel, of Exton, in the said county.

County of Suffolk.

Eastern Division.

The Right Honourable Frederic Baron Rendlesham.

Edward Sherloch Gooch, of Ashmans, in the said county, Esq.

Western Division.

Harry Spencer Waddington, of Caverham, in the said county, Esq.

Philip Bennet the younger, of Rougham, in the said county, Esq.

Borough of Ipswich.

John Chevallier Cobbold, of Ipswich, Esq.

Hugh Edward Adair, of Flixton-hall, in the said county, Esq.

Borough of Bury St. Edmunds.

The Right Honourable Frederick William Hervey, commonly called Earl Jermyn.

Edward Herbert Bunbury, Esq.

Borough of Eye.

Lieutenant General Sir Edward Kerrison, of Oakley-park, in the county of Suffolk, G. C. B.

County of Montgomery.

The Right Honourable Charles Watkin Williams Wynn, of Pentrego, in the said county.

Borough of Montgomery.

The Honourable Hugh Cholmondeley.
David Pugh, Esq.

County of Brecknock.

Joseph Bailey, of Glanysh-park, in the said county, Esq.

Borough of Brecknock.

John Lloyd Vaughan Watkins, of Pennoyre, in the said county, Esq.

August 10th.

County of Sussex.

Eastern Division.

Augustus Elliott Fuller, of Rose-hill, in the said county, Esq.
Charles Hay Frewen, of Northiam, in the said county, Esq.

Western Division.

Charles Henry Gordon Lennox, commonly called Earl of March.
Richard Prime, of Watberton, Esq.

City of Chichester.

John Abel Smith, Esq.
Henry Gordon Lennox, commonly called Lord Henry Gordon Lennox.

Borough of New Shoreham.

Sir Charles Merrik Burrell, of Knepp-castle, Bart.

Charles Goring, of Wistow, in the county of Sussex, Esq.

Borough of Lewes.

The Honourable Henry Fitzroy, of Grosvenor-street, in the county of Middlesex.

Robert Perfect, of Bryanston-square, in the said county, Esq.

Borough of Brighton.

Captain George Richard Pechell, R. N. of Castle Goring, in the county of Sussex.

Alfred Hervey, commonly called Lord Alfred Hervey, of Saint James-square, in the county of Middlesex.

Borough of Horsham.

John Jervis, of Eaton-square, in the county of Middlesex, Esq.

Borough of Midhurst.

Spencer Horatio Walpole, of Ealing, in the county of Middlesex, Esq.

Borough of Arundel.

Henry Granville Fitzalan Howard, commonly called the Earl of Arundel and Surrey, of Carlton-terrace, in the county of Middlesex.

County of Lincoln.

Parts of Kesteven and Holland.

Sir John Trollope, of Casewick, in the county of Lincoln, Bart.

William Alleyne Cecil, commonly called Lord Burghley, of Burghley-house, near Stamford.

Parts of Lindsey.

Robert Adam Christopher, of Bloxholme-hall, in the county of Lincoln, Esq.

Sir Montague John Cholmeley, of Norton-place, in the said county, Bart.

Borough of Stamford.

Charles Cecil John Manners, commonly called Marquis of Granby, of Belvoir Castle, in the county of Leicester.

The Right Honourable John Charles Herries, of Saint Julians, Seven Oaks, in the county of Kent.

Borough of Grantham.

Glynne Earle Welby, Esq.

The Honourable Frederick James Tollemache.

Borough of Boston.

Sir James Duke, Knight.

Benjamin Bond Cabbell, Esq.

Borough of Great Grimsby.

Edward Heneage, of Hainton, in the county of Lincoln, Esq.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of AUGUST 13, 1847.

At the Court at *Osborne-House, Isle of Wight,* the 10th day of *August* 1847,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

IT is this day ordered by Her Majesty in Council, that the Right Honourable the Lord High Chancellor of that part of the United Kingdom called Great Britain, do issue writs for proroguing the Parliament, which was appointed to meet on Tuesday the twenty-first day of September next, to Tuesday the twelfth day of October next; also for proroguing the Convocations of the provinces of Canterbury and York, from Wednesday the twenty-second day of September next, to Wednesday the thirteenth day of October next.

This Gazette also contains the approval of Her Majesty in Council to the following scheme, from Her Majesty's Commissioners for building new churches, viz.

To assign a particular district to the consecrated church, called Christ Church, situate in the parish of St. Andrew, Plymouth, in the

county of Devon, and within the diocese of Exeter, and that such district should be named, "The Chapelry District of Christ Church, Plymouth."

Whitehall, August 10, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, granting unto Admiral Sir Thomas Byam Martin, G.C.B. the office or place of Vice Admiral of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and Lieutenant of the Admiralty thereof, in the room of Admiral Sir George Martin, deceased.

The Queen has also been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, granting unto Admiral the Right Honourable Sir George Cockburn, G.C.B. the office or place of Rear Admiral of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the Admiralty thereof, in the room of Admiral Sir Thomas Byam Martin, appointed Vice Admiral of the said United Kingdom.

Whitehall, August 11, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to present the Reverend Alexander Ferrier Mitchell to the church and parish of Dunnichen, in the presbytery and county of Forfar, vacant by the death of the Reverend David Martin, late Minister thereof.

Downing-Street, August 12, 1847.

This is to notify that, in pursuance of an Act, passed in the session of Parliament held in the tenth and eleventh years of the reign of Her

Majesty, intituled "An Act to promote colonization in New Zealand, and to authorize a loan to the New Zealand Company," the Right Honourable Earl Grey, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, has nominated and appointed John W. Cowell, Esq. to be Her Majesty's Special Commissioner for the Affairs of the New Zealand Company.

Crown-Office, August 10, 1847.

MEMBERS returned to serve in the PARLIAMENT summoned to be holden at Westminster, on Tuesday the 21st day of September 1847.

County of Bedford.

John Hume Cust, commonly called Viscount Alford.
Francis Charles Hastings Russell, Esq.

Borough of Bedford.

Sir Harry Verney, Bart.
Henry Stuart, Esq.

County of Nottingham.

Northern Division.

Thomas Houldsworth, Esq.
Lord Henry Bentinck.

Southern Division.

Lancelot Rolleston, Esq.
Thomas Blackborne Thorston Hildyard, Esq.

Borough of Newark.

John Henry Manners Sutton, of Kelham-hall, Nottinghamshire, Esq.
John Stuart, Esq. one of Her Majesty's Counsel Learned in the Law.

Borough of East Retford.

The Honourable Arthur Duncombe, of Kilnwich Percy, in the county of York, Captain, R. N.

The Right Honourable George Edward Arundell Monckton Arundell Viscount Galway, of Serllyhall.

County of Carmarthen.

The Honourable George Rice Trevor, of Dynevor Castle, in the said county.

David Arthur Saunders Davies, of Pentre, in the county of Pembroke, Esq.

August 11.

Burghs of Ayr, Irvine, Campbelltown, Inverary, and Oban.

Patrick James Herbert Crichton Stuart, commonly called Lord James Stuart, of Rosemount.

County of Bute.

The Right Honourable James Stuart Wortley.

Stewartry of Kircudbright.

Thomas Maitland, of Dundrennan, Esq.

County of Forfar.

Lord John Frederick Gordon Hallyburton.

Town of Dundee.

George Duncan, Esq. of the Vine, Dundee.

County of Gloucester.

Eastern Division.

Sir Christopher William Codrington, Bart.

The Honourable Henry Charles Fitzroy Somerset, commonly called Marquess of Worcester.

Western Division.

The Honourable George Charles Grantley Fitzhardinge Berkeley.
Robert Blagden Hale, Esq.

Borough of Tewkesbury.

John Martin, of Berkeley-square, in the county of Middlesex, Esq.
Humphrey Brown, of Tewkesbury, Esq.

Borough of Cirencester.

William Cripps, Esq.
The Hon. George Augustus Frederick Villiers.

Borough of Stroud.

George Poulett Scrope, of Castle Combe, in the county of Wilts, Esq.
William Henry Stanton, of the Thrupp, Esq.

Borough of Cheltenham.

Sir Willoughby Jones, Bart.

County of Kent.

Eastern Division.

John Pemberton Plumptre, Esq.
William Deedes, Esq.

Western Division.

Sir Edmund Filmer, of East Sutton, Bart.
Thomas Law Hodges, of Hemsted, Esq.

City of Rochester.

Ralph Bernal, Esq.
Thomas Twisden Hodges, Esq.

Borough of Maidstone.

Alexander James Beresford Hope, Esq.
George Dodd, Esq.

Borough of Greenwich.

James Whitley Deans Dundas, of Barton Cant, Berks, Esq.
Edward George Barnard, of Deptford, Esq.

Borough of Chatham.

The Right Honourable George Stevens Byng.

County of Edinburgh.

Sir John Hope, Bart, of Craighall.

City of Edinburgh.

William Gibson Craig the younger, of Riccarton, Esq.
Charles Cowan, of Valleyfield, Esq.

August 12th.

Counties of Elgin and Nairn.

Charles Lenox Cumming Bruce, of Roseisle and Kinnaird.

Burghs of Kirkwall, Wick, Dornock, Dingwall, Tain, and Cromarty.

James Loch, of Albemarle-street, Middlesex, Esq.

County of Wilts.

Northern Division.

Walter Long, of Rood Ashton, in the county of Wilts, Esq.
Thomas Henry Sutton Sotheron, of Bowden-park, in the said county, Esq.

Southern Division.

John Benett, of Pyt-house, in the said county, Esq.
The Right Honourable Sydney Herbert, of Wilton-house, in the same county.

City of New Sarum.

William James Chaplin, of Ewhurst-park, in the county of Southampton, Esq.
Charles Baring Wall, of Norman-court, in the said county of Southampton, Esq.

Borough of Devizes.

George Heneage Walker Heneage, of Compton, Wilts, Esq.
William Heald Ludlow Bruges, of Seend, in the same county, Esq.

Borough of Marlborough.

The Right Honourable Ernest Augustus Charles Brudenell Bruce, commonly called Lord Ernest Bruce.
Henry Bingham Baring, Esq.

Borough of Chippenham.

Joseph Neeld, of Grittleton-house, Wilts, Esq.
Henry George Boldero, of Hurst-grove, Berks, Esq.

Borough of Cricklade.

John Neeld, of Avandale Bashford, Somerset, Esq.
Ambrose Lethbridge Goddard, of Swindon, Esq.

Borough of Calne.

The Right Honourable Henry Petty Fitzmaurice, commonly called the Earl of Shelburne.

Borough of Malmesbury.

The Honourable James Kenneth Howard.

Borough of Westbury.

James Wilson, of Westbury, Esq.

Borough of Wilton.

James Charles Herbert Welbore Ellis Agar, commonly called Viscount Somerton.

County of Cornwall.

Eastern Division.

William Henry Pole Carew, of East Antony, in the said county, Esq.
Thomas James Agar Robartes, of Llantrydrock, in the said county, Esq.

Western Division.

Edward William Wynne Pendarves, of Pendarves, in the said county, Esq.
Sir Charles Lemon, Bart. of Carclew.

Borough of Truro.

John Ennis Vivian and Edmund Turner, both of the said borough, Esqrs.

Borough of Bodmin.

James Wyld, of Park-village West, Middlesex, Esq.
Henry Charles Lacy, of Kenyon-house, Lancashire, Esq.

Borough of Penryn.

Hemel Gwyn, of Baglan-house, in the county of Glamorgan, Esq.
Francis Mowatt, of Devonshire-place, London, Esq.

Borough of Launceston.

Rear Admiral William Bowles, C. B.

Borough of Liskeard.

Charles Buller the younger, of Chester-place, in the county of Middlesex, Esq.

Borough of Helston.

Sir Richard Rawlinson Vyvyan, Bart.

Borough of Saint Ives.

William John Frederick Powlett, commonly called Lord William Powlett, of Curzon-street, Middlesex.

August 13th.

County of Middlesex.

The Right Honourable Robert Grosvenor, commonly called Lord Robert Grosvenor.
Ralph Osborne, Esq.

City of Westminster.

Major General Sir De Lacy Evans, K.C.B.
Charles Lushington, Esq.

Borough of the Tower Hamlets.

George Thompson, of Sloane-street, Esq.
Sir William Clay, Bart. of Hertford-street, Mayfair.

Borough of Finsbury.

Thomas Slingsby Duncombe, Esq.
Thomas Wakley, Esq.

Borough of Mary-le-bone.

Dudley Coutts Stuart, commonly called Lord Dudley Coutts Stuart.
Sir Benjamin Hall, Bart.

County of Anglesea.

Sir Richard Bulkeley Williams Bulkeley, Bart. of Barrar-hill, in the said county.

Borough of Beaumaris.

Lord George Augustus Frederick Paget, of Plas Newydd, in the said county.

County of Northampton.

Northern Division.

Thomas Philip Maunsell, Esq.
Stafford Augustus O'Brien Stafford, Esq.

Southern Division.

Sir Charles Knightley, Bart.
Richard Henry Richard Howard Vyse, Esq.

Town of Northampton.

Robert Vernon Smith, of Farming-woods, in the said county, Esq.
Raikes Currie, of Hyde-park-terrace, in the county of Middlesex, Esq.

City of Peterborough.

The Honourable George Wentworth Fitzwilliam.
William George Cavendish, Esq.

Counties of Ross and Cromarty.

James Matheson, of Achany and the Lewis, Esq.

Burghs of Inverbervie, Montrose, Aberbrothwick, Brechin, and Forfar.

Joseph Hume, of Bryanstone-square, in the county of Middlesex, Esq.

Inclosure Commission, 5, New-Street, Spring-Gardens, August 12, 1847.

In pursuance of an Act, passed in the eighth and ninth years of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act to facilitate the inclosure and improvement of commons and lands held in common, the exchange of lands, and the division of intermixed lands; to provide remedies for defective or incomplete executions, and for the non-execution of the powers of general and local inclosure Acts; and to provide for the revival of such powers in certain cases;" notice is hereby given, that the Inclosure Commissioners for England and Wales have appointed Frank Jones Walker

Jones, Esq. an Assistant Commissioner under the said Act, and that the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury have consented to such appointment; and notice is hereby further given, that the said Frank Jones Walker Jones did, on the tenth day of this instant August, at Carnarvon, make the declaration required by the said Act, before Thomas Turner, Mayor, and William Bulkeley Hughes, Esq. one of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the county of Carnarvon.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of AUGUST 17, 1847.

THIS Gazette contains an Order in Council, relative to a scheme, duly prepared by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, for newly arranging the rural deanries within the archdeaconry of Bath, and for abolishing peculiar and exempt jurisdictions in the diocese of Bath and Wells.

Crown-Office, August 13, 1847.

MEMBERS returned to serve in the PARLIAMENT summoned to be holden at Westminster, on Tuesday the 21st day of September 1847.

County of Pembroke.

John Frederick Vaughan Campbell, commonly called Viscount Emlyn.

Borough of Pembroke.

Sir John Owen, Bart.

County of Cumberland.

Eastern Division.

The Honourable Charles Wentworth George Howard.
William Marshall, Esq.

Western Division.

Edward Stanley, Esq.
Henry Lowther, Esq.

City of Carlisle.

John Dixon, Esq.
William Nicholson Hodgson, Esq.

Borough of Whitehaven.

Robert Charles Hildyard, Esq.

Borough of Cockermouth.

Henry Aglionby Aglionby, of Newbiggin-hall, in the county of Cumberland, Esq.
Edward Horsman, of Edinburgh, Esq.

County of Durham.

Northern Division.

Robert Duncombe Shafto, of Hampworth-lodge, in the county of Wilts, Esq.
George Henry Robert Charles William Vane, commonly called Viscount Seaham.

Southern Division.

Harry Vane, commonly called Lord Harry Vane.
James Farrer, of Ingleborough-hall, in the county of York, Esq.

City of Durham.

Thomas Colpitts Granger, of the Inner Temple, London, Barrister at Law.

Henry John Spearman, of Newton-hall, in the county of Durham, Esq.

Borough of Sunderland.

The Right Honourable George Hudson, Lord Mayor and Alderman of the city of York, and of Newby-park, in the county of York.

David Barclay, of Eastwich-park, in the county of Surrey, Esq.

Borough of South Shields.

John Twizell Wawn, Esq.

Borough of Gateshead.

William Hutt, of Gibside, in the county of Durham, Esq.

County of Salop.

Northern Division.

William Ormsby Gore, Esq.

Edward James Herbert, commonly called Viscount Clive.

Southern Division.

The Honourable Robert Henry Clive.

Orlando George Charles Bridgeman, commonly called Viscount Newport.

Borough of Shrewsbury.

Edward Holmes Baldock, Esq.

Robert Aglionby Slaney, Esq.

Borough of Ludlow.

Henry Bayley Clive, of Styche, in the said county, Esq.

Henry Salwey, of Egham-park, in the county of Surrey, Esq.

Borough of Bridgnorth.

Thomas Charlton Whitmore, of Apley-park, in the said county, Esq.
Sir Robert Pigot, Bart. of Patshull, in the county of Stafford.

Borough of Wenlock.

The Honourable George Cecil Weld Forester, of Willey-park, in the said county.
James Milnes Gaskell, of Thornes-house, in the county of York, Esq.

County of Denbigh.

Sir Watkin Williams Wynn, Bart. of Wynnstay, in the county of Denbigh.
The Honourable William Bagot, of Pool-park, in the said county.

Borough of Denbigh.

Frederick Richard West, of Arnewood-house, near Lymington, Esq.

August 14th.

County of Chester.

Northern Division.

William Tatton Egerton, Esq.
The Right Honourable Edward John Stanley.

Southern Division.

Sir Philip de Malpas Grey Egerton, Bart.
John Tollemache, Esq.

Borough of Macclesfield.

John Brocklehurst, of Hurdsfield-house, in the said borough, Esq.
John Williams, of Oxford-street, in the county of Middlesex, Esq.

Borough of Stockport.

Richard Cobden, of Manchester, Esq.
James Heald, of Parr's-wood, in Didsbury, in the county of Lancaster, Esq.

County of Stafford.

Northern Division.

Charles Bowyer Adderley, Esq.
George Granville Francis Egerton, commonly called Viscount Brackley.

Southern Division.

Henry John Talbot, commonly called Viscount Ingestrie.
The Honourable George Anson.

Borough of Stafford.

David Urquhart, of Melland's-house, Perthshire, and Bittern-manor, Hants, Esq.
Thomas Sidney, of Leyton-house, Essex, Esq.

Borough of Tamworth.

The Right Honourable Sir Robert Peel, Bart. of Drayton-manor.
The Right Honourable William Yates Peel, of Baginton-hall, in the county of Warwick.

Newcastle-under-Lyme.

Samuel Christy, of Poynton-hall, in the county of Chester, Esq.
William Jackson, of the Manor-house, Birkenhead, Esq.

Borough of Wolverhampton.

Charles Pelham Villiers, Esq.
Thomas Thorneley, Esq.

Borough of Stoke-upon-Trent.

John Lewis Ricardo, Esq.
William Taylor Copeland, Esq.

Borough of Walsall.

The Honourable Edward Richard Littleton.

August 16.

County of Sutherland.

Sir David Dundas, of Ochtertyre, Her Majesty's Solicitor General.

County of Peebles.

William Forbes Mackenzie, of Portmore, Esq.

County of Fife.

John Fergus, of Strathore, Esq.

County of Dumbarton.

Alexander Smollett, of Bonhill, Esq.

County of the Isle of Wight.

John Simeon, of Swarnston, in the said isle, Esq.

County of Northumberland.

Northern Division.

The Right Honourable Sir George Grey, Bart. of Falloden, in the said county.
Charles Bennett, commonly called Lord Ossulton, of Chillingham-castle, in the said county.

Southern Division.

Matthew Bell, of Woolsington, Savile Craven Henry Ogle, of Kirkley, both in the said county, Esqrs.

Borough of Morpeth.

Edward George Granville Howard, Esq.

Borough of Tynemouth.

Ralph William Grey, Esq.

County of Monmouth.

The Right Honourable Lord Granville Charles Henry Somerset.

Charles Octavius Swinnerton Morgan, of the Friars, in the said county, Esq.

Borough of Monmouth.

Reginald James Blewitt, Esq.

County of Cardigan.

William Edward Powell, of Nanteas, in the said county, Esq.

Borough of Cardigan.

Pryse Pryse, Esq.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of AUGUST 20, 1847.

Crown-Office, August 17, 1847.

MEMBERS returned to serve in the PARLIAMENT summoned to be holden at Westminster, on Tuesday the 21st day of September 1847.

County of Essex.

Northern Division.

Sir John Tyssen Tyrell, Bart.

William Beresford, Esq.

Southern Division.

Thomas William Bramston, Esq.
Sir Edward North Buxton, Bart.

Borough of Harwich.

John Bagshaw, of Gloucester-place, in the county of Middlesex, Esq.
John Attwood, of Park-lane, London, Esq.

Borough of Maldon.

David Waddington, Esq.
Thomas Barrett Lennard, Esq.

Borough of Colchester.

Sir George Henry Smith, Bart. of Berechurch-hall, in the said borough.
Joseph Alfred Hardcastle, of Margaretting, in the county of Essex, Barrister at Law.

County of Surrey.

Eastern Division.

The Honourable Peter John Locke King, of Woburn, in the said county.
Thomas Alcock, of Kingswood-warren, in the said county, Esq.

Western Division.

William Joseph Denison, of Denbies, in the said county, Esq.
Henry Drummond, of Albury-park, in the said county, Esq.

Borough of Guildford.

Henry Currie, of West Horsley, in the said county, Esq.
Ross Donnelly Mangles, of Woodbridge, in the said county, Esq.

Borough of Southwark.

John Humphery, of Hay's-wharf, Southwark, Esq. one of the Aldermen of the city of London.
Sir William Molesworth, Bart. of Pencarrow, in the county of Cornwall.

Borough of Lambeth.

Charles Pearson, Esq.
The Right Honourable Charles Tennyson D'Eyncourt.

Borough of Reigate.

Thomas Somers Cocks the younger, of Hereford-street, in the county of Middlesex, Esq.

August 18.

County of Warwick.

Northern Division.

Charles Newdigate Newdegate, Esq.
Richard Spooner, Esq.

Southern Division.

Evelyn John Shirley, Esq.
George Guy Greville, commonly called Lord Brooke.

Borough of Birmingham.

George Frederick Muntz, Esq.
William Scholefield, Esq.

City of Coventry.

The Right Honourable Edward Ellice.
George James Turner, Esq.

Borough of Warwick.

Sir Charles Eurwiche Douglas, Knt.
William Collins, Esq.

County of Cambridge.

The Honourable Eliot Thomas Yorke, of Wilton-place, in the county of Middlesex.

Richard Greaves Townley, of Fulborne, in the county of Cambridge, Esq.

Lord George John Manners, of Belvoir-castle, in the county of Leicester.

University of Cambridge.

The Honourable Charles Ewan Law, D. C. L.

The Right Honourable Henry Goulburn, Master of Arts.

Borough of Cambridge.

Robert Alexander Shafto Adair, of Audley-square, in the city of Westminster, Esq.

The Honourable William Frederick Campbell, of Stratheden-house, Brompton.

County of Huntingdon.

Edward Fellowes, of Romsey-abbey, in the said county, Esq.

George Thornhill, of Diddington, in the said county, Esq.

Borough of Huntingdon.

Colonel Jonathan Peel, of Park-place, in the county of Middlesex.

Thomas Baring, of Charles-street, Berkeley-square, in the said county of Middlesex, Esq.

County of Norfolk.

Eastern Division.

Edmond Wodehouse, of Sennowe-lodge, in the said county, Esq.

Henry Negus Burroughes, of Burlingham, in the said county, Esq.

Western Division.

William Bagge, of Stradsett-hall, in the same county, Esq.
The Honourable Edward Keppel Coke, of Holkham, in the said county.

Borough of King's Lynn.

The Right Honourable Lord George Bentinck.
Robert Jocelyn, commonly called Viscount Jocelyn.

Borough of Great Yarmouth.

Arthur Lennox, commonly called Lord Arthur Lennox.
Octavius Edward Coope, of Great Cumberland-place, in the county of Middlesex, Esq.

Borough of Thetford.

The Right Honourable William Henry FitzRoy, commonly called the Earl of Euston.
The Honourable William Bingham Baring.

August 19th.

County of Buckingham.

Caledon George Du Pré, of Beaconsfield, Esq.
The Honourable Charles Compton Cavendish, of Latimer.
Benjamin D'Israeli, of Hughendon, Esq.

Borough of Aylesbury.

John Peter Deering, Esq.
The Right Honourable George Lord Nugent.

Borough of Buckingham.

The Most Noble Richard Plantagenet Campbell Grenville Nugent Chandos Temple, commonly called Marquis of Chandos.
John Hall, Esq. Colonel in Her Majesty's First Regiment of Life Guards.

Borough of Chipping Wycombe.

George Henry Dashwood, of West Wycombe-park, Esq.

Martin Tucker Smith, of Belgrave-street, in the county of Middlesex, Esq.

Borough of Great Marlow.

Thomas Peers Williams, of Temple-house, in the county of Berks, Esq.

Lieutenant Colonel Brownlow Knox, of Wilton-crescent, London.

TREASURY WARRANT.

Whereas by an Act, passed in the fourth year of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act for the regulation of the duties of postage," power is given to the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, from time to time, by warrant under their hands, to alter and fix any of the rates of British postage or inland postage payable by law on the transmission by the post of foreign or colonial letters or newspapers, or of any other printed papers, and to subject the same to rates of postage according to the weight thereof, and a scale of weight to be contained in such warrant; and, from time to time, by warrant as aforesaid, to alter or repeal any such altered rates, and make and establish any new or other rates in lieu thereof; and, from time to time, by warrant as aforesaid, to appoint at what time the rates that may be payable are to be paid; and it is provided, that the power thereby given should extend to any increase or reduction or remission of postage:

And whereas by divers warrants under the hands of three of the Commissioners of Her

Majesty's Treasury, the said Commissioners, in exercise of the power for such purpose vested in them by the said Act, have fixed and established rates of postage on letters passing direct between the United Kingdom and Hamburgh:

And whereas, in consequence of communications opened with the Post-office at Hamburgh, it is considered expedient to fix and establish certain rates of postage on printed newspapers, and other printed papers, conveyed between that country and the United Kingdom direct:

Now we, the undersigned, being three of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, do, in exercise of the power reserved to us in and by the said Act, and of all other powers enabling us in this behalf, by this warrant, under our hands, order and direct, that such printed newspapers, printed publications, printed prices current, printed commercial lists, and printed courses of exchange as are hereinafter mentioned, may be sent by the post according to the regulations and rates hereinafter set forth, that is to say:

British newspapers, and such British publications as are allowed to pass by the post as newspapers in the United Kingdom, may, if posted in the United Kingdom, addressed to Hamburgh, be sent from the United Kingdom to Hamburgh direct by packet boat or private ship free of postage.

Newspapers, and other publications allowed to pass by the post as newspapers in Hamburgh, published and posted in Hamburgh, and addressed to the United Kingdom, may be sent from Hamburgh direct to the United Kingdom by packet boat free of postage, and by private ship at a rate of one halfpenny each.

Newspapers, and other publications allowed to pass by the post as newspapers in Hamburgh,

published and posted in Hamburgh, may be sent from thence to the British colonies and foreign countries through the United Kingdom, and foreign and colonial newspapers, addressed to Hamburgh, may be sent from foreign countries and the British colonies to Hamburgh through the United Kingdom (the conveyance in every case between the United Kingdom and Hamburgh being direct by packet boat or private ship), at a rate of one halfpenny each.

Periodical publications (not allowed to pass as newspapers) printed, published, and posted within the United Kingdom, addressed to Hamburgh, and periodical publications (not allowed to pass as newspapers) printed, published, and posted in Hamburgh, addressed to the United Kingdom, may be transmitted direct between the two countries by packet boat or private ship at the following rates, namely:

For every publication, not exceeding two ounces in weight, one penny.

Above two ounces in weight, and not exceeding three ounces, six pence.

Above three ounces in weight and not exceeding four ounces, eight pence.

And for every additional ounce in weight above four ounces, up to sixteen ounces (the limit of weight beyond which such publications are not to be sent by the post, except at the letter rates of postage), two pence more; and every lesser weight than an ounce is to be charged as a full ounce.

Printed courses of exchange, printed prices current, printed commercial lists, and such other printed papers as are allowed, either in the United Kingdom or Hamburgh, to pass by the post at a reduced rate of postage, may, if posted in the

United Kingdom addressed to Hamburgh, or posted in Hamburgh addressed to the United Kingdom, be transmitted between the United Kingdom and Hamburgh direct by packet boat or private ship at a rate of one penny each.

Printed courses of exchange, printed prices current, and printed commercial lists, published and posted in or addressed to Hamburgh, may be sent between Hamburgh and the British colonies, or foreign countries, through the United Kingdom (the conveyance between Hamburgh and the United Kingdom being direct by packet boat or private ship), at a rate of one penny each.

The said newspapers, periodical publications, printed courses of exchange, printed prices current, printed commercial lists, and such other printed papers as aforesaid, to be forwarded under and subject to the following conditions (that is to say):

Each must be printed in the language of the country in which it is published.

Each must be sent without a cover, or in a band or cover open at the sides, and there must be no word or communication printed on the paper after its publication, or upon the band or cover thereof, nor any writing, figures, or manual marks upon it, or upon the band or cover of it, except the name and address of the person to whom sent.

There must be no paper or thing enclosed in or with any such newspaper, periodical publication, printed course of exchange, printed price current, printed commercial list, or other printed paper.

The courses of exchange, prices current, and commercial lists must contain merely the names and prices of the goods, without mentioning the name or residence of the vendor or sender.

Any newspaper, periodical publication, course of exchange, price current, commercial list, or other printed paper, not forwarded in conformity with such conditions, is to be chargable with the full letter rates of postage.

And we do hereby further order and direct, that the terms and expressions used in this warrant shall be construed to have the like meaning, in all respects, as they would have had if inserted in the said Act passed in the fourth year of the reign of Her present Majesty.

And we do further direct, that this warrant shall come into operation on the first day of September one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven.

Provided lastly, and we do hereby declare and direct, that it shall be lawful for the Commissioners for the time being of Her Majesty's Treasury, or any three of them, by warrant under their hands, at any time hereafter to alter or repeal any of the rates hereby fixed or altered, or the regulations hereby made, and to make and establish any new or other rates or regulations in lieu thereof, and from time to time to appoint at what time the rates that may be payable are to be paid.

Whitehall, Treasury-chambers, the 18th day of August 1847.

J. RUSSELL.
H. RICH.
C. WOOD.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of AUGUST 24, 1847.

Crown-Office, August 21, 1847.

MEMBERS returned to serve in the PARLIAMENT summoned to be holden at Westminster, on Tuesday the 21st day of September 1847.

County of Somerset.

Eastern Division.

William Miles, of Abbotsleigh, in the said county, Esq.

William Pinney, of Somerton Erleigh, in the said county, Esq.

Western Division.

Charles Aaron Moody, of Kingsdon, in the said county, Esq.

Sir Alexander Hood, of Wootton, in the said county, Knt. and Bart.

City of Bath.

Anthony Ashley Cooper, commonly called Lord Ashley.

Viscount Duncan.

City of Wells.

Richard Blakemore, of the Leys, in the county of Hereford, Esq.

William Goodenough Hayter, of Hyde-park-terrace, in the county of Middlesex, Esq.

Borough of Taunton.

The Right Honourable Henry Labouchere.
Sir Thomas Edward Colebrooke, Bart.

Borough of Bridgewater.

Charles John Kemys Tynte, Esq.
Henry Broadwood, Esq.

Borough of Frome.

Major Robert Edward Boyle, commonly called the Honourable Robert Edward Boyle, of Roehampton, in the county of Surrey.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of AUGUST 27, 1847.

THIS Gazette contains an Order in Council, relative to a scheme, duly prepared by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, for constituting a separate district for spiritual purposes out of the chapelries of Chapel Allerton and Headingley, in the parish of Leeds, in the county of York, and in the diocese of Ripon, and that the same shall be named, "The District of Meanwood."

A similar Order, for setting out, constituting, and annexing a district for spiritual purposes to the church or chapel of Saint Mary, Hunslet, in the said parish of Leeds.

A similar Order, for making additional provision for the cure of souls in the parish of Wookey, in the county of Somerset.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of AUGUST 31, 1847.

At the Court at *Osborne-House, Isle of Wight,* the 10th day of *August* 1847,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS under or by virtue of a Convention for the reciprocal protection of copyright concluded between Her Majesty and His Majesty the King of Prussia, on the thirteenth day of May one thousand eight hundred and forty-six, and an Act of Accession dated the first day of July one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven, entered into, in pursuance of a stipulation in the said Treaty contained, by the following States forming the Thuringian Union (that is to say), His Royal Highness the Grand Duke of Saxe-Weimar-Eisenach, Their Royal Highnesses the Dukes of Saxe-Altenburg, Saxe-Coburg-Gotha, and Saxe-Meiningen, Their Serene Highnesses the Princes of Schwarzburg-Rudolstadt and Schwarzburg-Sondershausen, Reuss-Greitz, Reuss-Lobenstein-Eberdorf, and Reuss-Schleitz, due protection has been secured within the dominions of the said States forming the Thuringian Union, for the authors of books, dramatic pieces, or musical compositions, and the inventors, designers, or engravers of prints and articles of sculpture,

and the authors, inventors, designers, or engravers of any other works whatsoever of literature and the fine arts, in which the laws of Great Britain and of the said States do now or may hereafter give their respective subjects the privilege of copyright, and for the lawful representatives or assigns of any such authors, inventors, designers, or engravers, with regard to any such works first published within the dominions of Her Majesty:

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of Her Privy Council, and by virtue of the authority committed to Her by an Act, passed in the session of Parliament holden in the seventh and eighth years of Her reign, intituled "An Act to amend the law relating to international "copyright," doth order, and it is hereby ordered, that, from and after the day of the date of this Order, the authors, inventors, designers, engravers, and makers of any of the following works (that is to say), books, prints, articles of sculpture, dramatic works, musical compositions, and any other works of literature and the fine arts, in which the laws of Great Britain give to British subjects the privilege of copyright, and the executors, administrators, and assigns of such authors, inventors, designers, engravers, and makers, respectively, shall, as respects works first published within the dominions of the said States forming the Thuringian Union, or any of them, after the fifteenth day of July one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven, have the privilege of copyright therein for a period equal to the term of copyright which authors, inventors, designers, engravers, and makers of the like works, respectively, first published in the United Kingdom are by law entitled to, provided such books, dramatic pieces, musical compositions, prints, articles

of sculpture, or other works of art have been registered, and copies thereof have been delivered according to the requirements of the said recited Act, within twelve months after the first publication thereof in any part of the dominions of the said States:

And it is hereby further ordered, that the authors of dramatic pieces and musical compositions which shall, after the said fifteenth day of July one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven, be first publicly represented or performed within the dominions of the said States, shall have the sole liberty of representing or performing in any part of the British dominions such dramatic pieces or musical compositions, during a period equal to the period during which authors of dramatic pieces and musical compositions first publicly represented or performed in the United Kingdom are entitled by law to the sole liberty of representing or performing the same; provided such dramatic pieces or musical compositions have been registered, and copies thereof have been delivered according to the requirements of the said recited Act, within twelve calendar months after the time of their being first represented or performed in any part of the dominions of the said States:

And the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury are to give the necessary orders herein accordingly.

C. C. Greville.

At the Court at *Osborne-House, Isle of Wight,* the 10th day of *August* 1847,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the session of Parliament holden in the ninth and tenth years of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act to amend an Act of the seventh "and eighth years of Her present Majesty, for "reducing, under certain circumstances, the "duties payable upon books and engravings," it is enacted, that whenever Her Majesty has, by virtue of any authority vested in Her for that purpose, declared, that the authors, inventors, designers, engravers, or makers of any books, prints, or other works of art, first published in any foreign country or countries, shall have the privilege of copyright therein, it shall be lawful for Her Majesty, if she think fit, from time to time, by any Order in Council, to declare that, from and after a day to be named in such Order, in lieu of the duties of Customs from time to time payable on the importation into the United Kingdom of books, prints, and drawings, there shall be payable only such duties of Customs as are mentioned in the said Act:

And whereas Her Majesty hath this day, by virtue of the authority vested in Her for that purpose, declared that the authors, inventors, designers, engravers, and makers of books, prints, and certain other works of art, first published within the dominions of the States hereinafter mentioned, forming the Thuringian Union, shall have the privilege of copyright therein:

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of Her Privy Council, and in virtue of the authority committed to Her by the said recited Act, doth order, and it is hereby ordered, that, from and after the day of the date of this Order, in lieu of the duties of Customs now payable upon books, prints, and drawings, published at any place within the dominions of the following States forming the Thuringian Union (namely), His Royal Highness the Grand Duke of Saxe-Weimar-Eisenach, Their Royal Highnesses the Dukes of Saxe-Altenburg, Saxe-Coburg-Gotha, and Saxe-Meiningen, Their Serene Highnesses the Princes of Schwarzburg-Rudolstadt and Schwarzburg-Sondershausen, Reuss-Greitz, Reuss-Lobenstein-Eberdorf, and Reuss Schleitz, there shall be payable only the duties of Customs following (that is to say):

On books originally produced in the United Kingdom, and republished at any place within the dominions of the said States, a duty of two pounds ten shillings per hundred weight.

On books published or republished at any place within the dominions of the said States, and not being books originally produced in the United Kingdom, a duty of fifteen shillings per hundred weight.

On prints and drawings, plain or coloured, published at any place within the dominions of the said States,

Single, each, - - - -	0½*d.*
Bound or sewn, the dozen, -	1½*d.*

And the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury are to give the necessary orders herein accordingly.

C. C. Greville.

This Gazette also contains an Order in Council, relative to a scheme, duly prepared by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, for constituting a separate district for spiritual purposes out of the parish of Leeds, in the west riding of the county of York, and in the diocese of Ripon, and that such district should be named, "The District of All Saints, Leeds."

A similar Order, for founding and endowing the bishopric of Manchester, and for founding certain archdeaconries.

A similar Order, respecting the alteration and improvement of the episcopal house of residence at Wells.

Whitehall, August 28, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, granting the dignities of Viscount and Earl of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland unto General the Right Honourable John Baron Strafford, of Harmondsworth, in the county of Middlesex, G.C.B. and the heirs male of his body lawfully begotten, by the names, styles, and titles of Viscount Enfield, of Enfield, in the said county of Middlesex, and Earl of Strafford.

The Queen has also been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, granting the dignity of a Baron of the said United Kingdom to Archibald Acheson, Esq. (commonly called Viscount Acheson), and the heirs male of his body lawfully begotten, by the name, style, and title of Baron Acheson, of Clancairney, in the county of Armagh.

The Queen has also been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, granting the dignity of a Baron of the said United Kingdom to Richard Baron Cremorne, of that part of the said United Kingdom called Ireland, and the heirs male of his body lawfully begotten, by the name, style, and title of Baron Dartrey, of Dartrey, in the county of Monaghan.

The Queen has also been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, granting the dignity of a Baron of the said United Kingdom to Sir Richard Bulkeley Philipps Philipps, Bart. and the heirs male of his body lawfully begotten, by the name, style, and title of Baron Milford, of Picton Castle, in the county of Pembroke.

Whitehall, August 31, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to present the Reverend David Munro to the church and parish of Coldingham, in the presbytery of Chirnside, and county of Berwick, vacant by the death of the Reverend James Robertson, late Minister thereof.

Downing-Street, August 31, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint William Walker, Esq. to be Government Secretary and Secretary to the Court of Policy for the colony of British Guiana.

Her Majesty has also been pleased to appoint the Reverend Thomas Griffiths to be Colonial Chaplain for Her Majesty's settlements in the Gambia.

Crown-Office, August 30, 1847.

MEMBERS returned to serve in the PARLIAMENT summoned to be holden at Westminster, on Tuesday the 21st day of September 1847.

County of Oxford.

Montagu Bertie, commonly called Lord Norreys.
George Granville Harcourt, Esq.
Joseph Warner Henley, Esq.

University of Oxford.

Sir Robert Harry Inglis, Bart. of Christchurch, in the said University, Doctor in Civil Law.
The Right Honourable William Ewart Gladstone, of Christchurch, Master of Arts.

City of Oxford.

James Haughton Langston, Esq.
William Page Wood, Esq.

Borough of Banbury.

Henry William Tancred, Esq.

Borough of Woodstock.

John Winston Spencer Churchill Marquis of Blandford.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of SEPTEMBER 3, 1847.

THIS Gazette contains an Order in Council, relative to a scheme, duly prepared by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, for constituting a separate district for spiritual purposes out of the parochial chapelries of Ebchester and Medomsley, in the parish of Lanchester, in the county and diocese of Durham, and that the same shall be named, "The District of Benfieldside."

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of SEPTEMBER 7, 1847.

Foreign-Office, September 4, 1847.

IT is hereby notified that Viscount Palmerston, Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, has received from Lord Cowley, Her Majesty's Acting Minister Plenipotentiary at the Sublime Porte, a dispatch, dated the 3d of August last, inclosing the copy of a note addressed to him by the Turkish Minister for Foreign Affairs, officially communicating the intention of the Sublime Porte to blockade the coast of Albania.

The tenor of the note from the Turkish Minister is as follows:

"Troops in sufficient numbers have been sent from hence, and several ships of war, detached from the Imperial fleet under the command of Mustapha Bey, Captain of the Admiral's ship, have been sent to put down without delay the rebellious acts which certain ill-advised persons have lately committed in that part of Albania which is inhabited by the Toscali.

"It is unnecessary to state to you, Sir, that, as the speedy and fortunate conclusion of so important a matter depends, with God's assistance, on surrounding the brigands on all sides, it has been determined to cause a blockade to be established by the ships selected for this purpose after an interval of a month, dating from to-day, throughout the whole Albanian coast, from and including Prevesa up to the extremity of the port of Durazzo.

"The Sublime Porte, therefore, requests, Sir, that you will duly notify this measure to the merchant vessels belonging to your nation; in order that they may not be found within the said limits at the expiration of the period above stated: that you will inform them, that should any vessels, disregarding the warning of the Officers whose duty it will be to cause the blockade to be respected, attempt forcibly and contrary to the regulations to enter any of the ports the entrance into which is prohibited to them, they will be treated as vessels violating a blockade are every where treated; and that you will give them orders to the effect, that, as long as it shall not have been officially notified to you that the disturbances having been, with God's help, put an end to, the blockade is raised, they must conform to the principles above laid down.

"And, considering that it is possible that merchant vessels which may not have been apprized during the said interval of the establishment of the blockade in question, may present themselves on those coasts, you are requested to deliver to the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Sublime Porte, to be afterwards given to Mustapha Bey, a proclamation, in order that he may, by showing them that proclamation, prevent them from entering the blockaded ports.

"21 Chaaban 1263 (3 August 1847)."

Master of the Horse's-Office, August 27, 1847.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to appoint the Honourable Alfred Henry Crofton to be Page of Honour to Her Majesty, vice Byng.

Crown-Office, September 3, 1847.

MEMBERS returned to serve in the PARLIAMENT summoned to be holden at Westminster, on Tuesday the 21st day of September 1847.

County of York.

North Riding.

Edward Stillingfleet Cayley, Esq.
The Honourable Octavius Duncombe.

East Riding.

Henry Broadley, Esq.
Beaumont Lord Hotham.

West Riding.

The Right Honourable George William Frederick Howard, commonly called Viscount Morpeth.
Richard Cobden, Esq.

Borough of Beverley.

John Towneley, of Eaton-place, in the county of Middlesex, Esq.
Sackville Walter Lane Fox, of No. 3, Saint James-square, in the city of Westminster, Esq.

Borough of Knaresborough.

The Honourable William Sebright Lascelles, of Campden-hill, Kensington, in the county of Middlesex.
Joshua Procter Westhead, of Lea-castle, Kidderminster, in the county of Worcester, Esq.

Borough of Malton.

John Evelyn Denison, Esq.
John Walbanke Childers, Esq.

Borough of Pontefract.

Samuel Martin, of No. 18, Wimpole-street, in the county of Middlesex, Barrister at Law.
Richard Monckton Milnes, of Fryston-hall, Terry Frystone, in the county of York, Esq.

Borough of Richmond.

Henry Rich, Esq.
Marmaduke Wyvill the younger, Esq.

Borough of Ripon.

The Honourable Edwin Lascelles, of Harewood-house, in the county of York, and Belgrave-square, in the county of Middlesex.

The Right Honourable Sir James Robert George Graham, of Netherby, in the county of Cumberland, and Grosvenor-place, in the county of Middlesex, Bart.

Borough of Scarborough.

Sir John Vanden Bempde Johnstone, of Hackness, in the county of York, Bart.

The Honourable George Augustus Constantine Phipps, commonly called the Earl of Mulgrave, of Mulgrave-castle, in the county of York.

Borough of Leeds.

William Beckett, of Kirkstall-grange, in the said borough, Esq.

James Garth Marshall, of Headingley-cum-Burley, in the said borough, Esq.

Borough of Sheffield.

John Parker, Esq.

Henry George Ward, Esq.

Borough of Bradford.

William Busfield, Esq.

Thomas Perronet Thompson, Esq.

Borough of Halifax.

Henry Edwards, of Hope-hall, Halifax, in the county of York, Esq.

The Right Honourable Sir Charles Wood, of Hickleton, in the county of York, Bart.

Borough of Northallerton.

William Battie Wrightson, of Cusworth-hall, in the county of York, Esq.

Borough of Thirsk.

John Bill, of Thirsk, in the county of York, Esq.

Borough of Huddersfield.

William Rookes Crompton Stansfield, of Esholt-hall, in the county of York, Esq.

Borough of Wakefield.

George Sandars, of Alverthorpe-hall, Wakefield, Esq.

Borough of Whitby.

Robert Stephenson, Esq.

September 4th, 1847.

County of Devon.

Northern Division.

Sir Thomas Dyke Acland, of Killerton, in the said county, Bart.

Lewis William Buck, of Moreton, in the said county, Esq.

Southern Division.

Sir John Buller Yarde Buller, of Lupton-house, in the said county, Bart.

The Honourable William Reginald Courtenay, commonly called Lord Courtenay, of Powderham-castle, in the said county.

Borough of Tiverton.

John Heathcoat, of Tiverton, Esq.

Henry John Temple Viscount Palmerston, of Broadlands, in the county of Southampton.

Borough of Honiton.

Joseph Locke, of No. 6, Chester-terrace, Mary-le-bone, in the county of Middlesex, Esq.

Sir James Weir Hogg, of No. 40, Upper Grosvenor-street, St. George, Hanover-square, in the county of Middlesex.

Borough of Plymouth.

Hugh Fortescue, Esq. commonly called Viscount Ebrington, of Grosvenor-square, Westminster.
Roundell Palmer, of New-square, Lincoln's-inn, in the county of Middlesex, Esq.

Borough of Totnes.

The Honourable Edward Adolphus Seymour, commonly called Lord Seymour.
Charles Barry Baldwin, Esq.

Borough of Barnstaple.

Richard Bremridge, Esq.
The Honourable John William Fortescue.

Borough of Tavistock.

The Honourable Edward Southwell Russell.
John Salusbury Trelawney, Esq.

Borough of Devonport.

Henry Tufnell, of Curzon-street, in the county of Middlesex, Esq.
John Romilly, of Gordon-square, in the county of Middlesex, Esq.

Borough of Asburton.

Lieutenant Colonel Thomas Matheson, of No. 13, Cleveland-row, in the county of Middlesex.

Borough of Clifton Dartmouth Hardness.

George Moffatt, of Eaton-square, in the county of Middlesex, Esq.

September 7th, 1847.

Counties of Orkney and Shetland.

Arthur Anderson, of Norwood, in the county of Surrey, and St. Mary Axe, London, Esq.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of SEPTEMBER 10, 1847.

Crown-Office, September 10, 1847.

THE Peers of Scotland, elected and chosen to sit and vote in the House of Peers in the Parliament of the United Kingdom summoned to be holden at Westminster the 21st day of September 1847, are

The Marquis of Tweeddale,
The Earl of Morton,
The Earl of Home,
The Earl of Airlie,
The Earl of Leven and Melville,
The Earl of Selkirk,
The Earl of Orkney,
The Earl of Seafield,
Viscount of Strathallan,
The Lord Gray,
The Lord Saltoun,
The Lord Sinclair,
The Lord Elphinstone,
The Lord Colville of Culross,
The Lord Rollo, and
The Lord Polwarth.

Crown-Office, September 9, 1847.

MEMBERS returned to serve in the PARLIAMENT summoned to be holden at Westminster, on Tuesday the 21st day of September 1847.

County of Carnarvon.

The Honourable Edward Gordon Douglas Pennant, of Penrhyn-castle, in the said county.

Borough of Carnarvon.

William Bulkeley Hughes, of Plasloch, in the county of Anglesea, Esq.

Whitehall, September 8, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint the Right Honourable Lord Wrottesley; Professor Robert Willis, M.A.; Captain Henry James, R.E.; George Rennie, Esq.; William Cubitt, Esq.; and Eaton Hodgkinson, Esq. to be Her Majesty's Commissioners for enquiring into the conditions to be observed by engineers in the application of iron in railway structures.

The Queen has also been pleased to appoint Lieutenant Douglas Gatton, R.E. to be Secretary to the said Commission.

Downing-Street, September 10, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint Major General Sir Henry George Wakelyn Smith, Bart. Knight Grand Cross of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath (having the local rank of Lieutenant General at the settlement of the Cape of Good Hope, in South Africa, with its

territories and dependencies), to be Governor and Commander in Chief in and over the said settlement, with its territories and dependencies, and to be Her Majesty's High Commissioner for the settling and adjustment of the affairs of the territories adjacent or contiguous to the eastern and north eastern frontier of the said settlement.

We, the undersigned, being three of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, do hereby, under the authority of an Act, passed in the session of Parliament holden in the ninth and tenth years of the reign of Her present Majesty Queen Victoria, intituled "An Act to amend the laws relating to the Customs," appoint Wigtown and Dumfries to be ports in that part of the United Kingdom called Scotland; and we do hereby declare, that the limits of the port of Wigtown shall commence at the south side of Gillespie Burn-foot, the bottom of the bay of Glenluce, in Wigtownshire, and from thence to Burrowhead, in the said county, and from Burrowhead in a supposed direct line to the burn or rivulet called Kirk Andrew's Burn, which discharges itself into Kirk Andrew's Bay, in the county of Kircudbright, including the whole of Wigtown Bay to the north west of such supposed direct line, with Wigtown, Creetown, and Gatehouse:

That the limits of the port of Dumfries shall commence at the burn or rivulet called Kirk Andrew's Burn, which discharges itself into Kirk Andrew's Bay, in the county of Kircudbright, and continue from thence along the coast to Southerness Point, and from Southerness Point, up the middle of Solway Firth, to the entrance of the river or water of Sark:

And we, the said Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, do further declare, that the limits, seaward of the said ports, shall extend to a distance of three miles from low water mark out to sea, and that the limits of such ports shall include all bays, harbours, rivers, and creeks within the same respectively:

And we, the said Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, do hereby annul all former limits of the said ports.

Whitehall, Treasury-chambers, this 2d day of September 1847.

(Signed) *R. M. Bellew.*
H. Rich.
C. Wood.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of SEPTEMBER 14, 1847.

Whitehall, September 11, 1847.

THE Queen has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, appointing the Right Honourable Lord Robert Grosvenor; Edwin Chadwick, Esq.; Dr. Thomas Southwood Smith; Professor Richard Owen; and Richard Lambert Jones, Esq. to be Her Majesty's Commissioners for enquiring what special means may be requisite for the improvement of the health of the metropolis.

The Queen has also been pleased to appoint Henry Austen, Esq. to be Secretary to the said Commission.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of SEPTEMBER 21, 1847.

Downing-Street, September 17, 1847.

THE Queen has been graciously pleased to give orders for the appointment of Lieutenant General Lord Fitz-Roy James Henry Somerset, and of Lieutenant General Sir John Macdonald, Adjutant General of the Forces, Knights Commanders of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, to be Ordinary Members of the Military Division of the First Class, or Knights Grand Cross of the said Order.

Downing-Street, September 21, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint James Davoren, Esq. to be Provost Marshal for the Island of Nevis.

Crown-Office, September 18, 1847.

MEMBERS returned to serve in the PARLIAMENT summoned to be holden at Westminster, on Tuesday the 21st day of September 1847.

County of Dorset.

George Bankes, of Studland, in the said county, Esq.

Henry Ker Seymer, of Hanford-house, in the said county, Esq.
John Floyer, of Stafford, in the said county, Esq.

Borough of Dorchester.

The Right Honourable George Lionel Dawson Damer, of Came-house, in the county of Dorset.
Henry Gerard Sturt, of Critchill-house, in the said county, Esq.

Borough of Weymouth and Melcombe Regis.

William Dougal Christie, Esq.
William Lockyer Freestun, Esq.

Borough of Bridport.

Thomas Alexander Mitchell, Esq.
Alexander Dundas Ross Wishart Baillie Cochrane, Esq.

Borough of Shaftesbury.

Richard Brinsley Sheridan, Esq.

Borough of Wareham.

John Samuel Wanley Sawbridge Erle Drax, of Charborough-park, in the county of Dorset, Esq.

Borough of Lyme Regis.

Thomas Neville Abdy, of Albyns, in the county of Essex, Esq.

September 20th.

County of Antrim.

Sir Edmund Workman M'Naghten, of Bush-mills-house, in the said county, Bart.
Nathaniel Alexander, of Portglenone-house, in the said county, Esq.

Borough of Belfast.

Robert James Tennent, of Belfast, in the county of Antrim, Esq.

The Honourable John Ludford Chichester, commonly called Lord John Ludford Chichester, of Saint George's-place, in the county of Middlesex.

Borough of Lisburne.

Sir Horace Beauchamp Seymour, of Saint James's-place, London.

Town of Carrickfergus.

Wellington Henry Stapleton Cotton, of Combermere-abbey, in the county of Chester, Esq. commonly called the Honourable Wellington Henry Stapleton Cotton.

County of Armagh.

Sir William Verner, of Church-hill, in the said county, Bart.

James Molyneux Caulfield, of Hockley, in the same county, Esq.

Borough of Armagh.

Lieutenant Colonel John Dawson Rawdon, of Great Stanhope-street, May-fair, in the county of Middlesex.

County of Carlow.

Henry Bruen, of Oak-park, in the said county, Esq.

William Bunbury M'Clentick Bunbury, of Moyle, in the said county, Esq.

Borough of Carlow.

John Sadleir, Esq.

County of Cavan.

John Young, of Bailibonaw-castle, in the said county, Esq.

The Honourable James Peirce Maxwell, of Farnham, in the said county.

County of Clare.

Sir Lucius O'Brien, Bart.

William Nugent MacNamara, Esq.

Borough of Ennis.

James Patrick O'Gorman Mahon, Esq. commonly called the O'Gorman Mahon.

County of Cork.

Edmund Burke Roche, of Trabolgan-house, in the said county, Esq.

Maurice Power, of Reenacoultig, in the said county, Esq. M.D.

Borough of Youghall.

Thomas Chishorne Ansty, of Lincoln's-inn, in the county of Middlesex, Esq.

Borough of Bandon Bridge.

The Honourable Francis Bernard, commonly called Lord Viscount Bernard.

Borough of Kinsale.

Richard Samuel Guinness, Esq.

Borough of Mallow.

Sir Denham Jephson Norreys, of Mallow-castle, Bart.

City of Cork.

William Fagan.

Daniel Callaghan.

County of Donegal.

Sir Edmund Samuel Hayes, of Drumboe-castle, Bart.
Edward Michael Conolly, of Cliff, Esq.

County of Down.

The Honourable Frederick William Robert Stewart, commonly called Viscount Castlereagh.
The Honourable Arthur Edwin Hill, commonly called Lord Edwin Hill.

Borough of Newry.

The Honourable Francis Jack Needham, commonly called Lord Viscount Newry and Morne.

Borough of Downpatrick.

Richard Ker, Esq.

County of Dublin.

James Hans Hamilton, of Abbotstown-house, in the said county.
Thomas Edward Taylor, of Ardgillan-castle, in the said county.

City of Dublin.

Edward Grogan, Esq.
John Reynolds, Esq.

University of Dublin.

George Alexander Hamilton, Esq.
The Right Honourable Frederick Shaw.

County of Fermanagh.

Mervyn Archdall, of Riversdale, in the said county, Esq.
Sir Arthur Brinsley Brooke, of Colebrooke, in the said county, Bart.

Borough of Enniskillen.

Henry Arthur Cole, Esq. commonly called the Honourable Henry Arthur Cole, of Florence-court, in the county of Fermanagh.

County of Galway.

Thomas John Burke, of Marble-hill, in the said county, Esq.

Christopher St. George, of Tyrone-house, in the said county, Esq.

Town of Galway.

Martin Joseph Blake, of Ballyglunin-park, in the county of Galway, Esq.

Anthony O'Flaherty, of Knockbane, in the said county, Esq.

County of Kerry.

Morgan John O'Connell, of Tubrid, in the said county, Esq.

Henry Arthur Herbert, of Muckross-heath, in the said county, Esq.

Borough of Tralee.

Maurice O'Connell, of Derrynane-abbey, in the county of Kerry, Esq.

County of Kildare.

Charles William FitzGerald, commonly called the Marquis of Kildare, of Carton, in the said county.

Richard Southwell Bourke, of Palmerstown, in the said county, Esq.

County of Kilkenny.

Pierce S. Butler, Esq.

John Greene, Esq.

City of Kilkenny.

John O'Connell, of Dalky, in the county of Dublin, Esq.

King's County.

The Honourable John Craven Westenra.
Sir Andrew Armstrong, Bart.

County of Leitrim.

Edward King Tenison, of Kilronan-castle, in the county of Roscommon, Esq.
The Honourable Charles Skeffington Clements, of Killadoon, in the county of Kildare.

County of Limerick.

William Monsell, of Turvoe, in the said county, Esq.
William Smith O'Brien, of Cahennagh, in the said county, Esq.

City of Limerick.

John O'Brien, of Carnelly, in the county of Clare, Esq.
John O'Connell, of Gowran-hill, in the county of Dublin, Esq.

County of Londonderry.

Theobald Jones, of Boragh, Captain R. N.
Thomas Bateson, of Belvoir-park, in the county of Down, Esq.

Borough of Coleraine.

John Boyd, of Dunduan-house, in the city of Londonderry, Esq.

City of Londonderry.

Sir Robert Alexander Ferguson, of the Farm, Londonderry, Bart.

County of Longford.

Samuel Winsley Blackall, Esq.
Richard Maxwell Fox, Esq.

County of Louth.

Richard Montesquieu Bellew, of Barmeath, in the said county, Esq.
Chichester Fortescue, of Ravensdale-park, in the said county, Esq.

Borough of Dundalk.

Charles Carroll M'Tavish, Esq.

Town of Drogheda.

The Right Honourable Sir William Meredyth Somerville, Bart.

County of Mayo.

George Henry Moore, of Moore-hall, in the said county, Esq.
Robert Dillon Browne, of Glencomb, in the said county, Esq.

County of Meath.

Matthew Elias Corbally, of Corbalton-hall, in the said county, Esq.
Henry Gratton, of Moyrath, in the said county, Esq.

County of Monaghan.

Charles Powell Leslie.
The Honourable Thomas Vesey Dawson.

Queen's County.

The Honourable Thomas Vesey, of Abbylix, in the said county.
John Wilson Fitzpatrick, of Lisduff, in the said county, Esq.

Borough of Portarlington.

Francis Plunket Dunne, of Brittas, in Queen's county, Esq.

County of Roscommon.

Fitzstephen French, of Errit, in the said county.
Oliver Dowel John Grace, of Mantua, in the said county.

County of Sligo.

John Ffolliott, of Hollybrook, in the said county, Esq.
William Richard Ormsby Gore, of Porkington-hall, in the county of Salop, Esq.

Borough of Sligo.

John Patrick Somers, Esq.

County of Tipperary.

Nicholas V. Maher, of Tartulla, in the said county, Esq.
Francis Scully, of the Middle Temple, London, Barrister at Law.

City of Cashel.

Timothy O'Brien, of Merrion-square, in the city of Dublin, Esq.

Borough of Clonmel.

The Honourable Cecil Lawless.

County of Tyrone.

The Right Honourable Henry Thomas Lowry Corry, of Aghenis, in the said county.
The Honourable Claude Hamilton, commonly called Lord Claude Hamilton, of Baron's-court, in the said county.

Borough of Dungannon.

The Honourable Thomas Knox, commonly called Viscount Northland.

County of Waterford.

Robert Keating, of Garrinlea, in the county of Tipperary, Esq.
Nicholas Power, of Faithley-house, in the county of Waterford, Esq.

Borough of Dungarvan.

The Right Honourable Richard Lalor Sheil, of Longorchard, in the county of Tipperary.

City of Waterford.

Thomas Meagher.
Daniel O'Connell.

County of Westmeath.

William Henry Magan, of Clonearle, in King's county, Esq.
Sir Percy Nugent, of Donore, in the county of Westmeath, Bart.

Borough of Athlone.

William Keogh, of Mountjoy-square, Dublin, Esq.

County of Wexford.

James Fegan, of the city of Dublin, Esq.
Hamilton Knox Grogan Morgan, of Johnstown-castle, in the said county, Esq.

Borough of Wexford.

John Thomas Devereux, of Wexford, Esq.

Borough of New Ross.

John Hyacinth Talbot.

County of Wicklow.

Lieutenant Colonel William Acton.
The Honourable William Thomas Spencer Wentworth Fitzwilliam, commonly called Viscount Milton.

September 21st.

County of Worcester.

Eastern Division.

George Rushout, Esq.
John Hodgetts Hodgetts Foley, Esq.

Western Division.

General the Honourable Henry Beauchamp Lygon.
Frederick Winn Knight, Esq.

Borough of Evesham.

The Right Honourable Arthur Marcus Cecil Hill, commonly called Lord Marcus Hill.
Sir Henry Pollard Willoughby, Bart.

Borough of Droitwich.

Sir John Somerset Pakington, of Westwood-park, in the county of Worcester, Bart.

Borough of Bewdley.

Thomas James Ireland, of Onsden-hall, in the county of Suffolk, Esq.

Borough of Dudley.

John Benbow, of Mecklenburgh-square, in the county of Middlesex, Esq.

Borough of Kidderminster.

Richard Godson, of Grosvenor-place, in the county of Middlesex, Esq.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of SEPTEMBER 24, 1847.

Whitehall, September 23, 1847.

THE Queen has been pleased to grant to the Honourable and Reverend Henry David Erskine, M.A. the deanery of Her Majesty's cathedral church of Ripon, in the county of York, and diocese of Ripon, void by the death of Doctor James Webber.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of SEPTEMBER 28, 1847.

Foreign-Office, September 28, 1847.

THE Queen has been pleased to approve of Don Isidro Lopez de Arce, as Consul at Malta for Her Majesty the Queen of Spain.

Office of the Mixed British and Portuguese Commission, 12, *Fludyer-street, Westminster.*

Notice is hereby given, that the payment of the Titulos issued by this Commission, due on the 1st of October next, together with the interest accruing upon the remainder of the series in each claim, as well as upon the Prize Titulos, will commence on that day, at the above Office, and be continued on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, from eleven to three o'clock, until the 31st of December next. Arrears of interest payable on Thursdays only.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of OCTOBER 1, 1847.

At the Court at *Osborne-House, Isle of Wight*, the 28th day of *September* 1847,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

IT is this day ordered by Her Majesty in Council, that the Right Honourable the Lord High Chancellor of that part of the United Kingdom called Great Britain do issue writs for further proroguing the Parliament, from Tuesday the twelfth day of October next, to Thursday the eleventh day of November next.

At the Court at *Osborne-House, Isle of Wight,* the 28th day of *September* 1847,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

IT is this day ordered by Her Majesty in Council, that his Grace the Archbishop of Canterbury do prepare a Form of Prayer and Thanksgiving to Almighty God, for the late abundant harvest; and that such Form of Prayer and Thanksgiving be used in all Churches and Chapels in England and Wales, and in the town of Berwick-on-Tweed, on Sunday the seventeenth day of October next.

And it is hereby further ordered, that Her Majesty's Printer do forthwith print a competent number of copies of the said Form of Prayer and Thanksgiving, in order that the same may be forthwith sent round and read in the several Churches and Chapels of England and Wales, and of the town of Berwick-on-Tweed.

At the Court at *Osborne-House, Isle of Wight,* the 28th day of *September* 1847,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

IT is this day ordered by Her Majesty in Council, that all Ministers and Preachers, as well of the Established Church in that part of Great Britain called Scotland as of the Episcopal Communion protected and allowed by an Act

passed in the tenth year of the reign of Her late Majesty Queen Anne, cap. seven, do, at some time during the exercise of Divine Service in their Churches, Congregations, or Assemblies, on Sunday the seventeenth day of October next (or so soon as the Ministers of such Churches, Congregations, or Assemblies respectively shall be enabled so to do), put up Prayers and Thanksgivings to Almighty God for the late abundant harvest.

At the Court at *Osborne-House, Isle of Wight,* the 28th day of *September* 1847,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

HER Majesty in Council was this day pleased, upon the representation of the Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Council on Education, to appoint Henry George Bowyer, Esq. and Thomas Browne Browne, Esq. to be two of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools.

Downing-Street, October 1, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint Charles FitzGerald, Esq. Commander in the Royal Navy, to be Governor and Commander in Chief in and over the territory of Western Australia and its dependencies.

Her Majesty has also been pleased to appoint Richard Graves MacDonnell, Esq. to be Governor and Commander in Chief in and over Her Majesty's settlements in the Gambia and their dependencies.

Her Majesty has also been pleased to appoint Richard More O'Ferrall, Esq. to be Governor and Commander in Chief in and over the island of Malta and its dependencies.

Her Majesty has further been pleased to appoint Henry D. Warden, Esq. Captain in the Corps of Cape Mounted Riflemen, to be British Resident among the Tribes on the north eastern frontier of the settlement of the Cape of Good Hope.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of OCTOBER 5, 1847.

Whitehall, October 4, 1847.

THE Queen has been pleased to present the Reverend Charles Baring, M. A. to the district rectory of All Souls, in the parish of Saint Mary-le-bone, in the county of Middlesex and diocese of London, the same being void by the resignation of the Very Reverend Doctor George Chandler, Dean of Chichester.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of OCTOBER 8, 1847.

Foreign-Office, October 6, 1847.

THE Queen has been pleased to approve of Don Juan de Mazarredo, as Consul at Liverpool, and of Don José Moreno Lopez, as Consul in Jamaica, for Her Majesty the Queen of Spain.

The Queen has also been pleased to approve of Mr. Samuel Cockburn, as Consul in Grenada for the Republick of Venezuela.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of OCTOBER 12, 1847.

TREASURY WARRANT.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the fourth year of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act for the regulation of the duties of postage," power is given to the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, from time to time, by warrant under their hands, to alter and fix any of the rates of British postage or inland postage payable by law on the transmission by the post of foreign or colonial letters or newspapers, or of any other printed papers, and to subject the same to rates of postage according to the weight thereof,

and a scale of weight to be contained in such warrant; and, from time to time, by warrant as aforesaid, to alter or repeal any such altered rates, and make and establish any new or other rates in lieu thereof; and, from time to time, by warrant as aforesaid, to appoint at what time the rates that may be payable are to be paid; and it is provided, that the power thereby given should extend to any increase or reduction or remission of postage:

And whereas, by divers warrants under the hands of three of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, the said Commissioners, in exercise of the power for such purpose vested in them by the said Act, have fixed and established rates of postage on letters passing direct between the United Kingdom and Bremen:

And whereas, in consequence of communications opened with the Post-office at Bremen, it is considered expedient to fix and establish certain rates of postage on printed newspapers and other printed papers, conveyed between that country and the United Kingdom, and passing through the United Kingdom to or from the British colonies or foreign countries:

Now we, the undersigned, being three of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, do, in exercise of the power reserved to us in and by the said Act, and of all other powers enabling us in this behalf, by this warrant, under our hands, order and direct, that such printed newspapers, printed publications, printed prices current, printed commercial lists, and printed courses of exchange, as are hereinafter mentioned, may be sent by the post according to the regulations and rates hereinafter set forth, that is to say:

British newspapers, and such British publications as are allowed to pass by the post as news-

papers in the United Kingdom, may, if posted in the United Kingdom, addressed to Bremen, be sent from the United Kingdom to Bremen direct, or viâ Cuxhaven or any port or place within the territories of Hanover, by packet boat or private ship, free of postage.

Newspapers and other publications allowed to pass by the post as newspapers in Bremen, published and posted in Bremen and addressed to the United Kingdom, may be sent from Bremen to the United Kingdom direct, or viâ Cuxhaven or any port or place within the territories of Hanover, by packet boat free of postage, and by private ship at a rate of one halfpenny each.

Newspapers and other publications allowed to pass by the post as newspapers in Bremen, published and posted in Bremen, may be sent from thence to the British colonies and foreign countries through the United Kingdom, and foreign and colonial newspapers, addressed to Bremen, may be sent from foreign countries and the British colonies to Bremen through the United Kingdom (the conveyance in every case between the United Kingdom and Bremen being direct, or viâ Cuxhaven or any port or place within the territories of Hanover, by packet boat or private ship) at a rate of one halfpenny each.

Periodical works (not of daily publication and not allowed to pass as newspapers), printed, published, and posted within the United Kingdom, addressed to Bremen, and periodical works (not of daily publication and not allowed to pass as newspapers), printed, published, and posted in Bremen, addressed to the United Kingdom, may be transmitted between the two countries direct, or viâ Cuxhaven or any port or place within the terri-

tories of Hanover, by packet boat or private ship, at the following rates, namely:

For every publication not exceeding two ounces in weight, one penny.

Above two ounces in weight, and not exceeding three ounces, six pence.

Above three ounces in weight, and not exceeding four ounces, eight pence.

And for every additional ounce in weight above four ounces, up to sixteen ounces (the limit of weight beyond which such publications are not to be sent by the post, except at the letter rates of postage), two pence more; and every lesser weight than an ounce is to be charged as a full ounce.

Printed courses of exchange, printed prices current, printed commercial lists, and such other printed papers as are allowed either in the United Kingdom or Bremen to pass by the post at a reduced rate of postage, may, if posted in the United Kingdom addressed to Bremen, or posted in Bremen addressed to the United Kingdom, be transmitted between the United Kingdom and Bremen direct, or viâ Cuxhaven or any port or place within the territories of Hanover, by packet boat or private ship, at a rate of one penny each.

Printed courses of exchange, printed prices current, and printed commercial lists, published and posted in or addressed to Bremen, may be sent between Bremen and the British colonies, or foreign countries, through the United Kingdom (the conveyance between Bremen and the United Kingdom being direct, or viâ Cuxhaven or any port or place within the territories of Hanover, by packet boat or private ship), at a rate of one penny each.

The said newspapers, periodical publications, printed courses of exchange, printed prices current, printed commercial lists, and such other printed papers as aforesaid, to be forwarded under and subject to the following conditions (that is to say):

Each must be printed in the language of the country in which it is published.

Each must be sent from the country in which it is published without a cover, or in a band or cover open at the sides, and there must be no word or communication printed on the paper after its publication, or upon the band or cover thereof, nor any writing, figures, or manual marks upon it, or upon the band or cover of it except the name and address of the person to whom sent.

There must be no paper or thing enclosed in or with any such newspaper, periodical publication, printed course of exchange, printed price current, printed commercial list, or other printed paper.

The courses of exchange, prices current, and commercial lists must contain merely the names and prices of the goods, without mentioning the name or residence of the vendor or sender.

Any newspaper, periodical publication, course of exchange, price current, commercial list, or other printed paper, not forwarded in conformity with such conditions, is to be chargeable with the full letter rates of postage.

And we do hereby further order and direct, that the terms and expressions used in this warrant shall be construed to have the like meaning, in all respects, as they would have had if inserted in the said Act passed in the fourth year of the reign of Her present Majesty.

And we do further direct, that this warrant shall come into operation on the first day of November one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven.

Provided lastly, and we do hereby declare and direct, that it shall be lawful for the Commissioners for the time being of Her Majesty's Treasury, or any three of them, by warrant under their hands, at any time hereafter to alter or repeal any of the rates hereby fixed or altered, or the regulations hereby made, and to make and establish any new or other rates or regulations in lieu thereof, and from time to time to appoint at what time the rates that may be payable are to be paid.

Whitehall, Treasury-chambers, the 8th day of October 1847.

R. M. BELLEW.
EBRINGTON.
H. RICH.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of OCTOBER 15, 1847.

Downing-Street, October 15, 1847.

THE Queen has been pleased to appoint Francis Brady, Esq. to be Chief Justice for the Island of Newfoundland.

Whitehall, October 15, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to present the Reverend Peter Grant to the church and parish of Small Isles, in the presbytery of Skye and county of Inverness, vacant by the transportation of the Reverend Henry Beatson, late Minister thereof, to the church and parish of Barra.

IMPROVEMENT OF TOWNS, &c.

Applications to Parliament for Local Bills.

The Commissioners of Her Majesty's Woods, &c. do hereby give notice, that under the powers and authorities vested in them by an Act of the 9th and 10th Victoria, cap. 106, for instituting preliminary enquiries in certain cases relating to the establishment of any waterworks, or for draining, paving, cleansing, lighting, or otherwise improving any town, district, or place, or for making, maintaining, or altering any burial ground or cemetery, or for continuing, altering, or enlarging any of the powers or provisions contained in any Act or Acts relating to any of the purposes aforesaid, a *List of Requirements* has been prepared under their direction, upon those points to which the attention of the Surveying Officers will be directed; and that copies of such List, price two shillings each, or of sections applying only to the respective subjects, price six pence each, may be obtained on application to Messrs. Vacher and Sons, Law Stationers and Printers, 29, Parliament-street, Westminster.

PORTS, HARBOURS, &c.

Applications to Parliament for Local Bills.

The Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty (under the powers and authorities vested in them by the Act 9 and 10 Victoria, cap. 106, for instituting preliminary enquiries in cases of application to Parliament for any Act relating to any port or harbour, or to any tidal water or navigable river, or in any manner directly or indirectly affecting the same), do hereby give notice, that printed *Tables of Requirements* have been prepared for the instruction and guidance of the Surveying Officers; and that copies of the Tables, price one shilling each, may be obtained by the promoters, agents, or other parties concerned in such Bills, on application to Messrs. Vacher and Sons, Law Stationers and Printers, 29, Parliament-street, Westminster.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of OCTOBER 19, 1847.

THIS Gazette contains the approval of Her Majesty in Council to the following scheme, from Her Majesty's Commissioners for building new churches, viz.

To assign a district chapelry to the consecrated church, called All Saints' Church, situate in York-street, in the Lower-marsh, in the district parish of Saint John, Waterloo-road, Lambeth, in the county of Surrey, and within the diocese

of Winchester, and that such district chapelry should be named, "The Chapelry District of All Saints', Lower-marsh, Lambeth."

Cambridge-House, October 19, 1847.

The Duke of Cambridge has been pleased to appoint Henry Stanhope Illingworth, Esq. to be Joint Apothecary with Edward D. Moore, Esq. to His Royal Highness's Household.

TREASURY WARRANT.

Whereas by an Act, passed in the fourth year of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act for the regulation of the duties of postage," it is enacted, that it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, from time to time, and at any time after the passing of that Act, by warrant under their hands, to alter and fix any of the rates of British postage or inland postage payable by law on the transmission by the post of foreign or colonial letters or newspapers, or of any other printed papers, and to subject the same to rates of postage according to the weight thereof, and a scale of weight to be contained in such warrant; and, from time to time, by warrant as aforesaid, to alter or repeal any such altered rates, and make and establish any new or other rates in lieu thereof; and, by warrant as aforesaid, to appoint at what time the rates that might be payable were to be paid; and it is provided, that the power thereby given to alter and fix rates of postage should extend to any increase or reduction or remission of postage:

And whereas by an Act, passed in the eighth year of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled

"An Act for the better regulation of colonial posts," power is given to the said Commissioners, from time to time, by warrant under their hands, to alter and fix any of the rates of colonial postage payable by law for the transmission of letters by the post, and to subject the same to rates of postage according to the weight thereof, in like manner as in the said first mentioned Act is enacted in respect of British or inland postage on foreign or colonial letters, and the power by the said Act, passed in the eighth year of the reign of Her present Majesty, given to alter and fix rates of postage is declared to extend to any increase or reduction or remission of postage:

And whereas an Act was passed in the last session of Parliament, intituled "An Act for giving further facilities for the transmission of letters by post, and for the regulating the duties of postage thereon, and for other purposes relating to the Post-office:"

Now we, the undersigned, being three of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, in exercise of the powers or authorities in us for such purpose vested in and by the said recited Acts, or any or either of them, and of all other powers and authorities enabling us in this behalf, do hereby order and direct, that on every letter, not exceeding half an ounce in weight, transmitted by packet boat between the islands of Martinique and Guadaloupe respectively, and also between those islands respectively and British North America or the British West Indies (not forwarded through the United Kingdom), there shall be charged and taken (in lieu of any rates of postage now payable thereon) one uniform rate of postage of four pence.

And we further direct, that on every letter, not exceeding half an ounce in weight, posted in any

post town in the island of Hong Kong, in the Chinese Sea, addressed to any person or place within such town or the suburbs thereof, there shall be charged and taken (in lieu of any rates of postage now payable thereon) one uniform rate of postage of one penny.

And we further direct, that on every such letter as in this warrant is before mentioned, exceeding half an ounce in weight, there shall be charged and taken progressive and additional rates of postage, according to the scale of weight and number of rates in the said Act, passed in the fourth year of the reign of Her present Majesty, contained, as to letters estimating and charging each additional rate at the sum which any such letter would be charged with under this warrant, if not exceeding half an ounce in weight.

And whereas by a warrant, dated the eleventh day of September one thousand eight hundred and forty-five, under the hands of three of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, it was ordered and directed, that on all letters, not exceeding half an ounce in weight, transmitted by packet boat between any of the countries or places following (that is to say), the Cape of Good Hope, or any ports on the eastern coast of Africa, the coast of Arabia, the Red Sea, the Persian Gulf, the Bay of Bengal, the Indian Ocean, any ports in Hindostan, Ceylon, the Mauritius, or the East India Islands; and any of the countries or places following (that is to say), any ports in China, the Chinese Sea, the Phillipines, the Moluccas, Australia, and New Zealand; or between any of the countries and places respectively next hereinafter mentioned (that is to say), the Cape of Good Hope, any ports on the eastern coast of Africa, the coast of Arabia, the Red Sea, the Persian Gulf, the Bay of Bengal, the Indian Ocean, any

ports in Hindostan, Ceylon, the Mauritius, the East India Islands, any ports in China, the Chinese Sea, the Phillipines, the Moluccas, Australia, and New Zealand (except between Australia and New Zealand); or between two ports in any of the countries or places hereinbefore mentioned (excepting ports in Australia and ports in New Zealand), there should be charged and taken one uniform rate of postage of one shilling, and progressive and additional rates of postage were thereby imposed on letters exceeding half an ounce in weight; but it was provided, that nothing therein contained should extend to charge with any new or additional rate of postage any letters conveyed by packet boat as aforesaid, which by the said Act, passed in the fourth year of the reign of Her present Majesty, were chargeable with the Red Sea or Persian Gulf rate of postage:

Now we, the undersigned, in exercise of all powers and authorities enabling us in this behalf, do hereby order and direct, that nothing in the said recited warrant of the eleventh of September one thousand eight hundred and forty-five, contained shall extend to charge with the rates of postage thereby fixed or established any letters conveyed by any of Her Majesty's Mediterranean packet boats, viâ Southampton, between the United Kingdom and the East Indies, the Indian Ocean, Ceylon, the Mauritius, China, the Chinese Sea, the Phillipines, the Moluccas, Australia, New Zealand, or any other countries, islands, or places, viâ Syria or Egypt, although such letters may not be chargeable with the Red Sea or Persian Gulf rate of postage.

And we further order and direct, that on every printed foreign newspaper conveyed by the post between Gibraltar or any other British colony in

the Miditerranean and the island of Hong Kong, or any other British colony in the East Indies, the Chinese Seas, or elsewhere (the sea conveyance being by packet boat), there shall be charged and paid one uniform rate of postage of one penny, in addition to any rate of transit postage payable in respect of such newspaper, so far as the same shall be forwarded by land through Egypt or any other foreign country.

And we hereby further order and direct, that on every printed newspaper (whether British, colonial, or foreign) conveyed by the post between any of Her Majesty's colonies or possessions in the Mediterranean, and any port or place in China or the Phillipine Islands, and whether the sea communication shall be by packet boat or private ship, there shall be paid one uniform rate of sea postage of two pence; and if the same shall be also conveyed by land, any foreign rate of postage payable in respect of such newspaper, so far as the same shall be conveyed by land, shall be payable thereon in addition to the said rate of two pence.

And we hereby further order and direct, that on all printed pamphlets or publications, printed within the United Kingdom and sent by the post between any places within British North America, or within the British West Indies, or between any place in British North America and any place in British West Indies, there shall be charged and paid, in lieu of all other inland colonial rates of postage now payable in respect thereof, a colonial inland rate of one penny for every ounce weight thereof; and every fraction of an ounce shall be charged as one ounce.

And we further direct, that no such pamphlet or publication, exceeding the weight of sixteen ounces, shall be forwarded by the post.

Provided always, that nothing herein contained

shall repeal or alter, or be construed to repeal or alter, the rate of postage fixed by a certain warrant, bearing date the eleventh day of October one thousand eight hundred and forty-three, under the hands of three of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, on printed pamphlets and publications printed within the United Kingdom or British North America or the British West Indies, and forwarded (whether by post or not) between the United Kingdom and British North America or the British West Indies.

And whereas by the said Act, passed in the fourth year of the reign of Her present Majesty, seamen and soldiers, while actually employed in Her Majesty's service, and soldiers, while actually employed in the service of the East India Company, are empowered to send and receive letters, not exceeding half an ounce in weight, by the post, on their own private concerns, at a postage of one penny for each letter, under and subject to the regulations, restrictions, and conditions therein mentioned; and by the said Act such privileged persons are empowered to send and receive letters, not exceeding half an ounce in weight, by private ships, between the United Kingdom and places beyond the seas, on their own private concerns, at a like postage for each letter, subject to the like conditions and regulations, in all respects, as were thereinbefore mentioned in respect of letters sent and received by such privileged persons by the post, but so that whenever the letters sent or received by any such privileged persons should be conveyed, or intended to be conveyed, by private ships, the gratuities payable by law to the masters of such vessels, in respect of such letters, should, in all cases, be paid to the post-office in addition to such postage:

And whereas by a warrant, dated the twenty-

eighth day of November one thousand eight hundred and forty-four, under the hands of three of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, the like privilege of sending and receiving letters by the post are extended to seamen, while actually employed in the service of the said East India Company; and such privilege as aforesaid of sending and receiving letters by private ships, between the United Kingdom and places beyond the seas, or between places beyond the seas, is also extended to such seamen as last aforesaid:

Now we, the undersigned, in exercise of all powers and authorities enabling us in this behalf, do hereby order and direct, that any such privileged person as is named in the said Act, passed in the fourth year of the reign of Her present Majesty, and also every seaman employed abroad in the service of the East India Company, whilst actually employed in the service of such Company, may both send and receive letters, not exceeding half an ounce in weight, by private ships, between any two of Her Majesty's colonies, whether through the United Kingdom or not, on their own private concerns, in like manner as the privileged persons mentioned in the said Act, passed in the fourth year of the reign of Her present Majesty, are authorized to send and receive letters, not exceeding half an ounce in weight, on their own private concerns, between the United Kingdom and places beyond the seas, provided, that whenever the letters sent or received by any such persons privileged under this warrant shall be conveyed, or intended to be conveyed, by private ships, the gratuities payable by law to the masters of such vessels, in respect of such letters, shall in all cases be paid to the post-office in addition to such postage.

And whereas by the said warrant, of the

twenty-eighth day of November one thousand eight hundred and forty-four, it was directed, that in all cases in which a letter, addressed to any commissioned officer of the army, navy, or ordnance, or any of the departments belonging thereto respectively, employed on actual service in any of Her Majesty's colonies, or on any foreign station, should be forwarded by the post, and before the delivery of such letter at the place of its address, the officer to whom it should be addressed should, in the execution of his duty, have removed from that place to any other place (whether at home or abroad), the letter should be forwarded to the latter place, and should not be charged with more than the postage which would have been payable for the letter in case the same had been delivered at the place to which it was originally addressed:

Now we do hereby further direct, that the said last-mentioned clause shall not extend, nor be deemed or construed to extend, to any letter sent by the post from any place in the United Kingdom, addressed to any commissioned officer at any other place in the United Kingdom, and who, before the delivery thereof at the place of its address, shall, in the execution of his duty, have removed from that place to any place beyond the seas, which letter shall be chargeable with the same rates of postage as if the said clause had not been inserted in the said warrant of the twenty-eighth day of November one thousand eight hundred and forty-four.

And whereas by the said Act, passed in the eighth year of the reign of Her present Majesty, power is given to the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, by warrant under their hands, to extend to all or any of Her Majesty's colonies any of the enactments, clauses,

and provisions (not then relating to or affecting the colonies) contained in the said Act, passed in the fourth year of the reign of Her present Majesty, and any of the enactments, clauses, and provisions (not then relating to or affecting the colonies) contained, or which might be contained in any other of the Post-office Acts then or thereafter to be in force, and from time to time revoke any such warrant; and that, during the time any such warrant should be unrepealed, the enactments, clauses, and provisions which might be extended to any such colonies should be in force in such colonies, in like manner as if the same had been declared by any such Act to extend to such colonies:

Now we do, in exercise of the power or authority in us for such purpose vested in and by the said Act, passed in the eighth year of the reign of Her present Majesty, and of all other powers enabling us in this behalf, by this warrant under our hands, extend to the island of Hong Kong, in the Chinese Sea, so much of the said Act, passed in the fourth year of the reign of Her present Majesty, as enacts, that the Postmaster General may appoint any person to demand from the masters of vessels, arriving at or off a port in the United Kingdom, all letters on board the same not exempted by the Post-office Acts; and that the master of any such vessel shall forthwith deliver all such letters on board to such person on his demanding the same.

And we do also extend to the said island of Hong Kong, and to all other Her Majesty's colonies where the Postmaster General has established, or shall hereafter establish, posts, so much of an Act, passed in the first year of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act for consolidating the laws relative to offences against the

Post-office of the United Kingdom, and for regulating the judicial administration of the Post-office laws for explaining certain terms and expressions employed in those laws," as enacts, that every person, being either the master of a vessel inward bound, or one of the officers, or one of the crew, or a passenger thereof, who shall knowingly have any letter in his possession, not exempted from the privilege of the Postmaster General, after the master shall have sent any part of his ship letters to the Post-office, shall forfeit for every letter five pounds; and whether the letter be in the baggage, or on the person of the offender, or otherwise in his custody, it shall be held to be in his possession; and every such person who shall detain any such letter after demand made, either by the officer of the Customs, or by a person authorized by the Postmaster General to demand ship letters, shall forfeit for every letter ten pounds; and also so much of the said Act, passed in the fourth year of the reign of Her present Majesty, as enacts, that all letters brought into the United Kingdom by packet boats (whether in a mail bag or not) shall be chargeable with packet postage.

And we further direct, that, for the purposes of this warrant, every printed supplement to a colonial newspaper shall be considered as a distinct newspaper, and that every printed supplement to a British newspaper shall, for the purpose of charging the postage under this warrant, be deemed a distinct newspaper, unless sent in the same cover, or together with the newspaper to which it is a supplement or addition; and that no printed newspaper, either alone or together with the supplement or additional sheet to a newspaper, or any pamphlet or publication, shall be conveyed by the post under the regulations of this present

warrant, unless the same shall be sent without a cover, or in a cover open at the sides, and that there be no word or communication printed on the paper after its publication, or upon the cover thereof, or any writing or mark upon it, or upon the cover of it, except the name and address of the person to whom sent, nor any paper or thing enclosed in or with the same.

And we further direct, that in all cases in which a question shall arise whether a printed paper is entitled to the privilege of a newspaper, or other printed paper hereby privileged, so far as respects the transmission of the same by the post under this warrant, the question shall be referred to the determination of the Postmaster General, whose decision, with the concurrence of the Lords of the Treasury, shall be final.

And we further direct, that the several and respective rates of postage chargeable under this warrant shall be charged in sterling money.

And we further direct, that nothing contained in this warrant shall be deemed or construed to annul, prejudice, or affect any of the exemptions and privileges granted by the said Act, passed in the fourth year of the reign of Her present Majesty, or by an Act, made and passed in the first year of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act for the management of the Post-office," all which exemptions and privileges shall remain in full force.

And we further direct, that the terms, "British North America," and "British West Indies," used in this warrant shall have the like force and operation as when used in the said warrant of the eleventh of October one thousand eight hundred and forty-three; and that the several other terms and expressions used in this warrant shall be construed to have the like meaning, in all respects,

as they would have had if inserted in the said Act, passed in the fourth year of the reign of Her present Majesty.

And we further direct, that this warrant shall come into operation on the first day of January one thousand eight hundred and forty-eight.

Provided lastly, and we hereby declare and direct, that it shall be lawful for the Commissioners for the time being of Her Majesty's Treasury, or any of them, by warrant under their hands, at any time hereafter to alter or repeal any of the rates hereby altered, or the regulations hereby made, and to make and establish any new or other rates or regulations in lieu thereof, and from time to time to appoint at what time the rates that may be payable are to be paid.

Whitehall, Treasury-chambers, the 7th day of October 1847.

R. M. BELLEW.
EBRINGTON.
H. RICH.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of OCTOBER 22, 1847.

Foreign-Office, October 20, 1847.

THE Queen has been pleased to approve of M. Adrien Louis Cochelet, as Consul General in London for His Majesty the King of the French.

The Queen has also been pleased to approve of M. Le Feuvre, as Consul at Southampton for His Majesty the King of the Belgians.

The Queen has also been pleased to approve of Mr. Hugh Keenan, as Consul at Dublin for the United States of America.

Tithe Commission-Office, London, October 18, 1847.

The Tithe Commissioners for England and Wales have appointed Henry Fleming, Esq. Barrister at Law, to be an Assistant Tithe Commissioner for special purposes; and the said Henry Fleming was sworn in, on the 22d day of October instant, before Sir E. V. Williams, at his chambers, Rolls'-garden, Chancery-lane, according to the Act for the commutation of tithes in England and Wales.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of OCTOBER 26, 1847.

Whitehall, October 23, 1847.

THE Queen has been pleased to order a congé d'elire to the Dean and Chapter of the cathedral church of Manchester, empowering them to elect a Bishop of that see; and Her Majesty has also been pleased to recommend to the said Dean and Chapter the Reverend James Prince Lee A. M. to be by them elected Bishop of the said see.

Foreign-Office, October 26, 1847.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to appoint Captain the Honourable Robert Gore, R. N. to be Her Majesty's Chargé d'Affaires and Consul General in the Oriental Republick of the Uruguay.

Downing-Street, October 26, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint Sir Edmund Walker Head, Bart. to be Lieutenant Governor of the province of New Brunswick.

Her Majesty has also been pleased to appoint Sir Donald Campbell, Bart. to be Lieutenant Governor of Prince Edward Island.

Her Majesty has further been pleased to appoint John Iles Mantell, Esq. to be Chief Justice, and Sidney Billing, Esq. to be Queen's Advocate and Police Magistrate, for Her Majesty's settlements in the Gambia.

TREASURY WARRANT.

Whereas by an Act, passed in the fourth year of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act for the regulation of the duties of postage," certain scales of weight and rates of postage were fixed and made chargeable and payable upon, for, and in respect of letters, newspapers, parliamentary proceedings, and printed papers, transmitted and forwarded by the post, and various regulations were made for facilitating the transmission of such letters and papers by the post:

And whereas by an Act, passed in the last

session of Parliament, intituled "An Act for giving further facilities for the transmission of letters by post, and for regulating the duties of postage thereon, and for other purposes relating to the Post-office," the provision concerning the maximum weight of letters to be sent by the post, as fixed in and by the said first-mentioned Act, is repealed; and, in order to prevent packets of an unwieldy bulk or an inconvenient size being transmitted by the post, power is given to the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, at any time or times thereafter, by warrant under their hands, to fix a maximum weight of letters to be sent by the post, and, from time to time, to repeal or revoke such maximum weight wholly or in part, and declare any other maximum weight in lieu thereof, and all letters are to be forwarded, conveyed, and delivered by the post in conformity with any such warrant, and also in conformity with, under, and subject to all such orders, conditions, limitations, regulations, and restrictions as to the form, size, or dimensions thereof, whether in proportion to the weight or otherwise as the Postmaster General, with the consent of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, shall from time to time direct; and by the said Act power is also given to the Postmaster General to collect and receive the foreign and colonial postage charged or chargeable on any letters sent by the post; and also with the consent of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury to require the postage, British, colonial, or foreign, of any letters sent by the post to be prepaid, either in money or in stamps as he may think fit, on the same being put into the Post-office; and also with such consent to abolish or restrict the prepayment in money of postage on letters sent by the post either altogether or on certain letters, and to require the prepayment

thereof to be in stamps, and to refuse to receive or send by the post any letters tendered contrary to any regulations thereby made; and it is also declared and enacted, that it shall be lawful for the Postmaster General and any officer of the Post-office to detain any letters which shall be posted or sent by the post contrary to the regulations of that Act, or of the first-mentioned Act, or contrary to any regulations made under the authority of that Act, or the said first-mentioned Act, or contrary to the regulations of any Treasury warrant to be issued under or by virtue of that Act, or which had been or should be issued under or by virtue of the said first-mentioned Act, and to open such letters, and either to return them to the senders thereof or to forward them to the places of their destination, charged, in either case, with such rates of postage as the Postmaster General, with the consent of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, shall from time to time direct:

Now we, the undersigned, being three of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, do, in exercise of the powers reserved to us in and by the said before-mentioned Acts, or either of them, and of all other powers enabling us in this behalf, by this warrant under our hands, order and direct, that (except in the cases hereinafter mentioned) no letter which, in length or breadth or width or depth, shall exceed the dimensions of two feet or twenty-four inches, shall be forwarded by the post between any places within the United Kingdom, nor by the post of any post town in the United Kingdom.

And we do hereby further order and direct, that (except as hereinafter is provided or mentioned) if any letter, exceeding four ounces in weight, shall be sent or tendered or delivered, in order to be sent by the post between any places within the

United Kingdom, or by the post of any post town in the United Kingdom, the postage of every such letter, according to the scale of weight and number and amount of rates of postage fixed and chargeable upon letters transmitted by the post between places within the United Kingdom by the said Act, passed in the fourth year of the reign of Her present Majesty, shall be prepaid in money, or such letter shall be duly and properly stamped when posted.

Provided always, and we hereby further order and direct, that the clause hereinbefore contained, limiting the dimensions of letters sent by the post, shall not extend or apply to petitions or addresses forwarded to Her Majesty; or to petitions or addresses to Her Majesty or petitions to either House of Parliament forwarded to any Member of either House of Parliament, or to printed votes or proceedings of Parliament, or to letters to or from any of the Government Offices or Departments, or any public officer who, on the first day of January one thousand eight hundred and forty, had the privilege of franking by virtue of his office, or to letters to or from any other public officer to whom the Postmaster General shall from time to time direct that the exemption hereby granted shall be extended; but so that the petitions and addresses forwarded to any Member of either House of Parliament, and printed votes and proceedings of Parliament be sent without covers, or in covers open at the sides, and so that if any such petitions or addresses to Her Majesty, or petitions to either House of Parliament, forwarded to any Member of either House of Parliament, shall exceed thirty-two ounces in weight, according to the provisions of the said Act, passed in the fourth year of the reign of Her present Majesty, the whole of such respective petitions and addresses shall be charge-

able as heretofore with the full letter rates of postage.

And we further order and direct, that the clause hereinbefore contained, requiring the postage of letters, exceeding four ounces in weight, to be prepaid in money, or be duly and properly stamped when posted, shall not extend or apply to petitions or addresses forwarded to Her Majesty, or to petitions or addresses to Her Majesty or petitions to either House of Parliament, forwarded to any Member of either House of Parliament, or to printed votes or proceedings of Parliament, or to letters to or from any of the Government Offices or Departments, or public officers mentioned or referred to in the clause lastly hereinbefore contained.

And we do hereby further order and direct, that every letter sent or tendered or delivered, in order to be sent by the post between any places in the United Kingdom, or by the post of any post town in the United Kingdom, which shall in length or breadth or width or depth exceed the dimensions of two feet or twenty-four inches (except as hereinbefore is provided), and every letter sent or tendered or delivered, in order to be sent by the post between any places in the United Kingdom, or by the post of any post town in the United Kingdom, exceeding four ounces in weight, the postage whereof shall not be prepaid in money, or which shall not be duly and properly stamped when posted (except as hereinbefore also is provided), and every letter sent or tendered or delivered, in order to be sent by any post in the United Kingdom, which shall contain any of the enclosures, articles, or things prohibited and forbidden by the said Act, passed in the fourth year of the reign of Her present Majesty, or by a certain warrant under the hands of three of the Com-

missioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, bearing date the twenty-eighth day of November one thousand eight hundred and forty-four, shall and may be detained and opened, and, at the option of the Postmaster General, shall be either returned or given up to the sender thereof, or be given up to the person to whom it shall be addressed, or be forwarded to the place of its destination, under and subject to the following regulations (that is to say), if the postage of such letter shall have been prepaid in money, or if such letter shall bear a stamp or stamps equal in value or amount to the rates of postage to which it shall be liable, such letter may be returned or given up or forwarded (at the option of the Postmaster General) as aforesaid, free of any further or additional charge for postage; but if any such letter shall be posted without any stamp thereon, and without the postage thereof being prepaid, the same, on being so returned, given up, or forwarded, shall be chargeable with a postage of double the amount to which it would have been liable if the postage thereof had been prepaid when posted; and if any such letter shall have thereon or affixed thereto any stamp or stamps, the value or amount of which shall be less than the rate of pos tage to wich such letter would be liable if prepaid or, if the sum prepaid shall be less than the postage to which the letter was liable as prepaid, there shall be charged thereon a postage of double the amount of the difference between the value of such stamp or stamps, or the sum so prepaid, and the full postage to which such letter would have been liable if prepaid.

And we do hereby further order and direct, that the terms and expressions used in this warrant shall be construed to have the like meaning, in all respects, as they would have had if inserted

in the said Act, passed in the fourth year of the reign of Her present Majesty.

And we do further direct, that this warrant shall come into operation on the tenth day of November one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven.

Provided lastly, and we do hereby declare and direct, that it shall be lawful for the Commissioners for the time being of Her Majesty's Treasury, or any three of them, by warrant under their hands, at any time hereafter to alter or repeal any of the rates hereby fixed or altered, or the regulations hereby made, and to make and establish any new or other rates or regulations in lieu thereof, and from time to time to appoint at what time the rates that may be payable are to be paid.

Whitehall, Treasury-chambers, the 22d day of October 1847.

H. RICH.
C. WOOD.
R. M. BELLEW.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of OCTOBER 29, 1847.

At the Court at *Osborne-House, Isle of Wight*, the 28th day of *September* 1847,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS Her Majesty doth deem it expedient to appoint the town and port of Portland, in the district of Port Phillip, New South Wales, to be a free warehousing port for the purposes of an Act, passed in the session of Parliament holden in the eighth and ninth years of Her reign, intituled "An Act to regulate the "trade of the British possessions abroad:"

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, and in pursuance of the authority committed to Her by the said Act, doth order, and it is hereby ordered, that the said town and port of Portland shall, from and after the first day of January one thousand eight hundred and forty-eight, be a free warehousing port for the purposes of the said Act:

And the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, and the Right Honourable Earl Grey, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, are to give the necessary directions herein as to them respectively may appertain.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

This Gazette also contains an Order in Council, relative to a scheme, duly prepared by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, relating to a lease of minerals about to be granted by the Reverend James Hughes, Clerk, Rector of the parish of Llanhilleth, in the county of Monmouth, and diocese of Llandaff, and to make better provision for the cure of souls within the said parish.

Downing-Street, October 29, 1847.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to give orders for the appointment of Rear Admiral Sir Thomas John Cochrane, Knt., Companion of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, to be an Ordinary Member of the Military Division of the Second Class or Knights Commanders of the said Order.

FROM THE

SUPPLEMENT

TO THE

LONDON GAZETTE of OCTOBER 29, 1847.

At the Court at *Windsor*, the 30th day of *October* 1847,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

IT is this day ordered by Her Majesty in Council, that the Right Honourable the Lord High Chancellor of that part of the United Kingdom called Great Britain do issue Writs for further proroguing the Parliament, from Thursday the eleventh day of November next, to Thursday the eighteenth day of November next.

By the QUEEN.

A PROCLAMATION.

VICTORIA, R.

WHEREAS Our Parliament stands prorogued to Thursday the eleventh day of November next, We, with the advice of Our Privy Council, do hereby publish and declare, that the

said Parliament shall be further prorogued, on the said eleventh day of November next, to Thursday the eighteenth day of November next; and We have given order to Our Chancellor of that part of Our United Kingdom called Great Britain, to prepare a Writ Patent for proroguing the same accordingly: and We do hereby further, with the advice aforesaid, declare Our Royal Will and Pleasure, that the said Parliament shall, on the said Thursday the eighteenth day of November next, assemble and be held and sit for the dispatch of divers urgent and important affairs: and the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Knights, Citizens, and Burgesses, and the Commissioners for Shires and Burghs of the House of Commons, are hereby required and commanded to give their attendance accordingly, at Westminster, on the said Thursday the eighteenth day of November next.

Given at Our Court, at Windsor, this thirtieth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven, and in the eleventh year of Our reign.

GOD save the QUEEN.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of NOVEMBER 2, 1847.

At the Court at *Windsor*, the 30th day of *October* 1847,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

THIS day the Right Honourable James Stephen was, by Her Majesty's command, sworn of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, and took his place at the Board accordingly.

At the Court at *Windsor*, the 30th day of *October* 1847,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the session holden in the ninth and tenth years of Her Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act for the more "easy recovery of small debts and demands in "England," it is, amongst other things, enacted, that it shall be lawful for Her Majesty, with the advice of Her Privy Council, to order, that the judges, clerks, bailiffs, and officers of the courts

holden under the said Act, or any of them, shall be paid by salaries instead of fees, or in any manner other than is provided by the said Act:

And whereas by the said Act it is also enacted, that any Order in Council made for the purposes of the said Act shall be published in the London Gazette, and notice of the intention of Her Majesty to take into consideration the propriety of making any such Order shall be published in the London Gazette, one calendar month at least, before any such Order shall be made:

And whereas Her Majesty has been pleased this day to refer the consideration of the said Act, and of the Order which it may be proper to make for the purposes of the said Act as before mentioned, to a Committee of the Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, and to direct, that the said Committee do report their opinion thereupon to Her Majesty:

Notice is hereby given, that, after the expiration of one calendar month from the date of the publication of this notice in the London Gazette, Her Majesty, with the advice of Her Privy Council, will take into consideration the propriety of making an Order, under the provisions of the said Act, for paying the judges, clerks, bailiffs, and officers of the said courts by salaries instead of fees, or in such other manner as may be deemed expedient.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

This Gazette also contains an Order in Council, relative to a scheme, duly prepared by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, for the assignment of the right of patronage of the new parish of Saint John, Wednesbury, in the county of Stafford, and in the diocese of Lichfield.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of NOVEMBER 5, 1847.

At the Court at *Windsor*, the 30th day of *October* 1847,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS a Treaty has been concluded between Her Majesty and His Majesty the King of Hanover, whereby due protection has been secured within the dominions of Hanover for the authors of books, dramatic works, or musical compositions, and the inventors, designers, or engravers of prints and articles of sculpture, and the authors, inventors, designers, or engravers of any other works whatsoever of literature and the fine arts, in which the laws of Great Britain and of Hanover do now or may hereafter give their respective subjects the privilege of copyright, and for the lawful representatives or assigns of any such authors, inventors, designers, or engravers, with regard to any such works first published within the dominions of Her Majesty:

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of Her Privy Council, and by virtue of the authority committed to Her by an Act, passed in the session of Parliament holden in the seventh and eighth years of Her reign, intituled

"An Act to amend the law relating to international "copyright," doth order, and it is hereby ordered, that the authors, inventors, designers, engravers, and makers of any of the following works (that is to say), books, prints, articles of sculpture, dramatic works, musical compositions, and any other works of literature and the fine arts, in which the laws of Great Britain give to British subjects the privilege of copyright, and the executors, administrators, and assigns of such authors, inventors, designers, engravers, and makers, respectively, shall, as respects works first published within the kingdom of Hanover, after the twenty-eighth day of October one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven, have the privilege of copyright therein for a period equal to the term of copyright which authors, inventors, designers, engravers, and makers of the like works, respectively, first published in the United Kingdom are by law entitled to, provided such books, dramatic pieces, musical compositions, prints, articles of sculpture, or other works of art have been registered, and copies thereof have been delivered according to the requirements of the said recited Act, within twelve months after the first publication thereof in any part of the said kingdom:

And it is hereby further ordered, that the authors of dramatic pieces and musical compositions which shall, after the said twenty-eighth day of October one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven, be first publicly represented or performed within the said kingdom, shall have the sole liberty of representing or performing in any part of the British dominions such dramatic pieces or musical compositions, during a period equal to the period during which authors of dramatic pieces and musical compositions first publicly represented or performed in the United Kingdom are entitled by

law to the sole liberty of representing or performing the same; provided such dramatic pieces or musical compositions have been registered, and copies thereof have been delivered according to the requirements of the said recited Act, within twelve calendar months after the time of their being first represented or performed in any part of the said kingdom:

And the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury are to give the necessary orders herein accordingly.

C. C. Greville.

At the Court at *Windsor*, the 30th day of *October* 1847,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the session of Parliament holden in the ninth and tenth years of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act to amend an Act of the seventh "and eighth years of Her present Majesty, for "reducing, under certain circumstances, the "duties payable upon books and engravings," it is enacted, that whenever Her Majesty has, by virtue of the authority vested in Her for that purpose, declared, that the authors, inventors, designers, engravers, or makers of any books, prints, or other works of art, first published in any foreign country or countries, shall have the privilege of copyright therein, it shall be lawful for Her Majesty, if she think fit, from time to time, by an Order in Council, to declare that, from and after a day to be named in such Order,

in lieu of the duties of Customs from time to time payable on the importation into the United Kingdom of books, prints, and drawings, there shall be payable only such duties of Customs as are mentioned in the said Act:

And whereas Her Majesty hath this day, by virtue of the authority vested in Her for that purpose, declared that the authors, inventors, designers, engravers, and makers of books, prints, and certain other works of art, first published within the dominions of Hanover, shall have the privilege of copyright therein:

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of Her Privy Council, and in virtue of the authority committed to Her by the said recited Act, doth order, and it is hereby ordered, that, from and after the day of the date of this Order, in lieu of the duties of Customs now payable upon books, prints, and drawings, published at any place within the said kingdom, there shall be payable only the duties of Customs following (that is to say):

On books originally produced in the United Kingdom, and republished at any place within the said kingdom, a duty of two pounds ten shillings per hundred weight.

On books published or republished at any place within the said kingdom, and not being books originally produced in the United Kingdom, a duty of fifteen shillings per hundred weight.

On prints and drawings, plain or coloured published at any place within the said kingdom,

Single, each, - - - -	$0\frac{1}{2}d.$
Bound or sewn, the dozen, -	$1\frac{1}{2}d.$

And the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury are to give the necessary orders herein accordingly.

C. C. Greville.

Whitehall, November 4, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to issue a new Commission of Lieutenancy for the city of London, constituting and appointing the several persons under mentioned to be Her Majesty's Commissioners for that purpose, viz.—The Right Honourable Sir George Carroll, Knt., Lord Mayor of the city of London, and the Lord Mayor of the said city for the time being; Sir Claudius Stephen Hunter, Bart., Matthias Prime Lucas and William Thompson, Esqrs., Sir John Key, Bart., Sir Peter Laurie, Knt., Charles Farebrother, William Taylor Copeland, Thomas Kelly, and Samuel Wilson, Esqrs., Sir Chapman Marshall, Knt., Sir John Pirie, Bart., John Humphery, Esqr., Sir William Magnay, Bart., Michael Gibbs and John Johnson, Esqrs., Aldermen of the city of London, the Hon. Charles Ewan Law, Recorder of the city of London, and the Recorder of the said city for the time being; Thomas Wood and John Kinnersley Hooper, Esqrs., Sir James Duke, Knt., Thomas Farncombe, John Musgrove, William Hunter, Thomas Challis, William Hughes Hughes, Thomas Sidney, and Francis Graham Moon, Esqrs. Aldermen of the city of London, and the Aldermen of the said city for the time being; Anthony Brown, Esqr., Chamberlain of the city of London, and the Chamberlain of the said city for the time being; Henry Alworth Merewether, D. C. L. and Serjeant at Law, Town Clerk of the city of London, and the Town Clerk of the said city for the time being; John Mirehouse, Esqr., Common Serjeant of the city of London, and the Common Serjeant of the said city for the time being; Richard Brook, John Lorkin, George Stacey, Thomas Corney, David Allan, William

Curling, Richard Hicks, Walter Anderson Peacock, Thomas Quested Finnis, William Stevens, James Southby Bridge, John Brown, Thomas Pewtress, Joshua Thomas Bedford, John William Goss, William Muddell, Henry Smith, Thomas Watkins, George Wright, John Britten, Daniel Cork, Richard Dixon, Edward Eagleton, Jeremiah Evans, Edward Harrison, John Pearson Hayward, John King, James Lake, Robert Obbard, and Samuel Unwin, Esqrs., Deputies of the city of London, and the Deputies of the said city for the time being; Edward Tickner, Thomas Price, John Downes, William Green, James Ramshaw, Edward Godson, Henry John Elmes, James Morris, Henry James Prescott, Arthur Edward Campbell, Edward Henry Chapman, William Cotton, Bonamy Dobree, Charles Pascoe Grenfell, Thomson Hankey, junr., John Oliver Hanson, John Benjamin Heath, Kirkman Daniel Hodgson, Henry Lancelot Holland, John Gellebrand Hubbard, Thomas Newman Hunt, Charles Frederick Huth, Alfred Latham, James Malcolmson, Humphrey St. John Mildmay, Sheffield Neave, George Warde Norman, John Horsley Palmer, and James Pattison, Esqrs., Sir John Henry Pelly, Bart., David Powell, Thomas Charles Smith, Thomas Tooke, junr., Thomas Matthias Weguelin, Francis Wilson, Christohper Pearse, and Stephen Edward Thornton, Esqrs., Sir Thomas Neave, Bart., Cornelius Buller, Henry Davidson, William Ward, Charles Pole, Melvil Wilson, and Henry St. George Tucker, Esqrs., Sir James Law Lushington, G. C. B., William Wigram, Esq., Sir Robert Campbell, Bart., John Loch, Charles Mills, John Masterman, John Petty Muspratt, George Lyall, Henry Shank, and Russell Ellice, Esqrs., Sir Richard Jenkins, G. C. B., John Cotton and William Butterworth Bayley, Esqrs., Sir Henry Willock,

Knt., Sir James Weir Hogg, Bart., Martin Tucker Smith, William Henry Sykes, and William Henry Chicheley Plowden, Esqrs., Archibald Galloway, Esqr. C. B., Elliot Macnaghten, John Clarmont Whiteman, Ross Donnelly Mangles, William Joseph Eastwick, Henry Alexander, William Henry Leslie Melville, James Oliphant, John Shepherd, and Francis Warden, Esqrs., Sir William Young, Bart., Charles Bosanquet and Charles Franks, Esqrs., the Hon. Philip Pleydell Bouverie, Henry Berens, Esqr., Sir Richard Plumptre Glyn, Bart., Matthew Harrison, William Fuller Maitland, Charles John Manning, Alexander Leslie Melville, William Phillimore, William Pole, and Newman Smith, Esqrs., Baron de Teissier, Charles John Tindal, John Thornton, James Tulloch, Henry Vigne, George Whitmore, Charles John Baker, James Whatman Bosanquet, Frederick Charles Gaussen, Henry Lannoy Hunter, Brice Pearse, George Smith Thornton, Ebenezer Fuller Maitland, and John Willing Warren, Esqrs., Baron Lionel de Rothschild, Baron Nathaniel de Rothschild, John Garratt, Jeremiah Olive, Isaac Solly, Abel Chapman, Abraham Robarts, George Carr Glyn, George Richards, Jonathan Muckleston Key, Abraham John Valpy, and Robert Seeley, Esqrs., Sir William Henry Poland, Knt., Benjamin Barnard, Thomas Alers Hankey, and John Gore, Esqrs., Sir Moses Montefiore, Bart., Henry Butterworth, Edward Tyrrell, William Croft, John Alexander Hankey, James Anderton, Daniel Britten, George Dodd, Francis Bligh Hookey, William Hughes Hughes, junr., George Meek, Ambrose Moore, Joseph Oldham, junr., Josiah Wilson, Alfred Wilson, Cornelius Lea Wilson, Edward Lawford, Peter Laurie, Edward Wilson, Richard Lea Wilson, Robert

Ellis, William Peters, James Walkinshaw, Joseph Somes, Samuel Gregson, Alexander Rogers, George Magnay, John Masterman, junr., Daniel Mildred, Frederick Mildred, John Meek Britten, Richard Lambert Jones, David Williams Wire, Charles Pearson, Thomas Saunders, James Cosmo Melvill, James Bentley, William Edward Few, William Gladstone, John Helbert Helbert, John Pemberton Heywood, James Holford, John Peirse Kennard, Robert William Kennard, Joseph Maynard, William Roper Maynard, Arthur Walford, John Walter, Charles Fenton Whiting, William Cubitt, Charles Hill, Heathfield Smith, Charles Alliston, George Alliston, Philip Champion Toker, and Francis Bennoch, Esqrs.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of NOVEMBER 9, 1847.

Foreign-Office, November 5, 1847.

THE Queen has been pleased to approve of Mr. Lorenzo Farrugia, as Consul at Malta for His Majesty the Emperor of Turkey.

Foreign-Office, November 8, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to approve of Mr. William Bernard MacCabe, as Consul in London for the Oriental Republick of the Uruguay.

Whitehall, November 9, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to present the Reverend George Gibb to the church at Carnoch in Strathconan, in the parish of Contin, in the presbytery of Dingwall and shire of Ross, vacant by the death of the Reverend Patrick MacIntyre, late Minister thereof.

We, the undersigned, being three of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, do hereby, under the authority of an Act, passed in the session of Parliament holden in the ninth and tenth years of the reign of Her present Majesty Queen Victoria, intituled "An Act to amend the laws relating to the Customs," appoint the following places, within the port of Dartmouth, to be legal quays for the lading and unlading of goods, and do hereby declare the bounds and extents of such quays to be as follows, that is to say, all that open place, situate at Bayard's-cove, extending on the south to the stairs, and on the north wall of the house occupied by Robert Hurrell, known by the name of the Globe Inn, and on the north end by a slip against the south wall of a house, the property of Robert Putt, being in length one hundred and seventy-five feet, or thereabouts, and in breadth twenty-two feet; also the quay, called Spithead-quay, bounded on the south by houses in the occupation of Thomas Way and T. P. S. Ford, being in length, from south to north thirty-four feet, from east to west sixty feet, and in breadth thirty feet, or thereabouts; also the quay, called New-quay, extending from the north wall of the house in the

occupation of T. P. S. Ford, and from south to north to the Assembly-rooms, the property of Daniel Donovan, being in length one hundred and ninety-one feet seven inches, and in breadth forty-two feet, or thereabouts; also the quays situate on the new ground, extending from west to east, in length, two hundred and eighteen feet and five inches, from south to north two hundred and thirty-eight feet, seven inches, from south east to north west one hundred and seventy-one feet five inches, from east to west two hundred and twenty-six feet, and from north to south one hundred and fifty-four feet, and in breadth from forty to fifty feet; the whole of the quays on the new ground being surrounded by water:

And we, the said Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, do hereby annull all former bounds and extents of the legal quays in the said port of Dartmouth.

Whitehall, Treasury-chambers, this 30th day of October 1847.

(Signed) *R. M. Bellew.*
H. Rich.
W. Gibson Craig.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of NOVEMBER 16, 1847.

THE names of those who were nominated for Sheriffs by the Lords of the Council, at the Exchequer, on the Morrow of Saint Martin, in the eleventh year of the reign of Queen Victoria, and in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven:

Bedfordshire,	Thomas Abbott Green, of Pavenham, Esq. Richard Thomas Gilpin, of Hockliffe-Grange, Esq. Sir Charles Gillies Payne, of Blunham, Bart.
Berkshire,	John Hopkins, of Tidmarsh, Esq. Robert Gibson, of Sandhurst-Lodge, Esq. Robert Allfrey, of Wokefield-Park, Esq.
Buckinghamshire,	William Lowndes, of the Bury, in Chesham, Esq. John Kaye, of Fulmer, Esq. Samuel Jones Loyd, of Wing, Esq.
Camb. and Hunt.	John Moyer Heathcote, of Conington, Esq. Emanuel Lusado, of Toesland, Esq. William Wells, of Helme, Esq.

Cumberland,	Henry Dundas Maclean, of Lazonby, Esq. Andrew Fleming Hudleston, of Hutton-John, Esq. Thomas Salkeld, of Holm-Hill, Esq.
Cheshire,	Henry Brooke, of Grange, Esq. Thomas William Tatton, of Withenshaw, Esq. Sir Arthur Ingram Aston, of Aston, Bart.
Derbyshire,	Sir Robert Burdett, of Foremark, Bart. Jedediah Strutt, of Belper, Esq. Robert Arkwright, of Sutton, Esq.
Devonshire,	William Nation, of Exmouth, Esq. John Sillifant, of Coombe, Esq. Henry Richard Roe, of Gnaton-House, Esq.
Dorsetshire,	John Goodden, of Over Compton, Esq. Henry John Reuben Earl of Portarlington, of Milton Abbas. Henry Ralph Willett, of Morley-House, Esq.
Durham,	Sir William Eden, of Windlestone-Hall, Bart. John Eden, of Beamish-Park, Esq. Frederick Aclom Milbank, of Hart, Esq.

Essex,	Beale Blackwell Colvin, of Mangham's-Hall, Waltham Holy Cross, Esq. Charles Preston, of Luthers, Sewardstone, Esq. Onley Savile Onley, of Stisted-Hall, Esq.
Gloucestershire,	William Capel, of the Grove, Painswick, Esq. William Philip Price, of Tibberton-Court, Esq. Thomas Anthony Stoughton, of Owlpen, Esq.
Herefordshire,	Thomas Hill, of Felton, Esq. Robert Maulkin Lingwood, of Lystone, Esq. James Martin, of Old Colwall, Esq.
Hertfordshire,	William Parker, of Ware-Park, Esq. Fulke Southwell Greville, of North Mimms-Park, Esq. Henry Rogers, of Stagenhoe-Park, Esq.
Kent,	John Ashley Warre, of Westcliffe, St. Lawrence, Thanet, Esq. William Masters Smith, of Meopham, Esq. Matthew Bell, of Bourne-House, Esq.
Leicestershire,	Henry Freeman Coleman, of Evington-Hall, Esq. John Goodacre, of Lutterworth, Esq. Thomas Stokes, of New-Park, Esq.

Lincolnshire,	Richard Ellison, of Sudbrooke-Holme, Esq. James Whiting Yorke, of Walmsgate, Esq. Henry Fane, of Fulbeck-Hall, Esq.
Monmouthshire,	John Arthur Jones, of Llanarth-Court, Esq. Edward Harris Phillips, of Trosnant-Cottage, Esq. Francis M'Donnell, of Usk, Esq.
Norfolk,	Wyrley Birch, of Wretham, Esq. William Mason, of Necton, Esq. Edward Roger Pratt, of Ryston, Esq.
Northamptonshire,	The Honourable Henry Hely Hutchinson, of Lois Weedon. Henry Nevile, of Walcot, Esq. William Bruce Stopford, of Drayton-House, Esq.
Northumberland,	George Burdon, of Heddon-House, Esq. William Hodgson Cadogan, of Brinkburn-Priory, Esq. Sir Walter Calverley Trevelyan, of Wallington, Bart.
Nottinghamshire,	John Whetham, of Kirklington, Esq. John Henry Manners Sutton, of Kelham, Esq. Robert Holden, of Nuttal-Temple, Esq.

Oxfordshire,	Samuel Weare Gardiner, of Coombe-Lodge, Whitchurch, Esq. Matthew Piers Watt Boulton, of Great Tew, Esq. Henry Hall, of Barton, Esq.
Rutlandshire,	The Honourable Charles George Noel, commonly called Lord Viscount Campden, of Flitteris-Park. Henry Stokes, of Caldecott, Esq. John Thomas Springthorpe, of Manton, Esq.
Shropshire,	William Henry Plowden, of Plowden, Esq. Panton Corbett, of Lognor-Hall, Esq. Ralph Meyrick Leake, of Longford, Esq.
Somersetshire,	Edward Ayshford Sanford, of Nynehead-Court, Esq. Thomas Kingston, of Charlton, Esq. George William Blathwayt, of Porlock, Esq.
Staffordshire,	The Honourable Frederick Gough, of Perry Barr. Charles Arkwright, of Dunstall, Esq. Josiah Spode, of Armitage-Park, Esq.
County of Southampton,	John Wood, of Thedden-Grainge, Alton, Esq. William Garnier, of Rookesbury Wickham, Esq. Frederick Richard Thresher, of Bentley, Alton, Esq.

Suffolk,	Charles Andrew Lord Huntingfield, of Haveningham-Hall. Sir Thomas Gage, of Hangrave-Hall, Bart. Robert Newton Shaw, of Kesgrave, Esq.
Surrey,	Lee Steere, of Jayes, Dorking, Esq. William Gamul Farmer, of Nonsuch-Park, Esq. William John Evelyn, of Wootton-House, Esq.
Sussex,	Sir Sotherton Branthwayt Peckham Micklethwait, of Iridge-Place, Bart. Richard Shuttleworth Streatfield, of Uckfield, Esq. George Campion Courthope, of Whyligh, Esq.
Warwickshire,	Thomas Dilke, of Maxtoke-Castle, Esq. Joseph Boultbee, of Springfield, Esq. Darwin Galton, of Edstone, Esq.
Wiltshire,	Sir Francis Dugdale Astley, of Everley, Bart. John Henry Campbell Wyndham, of the College, Salisbury, Esq. Graham Moore Michell Esmeade, of Monkton-House, Esq.

Worcestershire, Joseph Frederick Ledsam, of Northfield, Esq.
Richard Temple, of the Nash Kempsey, Esq.
John Gregory Watkins, of Woodfield-House, Esq.

Yorkshire, George Lane Fox, of Bramham-Park, Esq.
Yarburgh Greame, of Sewerby, Esq.
Octavius Vernon Harcourt, of Swinton, Esq.

WALES.

North and South.

Anglesey, Sir Harry Dent Goring, of Trysglwyn, Bart.
Richard Griffith, of Bodowyrisaf, Esq.
Thomas Bulkeley Owen, of Nenadd Cordane, Esq.

Breconshire, Penry Williams, of Cefn Pare, Esq.
William Pearce, of Ffrwdgrech, Esq.
Thomas Lewis Lloyd, of Nantgwillt, Esq.

Carnarvonshire, George Augustus Huddart, of Brynkir, Esq.
William Henry Foley, of Bryn Eryr, Esq.
Samuel Owen Priestly, of Trefan, Esq.

Carmarthenshire,	Sir James Hamlyn Williams, of Edwinsford, Bart. John Meares, of Llanstephan-Place, Esq. Thomas Davies Lloyd, of Llandilo Abercowin, Esq.
Cardiganshire,	Alban Thomas Davies, of Tyglyn, Esq. Abraham Grey Harford Battersby, of Peterwell, Esq. James Bowen, of Twedyrener, Esq.
Denbighshire,	Simon York, of Erddig, Esq. Richard Griffiths Parry, of Llangollen, Esq. Thomas Griffith, of Trevallyn-Hall, Esq.
Flintshire,	Sir William Henry Clerke, of Mertyn, Bart. John Whitehall Dod, of Cloverley, Esq. Philip William Godsall, of Iscow, Esq.
Glamorganshire,	Thomas William Booker, of Velindra, Esq. Rowland Fothergill, of Hensol-Castle, Esq. Sir George Tyler, of Cottrel, Knt.
Montgomeryshire,	Robert Davies Jones, of Coffrongdd, Esq. George Meares, of Dollys, Esq. William Leutener, of Doleren, Esq.

Merionethshire,	Hugh Jones, of Gwernddelwa, Esq. Robert Davies Jones, of Cyfronydd, Esq. John Bird, of Plas yn Dinas, Esq.
Pembrokeshire,	Thomas Davies Lloyd, of Kilrhew, Esq. Owen Owen, of Cwmgloyne, Esq. Seymour Phillipps Allen, of Cresselly, Esq.
Radnorshire,	Richard Price, of Norton-Court, Esq. John Abraham Whittaker, of Newcastle-Court, Esq. John Williams, of Skreen-House, Esq.

The Prince of Wales' Council Chamber, Somerset-House, November 16, 1847.

The names of those who were this day nominated by the Council of His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, to serve the office of Sheriff of the county of Cornwall:

Sir Samuel Thomas Spry, of Tregols.
Humphry Willyams, of Carnanton, Esq.
Augustus Coryton, of Pentillie-Castle, Esq.

Whitehall, November 15, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint Archibald Davidson, Esq. to be Sheriff of the shire or sheriffdom of Kincardine, in the room of George Louis Augustus Douglass, Esq. deceased.

Downing-Street, November 16, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint Charles Zachary Macaulay, Esq. to be Manager of the Currency for the island of Mauritius.

Her Majesty has also been pleased to appoint Hougham Hudson, junior, Esq. to be Civil Commissioner and Resident Magistrate of Somerset, in the settlement of the Cape of Good Hope.

Her Majesty has also been pleased to appoint P. A. Ganteaume, Esq. to be Registrar General for the island of Trinidad.

Her Majesty has further been pleased to appoint William Gillam, Esq. to be Registrar and Secretary, Clerk of the Enrolments, and Clerk of the Council, for the island of Dominica.

We, the undersigned, being three of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, do hereby, under the authority of an Act, passed in the ninth and tenth years of the reign of Her present Majesty Queen Victoria, intituled "An Act to amend the laws relating to the Customs," appoint Cardiff, Swansea, Llanelly, Milford, Cardigan, and Aberystwith, to be ports, in that part of the United Kingdom called Wales; and we do hereby declare, that the limits of the port of Cardiff shall commence at Redwick-pill, in the county of Monmouth, and continue along the coast of the said county, and also that of Glamorganshire to a place, called Nash-point, in the latter county; that the limits of the port of Swansea shall commence at Nash-point aforesaid, and continue along the coast of Glamorganshire to Wormshead, and from thence to Whitford-point, in the said county;

That the port of Llanelly shall commence at Whitford-point, in Glamorganshire, including the whole of the Burry river, and continue from that river along the coast of Carmarthenshire to Sandersfoot, being the western extremity of the county of Carmarthen:

That the port of Milford shall commence at Sandersford aforesaid, and continue along the coast to a place, called Saint Justinian's Chapel, near St. David's Head, in the county of Pembroke, including Milford Haven:

That the port of Cardigan shall commence at Saint Justinian's Chapel aforesaid, and continue along the coast of Pembrokeshire and Cardiganshire to a place, called New Quay Head, in the latter county:

That the port of Aberystwith shall commence at New Quay Head aforesaid, and continue along the coasts of Cardiganshire and Merionethshire to the north bank of the river Dyssyin, being the southern limits of the port of Caernarvon:

And we, the said Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury do further declare, that the limits seaward of the said several ports shall extend to a distance of three miles from low water mark out to sea, and that the limits of the beforementioned ports shall include all islands, bays, harbours, rivers, and creeks within the same respectively:

And we, the said Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, do hereby annul all former limits of the said ports.

Whitehall, Treasury-chambers, the 6th day of November 1847.

(Signed) *H. Rich.*
W. Gibson Craig.
Ebrington.

COURT OF QUEEN'S BENCH.

Michaelmas Term.—Eleventh Victoria.

November 15, 1847.

This Court will, on Saturday the 27th day of November instant, Friday the 3d, Saturday the 4th, and on Monday the 6th days of December next, and four following days, hold Sittings, and will proceed in disposing of the business in the Crown Paper, the New Trial Paper, and Special Paper, and will also hold a Sitting on Saturday the 11th day of December next, at twelve o'clock, and give Judgment in Cases previously argued.

By the Court.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of NOVEMBER 19, 1847.

Palace of Westminster, Lord Great Chamberlain's-Office, November 18, 1847.

TICKETS to see the new House of Lords, in the Palace of Westminster, will be issued from the Lord Great Chamberlain's Office every Wednesday, between the hours of eleven and four o'clock, for the subsequent or any other Saturday.

Each ticket will admit the bearer and one other person.

All applications must be made personally, or through a responsible agent, as it will be impossible to send tickets, or answer written applications.

Persons receiving tickets will be required to leave their names and address, written on a card, at the Office. Tickets will be admitted on Saturdays only, between the hours of ten and four o'clock. Saturday, the 27th instant, will be the first day for the admission of tickets.

WILLOUGHBY DE ERESBY, G. C.

Whitehall, November 17, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to order a congé d'elire to pass the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, empowering the Dean and Chapter of the cathedral and metropolitical church of York to elect an Archbishop of that see, the same being void by the death of Doctor Edward Harcourt, late Archbishop thereof; and Her Majesty has also been pleased by Her royal sign manual to recommend to the said Dean and Chapter the Right Reverend Father in God Doctor Thomas Musgrave, now Bishop of Hereford, to be by them elected Archbishop of the said see of York.

Downing-Street, November 19, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint Sir Robert Horsford, Knt. to be Chief Justice for the islands of Antigua and Montserrat.

Her Majesty has also been pleased to appoint Joseph Leaver Bindon, Esq. to be Provost Marshal for the island of Antigua.

Her Majesty has further been pleased to appoint Gabriel Fleck, Esq. to be Surveyor and Engineer for the colony of Sierra Leone.

TREASURY WARRANT.

Whereas by an Act, passed in the fourth year of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act for the regulation of the duties of postage," power is given to the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, from time to time, by warrant under their hands, to alter and fix any of the rates of British postage or inland postage payable by law on the transmission by the post of foreign or colonial letters or newspapers, or of any other printed papers, and to subject the same to rates of postage according to the weight thereof, and a scale of weight to be contained in such warrant; and, from time to time, by warrant as aforesaid, to alter or repeal any such altered rates, and make and establish any new or other rates in lieu thereof; and, from time to time, by warrant as aforesaid, to appoint at what time the rates which may be payable are to be paid; and it is provided, that the power thereby given should extend to any increase or reduction or remission of postage:

And whereas an Act was passed in the last session of Parliament, intituled "An Act for giving further facilities for the transmission of letters by post, and for the regulating the duties of postage thereon, and for other purposes relating to the Post-office."

And whereas, in consequence of a communication opened with the Post-office of Mecklenburg Schwerin, it is considered expedient to alter the

rates of postage payable on letters conveyed by packet boat or private ship between that country and the United Kingdom direct or viâ Hamburgh.

Now we, the undersigned, being three of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, do in, exercise of the power or authority in us for such purpose vested in and by the said recited Acts, or either of them, and of all other powers and authorities enabling us in this behalf, direct that on every letter, not exceeding half an ounce in weight, posted in or addressed to any part of the Grand Duchy of Mecklenburg Schwerin, and transmitted between any part of the United Kingdom and any place in Mecklenburg Schwerin (conveyed between the United Kingdom and Mecklenburg Schwerin, by packet boat or private ship, direct or viâ Hamburgh), there shall be charged and taken, in lieu of any rates of British postage now payable by law on such letters, an uniform rate of British postage of six pence.

And we direct, that on every letter, not exceeding half an ounce in weight, posted in or addressed to any part of Mecklenburg Schwerin, transmitted by the post between Mecklenburg Schwerin and any of Her Majesty's Colonies, or any foreign country through the United Kingdom (conveyed by packet boat or private ship between the United Kingdom and Mecklenburg Schwerin, direct or viâ Hamburgh), there shall be charged and taken, in lieu of any rates of British postage now payable by law on such letters, an uniform rate of British postage of six pence, for the conveyance of every such letter between Mecklenburg Schwerin and any part of the United Kingdom; and also such a further or additional rate of British postage for the conveyance of every such letter between the port in the

United Kingdom of the departure or arrival of the packet or ship conveying the same, and the colony or foreign country to or from which the same shall be forwarded, as shall from time to time be charged and payable for British postage on letters, not exceeding half an ounce in weight, posted or delivered at the port in the United Kingdom of the departure or arrival of the packet or ship conveying the same, and transmitted direct between such port and such colony or foreign country.

And we further direct, that on every letter, transmitted as is mentioned in this warrant, exceeding half an ounce in weight, there shall be charged and taken progressive and additional rates of postage, according to the scale of weight and number of rates in the said first recited Act contained as to letters, estimating and charging each additional rate at the sum which any such letter would be charged with under this warrant, if not exceeding half an ounce in weight.

And we further direct, that nothing herein contained shall be deemed or construed to extend to any letters passing by the post between the United Kingdom and the Duchy of Mecklenburg Schwerin, viâ France, Belgium, or Holland.

And we further direct, that nothing herein contained shall be deemed or construed to annul, prejudice, or affect any of the exemptions and privileges granted by the said first recited Act, or by an Act, made and passed in the first year of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act for the management of the Post-office;" and that all such exemptions and privileges shall remain in full force.

And we further direct, that the terms and expressions used in this warrant shall be construed to have the like meaning, in all respects, as they

would have had if inserted in the said Act passed in the fourth year of the reign of Her present Majesty.

And we further direct, that this warrant shall come into operation on the first day of December one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven.

Provided lastly, and we hereby declare and direct, that it shall be lawful for the Commissioners for the time being of Her Majesty's Treasury, or any three of them, by warrant under their hands, at any time hereafter to alter or repeal any of the rates hereby altered, or the regulations hereby made, and to make and establish any new or other rates or regulations in lieu thereof, and from time to time to appoint at what time the rates that may be payable are to be paid.

Whitehall, Treasury-chambers, the 15th day of November 1847.

W. GIBSON CRAIG.
EBRINGTON.
H. RICH.

COURT OF EXCHEQUER.

Michaelmas Term, Eleventh Victoria.

Wednesday the 17th day of November 1847.

This Court will hold Sittings on Wednesday the 1st and Thursday the 2d of December, and on Monday the 6th day of December next, and on every following day thenceforth until and including Saturday the 11th day of December next; and at such Sittings will proceed in disposing of the business then pending in the Paper of Demurrers, and in the Paper of New Trials.

By the Court.

Read in open Court, *Edwd. Bennett.*

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of NOVEMBER 23, 1847.

Whitehall, November 20, 1847.

THE Queen has been pleased to nominate, constitute, and appoint John George Shaw Lefevre, Esq. to be one of the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in the room of John William Earl of Bessborough, deceased.

Whitehall, November 22, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint the Right Reverend Samuel Wilberforce, D.D. Bishop of Oxford, to be Her Majesty's High Almoner, in the room of Doctor Edward Harcourt, Archbishop of York, deceased.

Whitehall, November 23, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to present the Reverend Charles William Knyvett, M. A. to the rectory of West Heslerton, in the county and diocese of York, the same being void by the resignation of the Reverend William Canning, M. A.

Whitehall, September 29, 1847.

The Right Honourable Sir Thomas Wilde, Knt. Lord Chief Justice of Her Majesty's Court of Common Pleas at Westminster, has appointed Morris Charles Jones, of Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, Gent. to be one of the Perpetual Commissioners for taking the acknowledgments of deeds to be executed by married women, under the Act passed for the abolition of fines and recoveries and for the substitution of more simple modes of assurance, in and for the county of Chester.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of NOVEMBER 26, 1847.

The Speech of the Lords Commissioners to both Houses of Parliament, on Tuesday, November 23, 1847.

My Lords, and Gentlemen,

HER Majesty has ordered us to declare to you the causes which have induced Her to call Parliament together at the present time.

Her Majesty has seen with great concern the distress which has for some time prevailed among the commercial classes. The embarrassments of trade were at one period aggravated by so general a feeling of distrust and of alarm, that Her Majesty, for the purpose of restoring confidence,

authorized Her Ministers to recommend to the Directors of the Bank of England a course of proceeding suited to such an emergency. This course might have led to an infringement of the law.

Her Majesty has great satisfaction in being enabled to inform you that the law has not been infringed, that the alarm has subsided, and that the pressure on the banking and commercial interests has been mitigated.

The abundant harvest with which this country has been blessed has alleviated the evils which always accompany a want of employment in the manufacturing districts. Her Majesty has, however, to lament the recurrence of severe distress in some parts of Ireland, owing to the scarcity of the usual food of the people. Her Majesty trusts that this distress will be materially relieved by the exertions which have been made to carry into effect the law of the last session of Parliament for the support of the destitute poor. Her Majesty has learnt with satisfaction that landed proprietors have taken advantage of the means placed at their disposal for the improvement of land.

Her Majesty laments that in some counties of Ireland atrocious crimes have been committed, and a spirit of insubordination has manifested itself, leading to an organized resistance to legal rights.

The Lord Lieutenant has employed with vigour and energy the means which the law places at his disposal to detect offenders, and to prevent the repetition of offences. Her Majesty feels it, however, to be Her duty to Her peaceable and well-disposed subjects to ask the assistance of Parliament in taking further precautions against the perpetration of crime in certain counties and districts in Ireland.

Her Majesty views, with the deepest anxiety and interest the present condition of Ireland, and she recommends to the consideration of Parliament measures, which, with due regard to the rights of property, may advance the social condition of the people, and tend to the permanent improvement of that part of the United Kingdom.

Her Majesty has seen with great concern the breaking out of civil war in Switzerland.

Her Majesty is in communication with Her Allies on this subject, and has expressed Her readiness to use, in concert with them, Her friendly influence for the purpose of restoring to the Swiss Confederation the blessings of peace.

Her Majesty looks with confidence to the maintenance of the general peace of Europe.

Her Majesty has concluded with the Republic of the Equator a treaty for the suppression of the slave trade.

Her Majesty has given directions that this treaty should be laid before you.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons,

Her Majesty has given directions that the estimates for the next year should be prepared, for the purpose of being laid before you. They will be framed with a careful regard to the exigencies of the public service.

My Lords, and Gentlemen,

Her Majesty recommends to the consideration of Parliament the laws which regulate the navigation of the United Kingdom, with a view to ascertain whether any changes can be adopted, which, without danger to our maritime strength, may promote the commercial and colonial interests of the empire.

Her Majesty has thought fit to appoint a

Commission to report on the best means of improving the health of the metropolis; and Her Majesty recommends to your earnest attention such measures as will be laid before you relating to the public health.

Her Majesty has deeply sympathized with the sufferings which afflict the labouring classes in the manufacturing districts in Great Britain and in many parts of Ireland, and has observed with admiration the patience with which these sufferings have been generally borne.

The distress which has lately prevailed among the commercial classes has affected many important branches of the revenue; but Her Majesty trusts that the time is not distant when, under the blessing of Divine Providence, the commerce and industry of the United Kingdom will have resumed their wonted activity.

At the Court at *Windsor*, the 22d day of *November* 1847,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

THIS day the Right Honourable Richard More O'Ferrall was, by Her Majesty's command, sworn of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, and took his place at the Board accordingly.

This Gazette also contains the approval of Her Majesty in Council to the following scheme, from Her Majesty's Commissioners for building new churches, viz.

To unite certain contiguous parts of the parishes of Worplesdon, Ash, and Wanborough, severally situate in the county of Surrey, and within the diocese of Winchester, and to form the same into one consolidated chapelry, for all ecclesiastical purposes, for the consecrated church of Saint Mark, at Wyke, in the said parish of Worplesdon, and that such consolidated chapelry should be named, "The Consolidated Chapelry of Wyke."

St. James's-Palace, November 23, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint Dominic John Corrigan, M. D. to be Physician in Ordinary to Her Majesty in Ireland.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.

Michaelmas Term, in the eleventh year of the reign of Queen Victoria.

Thursday the 25th day of November 1847.

This Court will, on Monday the 6th day of December next, and three following days, hold Sittings, and will proceed in disposing of the business now pending in the Paper of New Trials, commencing with the New Trials in Middlesex and London; and will also proceed to give Judgment in certain of the matters standing over for the consideration of the Court.

Tho. Wilde.

Crown-Office, November 26, 1847.

Days and Places appointed for holding the Special Commissions of Oyer and Terminer and Gaol Delivery for the under-mentioned places:

County of York, Saturday, the 11th day of December, at the Castle of York.

City of York, on the same day, at the Guildhall of the said City.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of NOVEMBER 30, 1847.

Downing-Street, November 27, 1847.

THE Queen has been pleased to appoint James Brooke, Esq. to be Governor and Commander in Chief in and over the island of Labuan and its dependencies.

Her Majesty has also been pleased to appoint Samuel George Bonham, Esq. to be Governor and Commander in Chief in and over the island of Hong Kong and its dependencies.

Her Majesty has further been pleased to appoint George Rennie, Esq. to be Governor and Commander in Chief in and over Her Majesty's settlements in the Falkland Islands and their dependencies.

Cambridge-House, November 27, 1847.

The Duke of Cambridge has been pleased to appoint Lieutenant Colonel Gustavus Charles Du Plat, K.H. of the Royal Engineers, to be one of His Royal Highness's Equerries.

TREASURY WARRANT.

Whereas by an Act, passed in the fourth year of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act for the regulation of the duties of postage," power is given to the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, from time to time, by warrant under their hands, to alter and fix any of the rates of British postage or inland postage payable by law on the transmission by the post of foreign or colonial letters or newspapers, or of any other printed papers, and to subject the same to rates of postage according to the weight thereof, and a scale of weight to be contained in such warrant; and, from time to time, by warrant as aforesaid, to alter or repeal any such altered rates, and make and establish any new or other rates in lieu thereof; and, from time to time, by warrant as aforesaid, to appoint at what time the rates that may be payable are to be paid; and it is provided, that the power thereby given should extend to any increase or reduction or remission of postage:

And whereas by divers warrants under the hands of three of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, the said Commissioners, in exercise of the power for such purpose vested in them by the said Act, have fixed and established rates of postage on letters passing direct between the United Kingdom and Lubeck:

And whereas, in consequence of communications opened with the Post-office of Lubeck, it is considered expedient to fix and establish certain rates of postage on printed newspapers and other printed papers, conveyed between that country and the United Kingdom, and passing through the United Kingdom to or from the British colonies or foreign countries:

Now we, the undersigned, being three of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, do, in exercise of the power reserved to us in and by the said Act, and of all other powers enabling us in this behalf, by this warrant, under our hands, order and direct, that such printed newspapers, printed publications, printed prices current, printed commercial lists, and printed courses of exchange, as are hereinafter mentioned, may be sent by the post according to the regulations and rates hereinafter set forth, that is to say:

British newspapers, and such British publications as are allowed to pass by the post as newspapers in the United Kingdom, may, if posted in the United Kingdom, addressed to Lubeck, be sent from the United Kingdom to Lubeck direct, or viâ Hamburgh by packet boat or private ship, free of postage.

Newspapers, and other publications allowed to pass by the post as newspapers in Lubeck, published and posted in Lubeck, and addressed to the United Kingdom, may be sent from Lubeck to the United Kingdom direct, or viâ Hamburgh by packet boat, free of postage, and by private ship, at a rate of one halfpenny each.

Newspapers, and other publications allowed to pass by the post as newspapers in Lubeck, published and posted in Lubeck, may be sent from thence to the British colonies and foreign countries through the United Kingdom, and foreign and

colonial newspapers, addressed to Lubeck, may be sent from foreign countries and the British colonies to Lubeck, through the United Kingdom (the conveyance in every case between the United Kingdom and Lubeck being direct, or viâ Hamburgh by packet boat or private ship), at a rate of one halfpenny each.

Periodical works (not of daily publication, and not allowed to pass as newspapers), printed, published, and posted within the United Kingdom, addressed to Lubeck, and periodical works (not of daily publication, and not allowed to pass as newspapers), printed, published, and posted in Lubeck, addressed to the United Kingdom, may be transmitted between the two countries direct, or viâ Hamburgh by packet boat or private ship, at the following rates, namely:

For every publication, not exceeding two ounces in weight, one penny.

Above two ounces in weight, and not exceeding three ounces, six pence.

Above three ounces in weight, and not exceeding four ounces, eight pence.

And for every additional ounce in weight above four ounces, up to sixteen ounces (the limit of weight beyond which such publications are not to be sent by the post, except at the letter rates of postage), two pence more; and every lesser weight than an ounce is to be charged as a full ounce.

Printed courses of exchange, printed prices current, printed commercial lists, and such other printed papers as are allowed, either in the United Kingdom or Lubeck, to pass by the post at a reduced rate of postage, may, if posted in the United Kingdom, addressed to Lubeck, or posted in Lubeck, addressed to the United Kingdom, be

transmitted between the United Kingdom and Lubeck direct, or viâ Hamburgh by packet boat or private ship, at a rate of one penny each.

Printed courses of exchange, printed prices current, and printed commercial lists, published and posted in or addressed to Lubeck, may be sent between Lubeck and the British colonies or foreign countries, through the United Kingdom, the conveyance between Lubeck and the United Kingdom being direct, or viâ Hamburgh by packet boat or private ship, at a rate of one penny each.

The said newspapers, publications, printed courses of exchange, printed prices current, printed commercial lists, and such other printed papers as aforesaid, to be forwarded under and subject to the following conditions (that is to say):

Each must be printed in the language of the country in which it is published.

Each must be published in the country from which it is sent, and be sent without a cover, or in a band or cover open at the sides; and there must be no word or communication printed on the paper after its publication, or upon the band or cover thereof, nor any writing, figures, or manuel marks upon it, or upon the band or cover of it, except the name and address of the person to whom sent.

There must be no paper or thing enclosed in or with any such newspaper, periodical publication, printed course of exchange, printed price current, printed commercial list, or other printed paper.

The courses of exchange, prices current, and commercial lists must contain merely the names and prices of the goods, without mentioning the name or residence of the vender or sender.

Any newspaper, periodical publication, course of exchange, price current, commercial list, or other printed paper, not forwarded in conformity with such conditions, is to be chargeable with the full letter rates of postage.

And we do hereby further order and direct, that the terms and expressions used in this warrant shall be construed to have the like meaning, in all respects, as they would have had if inserted in the said Act, passed in the fourth year of the reign of Her present Majesty.

And we do further direct, that this warrant shall come into operation on the first day of January 1848.

Provided lastly, and we do hereby declare and direct, that it shall be lawful for the Commissioners for the time being of Her Majesty's Treasury, or any three of them, by warrant under their hands, at any time hereafter to alter or repeal any of the rates hereby fixed or altered, or the regulations hereby made, and to make and establish any new or other rates or regulations in lieu thereof, and from time to time to appoint at what time the rates that may be payable are to be paid.

Whitehall, Treasury-chambers, the twenty-fifth day of November 1847.

W. Gibson Craig.
H. Rich.
R. M. Bellew.

We, the undersigned, being three of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, do hereby, under the authority of an Act, passed in the ninth and tenth years of the reign of Her present Majesty Queen Victoria, intituled "An Act to amend the laws relating to the Customs," appoint the following place, within the port of Ipswich, to be a legal quay for the lading and unlading of goods, and do hereby declare the bounds and extents of such quay to be as follows, that is to say, from a stone marked "Legal Quay," erected near the north side of Stokebridge, one thousand one hundred and forty feet to the Custom-house at Ipswich, and from thence, extending along the bank of the wet dock to the gas house, two thousand feet, and from the said gas house, along the bank of the said wet dock to the embankment at the east end thereof, nine hundred feet, and no further.

Whitehall, Treasury-chambers, this 23d day of November 1847.

(Signed) *W. Gibson Craig.*
R. M. Bellew.
H. Rich.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of DECEMBER 3, 1847.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, December 2, 1847.

ORDERS for the Court's going into Mourning, on Sunday next the 5th instant, for His late Royal Highness the Elector of Hesse, viz.

The Ladies to wear black silk, fringed or plain linen, white gloves, necklaces and ear-rings, black or white shoes, fans and tippets.

The Gentlemen to wear black, full trimmed, fringed or plain linen, black swords and buckles.

The Court to change the Mourning, on Thursday the 9th instant, viz.

The Ladies to wear black silk or velvet, coloured ribbons, fans and tippets, or plain white, or white and gold, or white and silver stuffs, with black ribbons.

The Gentlemen to wear black coats, and black or plain white, or white and gold, or white and silver stuff waistcoats, full trimmed, coloured swords and buckles.

And, on Sunday the 12th instant, the Court to go out of Mourning.

St. James's-Palace, December 1, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint John Lord Elphinstone to be one of the Lords in Waiting in Ordinary to Her Majesty, in the room of Henry-George-Francis Earl of Ducie, resigned.

Whitehall, November 23, 1847.

The Right Honourable Sir Thomas Wilde, Knt. Lord Chief Justice of Her Majesty's Court of Common Pleas at Westminster, has appointed Thomas Warden, of Bardon, near Taunton, in the county of Somerset, Gent. to be one of the Perpetual Commissioners for taking the acknowledgments of deeds to be executed by married women, under the Act passed for the abolition of fines and recoveries and for the substitution of more simple modes of assurance, in and for the county of Somerset.

Whitehall, November 23, 1847.

The Right Honourable Sir Thomas Wilde, Knt. Lord Chief Justice of Her Majesty's Court of Common Pleas at Westminster, has appointed Henry Baxter Branwhite Mason, of Wareham, near Stoke Ferry, in the county of Norfolk, Gent. to be one of the Perpetual Commissioners for taking the acknowledgments of deeds to be executed by married women, under the Act passed for the abolition of fines and recoveries and for the substitution of more simple modes of assurance, in and for the county of Norfolk.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of DECEMBER 7, 1847.

THIS Gazette contains an Order in Council, relative to a scheme, duly prepared by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, for substituting a money payment to the Prebendary of the prebend of Barnby, in the cathedral church of York, for the property belonging to him as such Prebendary.

A similar Order, for making certain regulations respecting the diocese of Ripon.

Whereas at the last election for the borough of Montgomery, Hugh Cholmondely, Esq. commonly called the Honourable Hugh Cholmondely, was returned a Member to serve in Parliament for the said borough, and David Pugh, Esq. was also returned a Member to serve in Parliament for the same borough:

And whereas a petition, complaining of the undue election and return of the said Hugh Cholmondely for the said borough, hath been presented to the House of Commons, and whereas the said House hath been informed, by a declaration in writing subscribed by the said Hugh Cholmondely, and delivered to me, that it is not his intention to defend his said election and return:

Now I do hereby give notice thereof, in pursuance of the direction of an Act of Parliament, passed in the eighth year of the reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, intitutled "An Act to amend the law for the trial of controverted elections of Members to serve in Parliament."

Given under my hand this 7th day of December 1847,

C. S. LEFEVRE.

Foreign-Office, November 27, 1847.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to appoint Samuel George Bonham, Esq. to be Her Majesty's Plenipotentiary and Chief Superintendent of British Trade in China.

Whitehall, December 6, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to present the Reverend John Hampden Gurney, M. A. to the district rectory of Saint Mary, in Saint Mary-le-bone, in the county of Middlesex, and diocese of London, void by the death of Thomas Frognal Dibdin, D. D.

Downing-Street, December 7, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint Thomas William Clinton Murdoch, Charles Alexander Wood, and Frederic Rogers, Esqrs. to be Commissioners for superintending the sale and settlement of the waste lands of the Crown in the British colonies, and the conveyance of emigrants thither.

Whitehall, November 23, 1847.

The Right Honourable Sir Thomas Wilde, Knt. Lord Chief Justice of Her Majesty's Court of Common Pleas at Westminster, has appointed Richard Caparn, of Holbeach, in the county of Lincoln, Gent. to be one of the Perpetual Commissioners for taking the acknowledgments of deeds to be executed by married women, under the Act passed for the abolition of fines and recoveries and for the substitution of more simple modes of assurance, in and for the parts of Holland, in the county of Lincoln.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of DECEMBER 10, 1847.

Downing-Street, December 10, 1847.

THE Queen has been graciously pleased to give orders for the appointment of the Marquess of Normanby, Her Majesty's Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to the King of the French, to be an Ordinary Member of the Civil Division of the First Class or Knights Grand Cross of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of DECEMBER 14, 1847.

St. James's-Palace, December 9, 1847.

THE Queen has been pleased, on the nomination of Lord Foley, to appoint Egerton Ford, Esq. one of Her Majesty's Honourable Corps of Gentlemen at Arms, vice Hoare, retired.

Whitehall, December 11, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to order a congé d'elire to pass the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, empowering the Dean and Chapter of the cathedral church of Hereford to elect a Bishop of that see, the same being void by the translation of the Most Reverend Father in God Doctor Thomas Musgrave, late Bishop thereof, to the see of York; and Her Majesty has also been pleased to recommend the Reverend Renn Dickson Hampden, Doctor in Divinity, to be elected by the said Dean and Chapter Bishop of the said see of Hereford.

Foreign-Office, December 11, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to approve of M. Eugène Poujade, as Consul at Malta for His Majesty the King of the French.

FROM THE

SUPPLEMENT

TO THE

LONDON GAZETTE of DECEMBER 14, 1847.

[*The following should have appeared in last night's Gazette.*]

IN pursuance of the directions of an Act, passed in the twenty-fourth year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act to repeal so much of two Acts, "made in the tenth and fifteenth years of the "reign of His present Majesty, as authorizes the "Speaker of the House of Commons to issue his "warrants to the Clerk of the Crown for making "out writs for the election of Members to serve "in Parliament, in the manner therein mentioned, "and for substituting other provisions for the "like purposes:"

I do hereby nominate and appoint Ralph Bernal, Esq. the Right Honourable Robert Grosvenor, commonly called the Right Honourable Lord Robert Grosvenor, Sir William Heathcote, Bart. William Ord, Esq. Thomas Greene, Esq. and Thomas William Bramston, Esq. being Members of the House of Commons, or any one or more of them, to issue warrants to the Clerk of the Crown, in cases in the said Act specified.

Given under my hand and seal this 13th day of December 1847,

CHARLES SHAW LEFEVRE, Speaker.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of DECEMBER 17, 1847.

St. James's-Palace, December 12, 1847.

THE Queen has been pleased to appoint Edwin Saunders, Esq. to be Dentist in Ordinary to Her Majesty.

Whitehall, December 13, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased by letters patent under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom to nominate, constitute, and appoint Charles Buller, Esq. to be a Poor Law Commissioner for England.

Crown-Office, December 16, 1847.

MEMBERS returned to serve in the present PARLIAMENT.

Borough of Liskeard.

Charles Buller the younger, of Chester-place, in the county of Middlesex, Esq. one of the Commissioners for administering the Poor Law in England.

Borough of Weymouth.

The Honourable Frederick William Child Villiers, in the room of William Dougal Christie, Esq. who has accepted the office of Steward of Her Majesty's Chiltern Hundreds.

City of Edinburgh.

Charles Cowan, of Valley-field, in the county of Edinburgh, Esq.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of DECEMBER 21, 1847.

Lord Great Chamberlain's-Office, December 20, 1847.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the usual weekly distribution of tickets from this Office will be discontinued during the Recess of Parliament, it being necessary to close the House of Lords during that time.

WILLOUGHBY DE ERESBY, G. C.

Westminster, December 20, 1847.

This day, the Lords being met, a message was sent to the Honourable House of Commons by the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, acquainting them, that *The Lords, authorized by virtue of a Commission under the Great Seal, signed*

by Her Majesty, for declaring Her Royal Assent to several Acts agreed upon by both Houses, do desire the immediate attendance of the Honourable House in the House of Peers to hear the Commission read; and the Commons being come thither, the said Commission, empowering the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, and several other Lords therein named, to declare and notify the Royal Assent to the said Acts, was read accordingly, and the Royal Assent given to

An Act to facilitate the completion in certain cases of public works in Ireland.

An Act for the better prevention of crime and outrage in certain parts of Ireland, until the first day of December one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine, and to the end of the then next session of Parliament.

An Act to give further time for making certain railways.

Crown-Office, December 20, 1847.

MEMBERS returned to serve in this present PARLIAMENT.

Borough of Stockport.

James Kershaw, of Victoria-park, in the county of Lancaster, Esq. in the room of Richard Cobden, Esq. who being chosen a Knight for the west riding of the county of York, and also one of the Burgesses for the said borough, has made his election to sit for the said west riding.

Borough of Newcastle-under-Lyme.

Samuel Christy, of Poynton-hall, in the county of Chester, Esq.

Borough of Tamworth.

John Townshend, of Balls-park, in the county of Hertford, Captain R. N., in the room of the Right Honourable William Yates Peel, who has accepted the office of Steward of Her Majesty's Chiltern Hundreds.

21*st December.*

County of Lancaster.

Southern Division.

Alexander Henry, of Woodlands, in the said county of Lancaster, Esq. in the room of the Honourable Charles Pelham Villiers, who being chosen one of the Burgesses for the borough of Wolverhampton, and also one of the Knights for the said southern division, has made his election to sit for the said borough of Wolverhampton.

Whitehall, December 18, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom, constituting and appointing the Right Honourable George Earl of Auckland, G.C.B.; Rear Admiral James Whitley Deans Dundas; Captain Maurice Frederick Fitzhardinge Berkeley; Captain Lord John Hay, C.B.; the Honourable William Francis Cowper; and Alexander Milne, Esq. Captain in the Royal Navy, Her Majesty's Commissioners for executing the office of High Admiral of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and the dominions, islands, and territories thereunto belonging.

Whitehall, December 18, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to nominate, constitute, and appoint Viscount Sandon to be one of the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in the room of Lord Ashley, resigned.

Whitehall, December 18, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom, appointing William Henry Tinney, Esq. one of Her Majesty's Counsel learned in the Law, to be one of the Masters in Ordinary of the High Court of Chancery, in the room of Samuel Duckworth, Esq. deceased.

Downing-Street, December 21, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint Charles Henry Darling, Esq. to be Lieutenant Governor of the island of St. Lucia.

Her Majesty has also been pleased to appoint Robert Russell, Esq. to be Registrar of the Court of Chancery and Clerk of the Patents for the island of Jamaica.

Her Majesty has also been pleased to appoint James Watson Sheriff, Esq. to be Coroner for the island of Antigua.

Her Majesty has also been pleased to appoint Paitfield Mills, Esq. to be Her Majesty's Solicitor General for the island of Nevis.

Her Majesty has also been pleased to appoint James Coleman Fitzpatrick, Esq. to be Assessor

or Assistant to the Native Sovereigns and Chiefs within the countries adjacent to Her Majesty's forts and settlements on the Gold Coast.

Her Majesty has also been pleased to appoint William Macartney, Esq. to be Superintendent of Police at Colombo, in the island of Ceylon.

Her Majesty has further been pleased to appoint Edward Bage, Esq. to be Assistant Surveyor and Engineer, and Robert Armstrong, Esq. to be Police Magistrate, for the colony of Sierra Leone.

Foreign-Office, December 21, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to approve of Mr. Christopher Hempstead, as Consul at Belize, in Honduras, for the United States of America.

The Queen has also been pleased to approve of Mr. John Conrard Stiffel, as Consul in London, and of Mr. Joseph Maunder, as Consul at Liverpool, for the Republick of Hayti.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of DECEMBER 24, 1847.

Whitehall, December 22, 1847.

THE Queen has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, constituting and appointing the Right Honourable John Russell (commonly called Lord John

Russell); the Right Honourable Sir Charles Wood, Bart.; William Gibson Craig, Esq.; Henry Rich, Esq.; Richard Montesquieu Bellew, Esq,; and Henry Petty Fitzmaurice, Esq. (commonly called Earl of Shelburne), Commissioners for executing the offices of Treasurer of the Exchequer of Great Britain and Lord High Treasurer of Ireland.

Whitehall, December 22, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, granting the office and place of Advocate General or Judge Martial of Her Majesty's Forces to William Goodenough Hayter, Esq.

Crown-Office, December 23, 1847.

MEMBERS returned to serve in the present PARLIAMENT.

City of Kilkenny.

Michael Sullivan, of Inch-house, in the county of Kilkenny, Esq. in the room of John O'Connell, Esq. who being chosen for the said city of Kilkenny, and also for the city of Limerick, hath made his election to sit for the said city of Limerick.

December 24*th.*

Borough of Rye.

Herbert Mascall Curteis, of Windmill-hill, in the county of Sussex, Esq. in the room of Herbert Barrett Curteis, Esq. deceased.

Whitehall, December 9, 1847.

The Right Honourable Sir Thomas Wilde, Knt. Lord Chief Justice of Her Majesty's Court of Common Pleas at Westminster, has appointed Jonathan Rogers Powell, of the town of Haverfordwest, Gent. to be one of the Perpetual Commissioners for taking the acknowledgments of deeds to be executed by married women, under the Act passed for the abolition of fines and recoveries and for the substitution of more simple modes of assurance, in and for the town and county of the town of Haverfordwest, also in and for the county of Pembroke.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of DECEMBER 28, 1847.

Downing-Street, December 22, 1847.

THE Queen has been pleased to issue the following additional instructions, under the Royal Sign Manual and Signet, to the Governor in Chief of New Zealand, for altering the royalty to be reserved on minerals raised from waste lands in that colony:

Whereas, in pursuance of an Act of Parliament, made and enacted in the ninth and tenth years of Our reign, intituled "An Act to make further provision for the government of the New Zealand Islands," We did, by certain letters patent under the Great Seal of Our United Kingdom, bearing

date at Westminster the twenty-third day of December one thousand eight hundred and forty-six, in the tenth year of Our reign, execute certain of the powers in Us by the said Act vested; and whereas, in further pursuance of the said Act, and in exercise of the powers thereby in Us vested, and in exercise of all and every other the powers in Us in that behalf vested, We did further issue certain instructions under Our Sign Manual and Signet, approved in Our Privy Council, being the instructions accompanying or referred to in such letters patent, as relation being had unto the said letters patent and instructions will more fully and at large appear; and whereas it is directed by the thirtieth section of the thirteenth chapter of the said instructions, being the chapter entitled "On the settlement of the waste lands of the Crown," that it shall be competent to the Governor or Lieutenant Governor of any of the provinces of the said New Zealand Islands to demise, for any term of years not exceeding twenty-one, any rural allotments supposed to contain any valuable minerals, reserving to Us, Our Heirs, and Successors, a royalty of not less than fifteen per centum on the minerals to be raised upon and from any such lands; and whereas by the said recited Act it is enacted, that it shall be lawful for Us, from time to time, to amend, and for that purpose to add to, or, if necessary, to repeal, any such instructions as aforesaid; and whereas it hath appeared to Us expedient to amend Our said instructions, so far as they relate to the amount of the royalty thereby directed to be reserved to Us, Our Heirs, and Successors, on minerals to be raised upon and from lands so demised as aforesaid; Now, therefore, by virtue of the power in Us by the said Act vested, We do hereby repeal so much of Our

said instructions, but no further, as directs, that a royalty of not less than fifteen per centum be reserved for Us, Our Heirs, and Successors, on minerals to be raised from such rural allotments as shall be demised by the Governor or Lieutenant Governor of any of the provinces of the said New Zealand Islands as aforesaid; and the same is hereby repealed accordingly. And We do hereby declare Our will and pleasure, that the royalty so to be reserved to Us, Our Heirs, and Successors, on minerals to be raised upon and from any rural allotments hereafter to be demised by the Governor or Lieutenant Governor of any of the provinces of the said New Zealand Islands as aforesaid, shall be one fifteenth of the said minerals.

We, the undersigned, being three of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, do hereby, under the authority of an Act, passed in the session of Parliament holden in the ninth and tenth years of the reign of Her present Majesty Queen Victoria, intituled "An Act to amend the laws relating to the Customs," hereby appoint Chester to be a port in that part of the United Kingdom called England, and do hereby declare, that the limits of the said port shall commence at the eastern end of the old bridge across the river Dee, in the city of Chester, then continued along the eastern side of the river Dee, in the county of Chester, to the Red Stones at Hoylake, in the said county, and from thence, in a direct line, to the river Voryd or Clwyd river, and so continuing along the sea shore and the west side of the river Dee, in the county of Flint, to the western end of the said old bridge, and including the whole of the rivers Dee and Voryd

or Clwyd, and the mouths of all rivers, brooks, and water courses falling therein:

And we do hereby appoint the following place, within the said port of Chester, to be a legal quay for the lading and unlading of goods, and do hereby declare the bounds and extent of such quay to be as follows, that is to say, all that open place extending from the new railway bridge over the river Dee, in the city of Chester, along the east side of the said river downwards to the sluice or run of water on the same side of the river running into the said river Dee, near the Cheese Stage, and extending in length eight hundred and eighty yards, little more or less.

And we do hereby annul all former limits of the said port of Chester, and all former legal quays already set out and appointed within the same.

Whitehall, Treasury-chambers, the 16th day of December 1847.

(Signed) *W. Gibson Craig.*
R. M. Bellew.
H. Rich.

We, the undersigned, being three of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, do hereby, under the authority of an Act, passed in the session of Parliament holden in the ninth and tenth years of the reign of Her present Majesty Queen Victoria, intituled "An Act to amend the laws relating to the Customs," appoint Liverpool to be a port in that part of the United Kingdom called England, and do hereby declare, under the authority aforesaid, that the limits of the said port of Liverpool shall commence at the termination of the port of Chester, namely, at the

Red Stones in Hoylake, on the point of Wirral, and so continuing down the river Mersey to the termination of the port of Runcorn, in the county of Chester, thence crossing the said river Mersey to the termination of the last-mentioned port in the county of Lancaster, and so along the coast of the county of Lancaster to a gutter or run of water commonly called the Hundred End Water, on the south side of the river Ribble, and so continued seaward for the distance of three miles from the headlands of, and including all the rivers, streams, bays, harbours, and creeks in, the said counties of Chester and Lancaster, within the said now assigned limits of the port of Liverpool; and, by the authority aforesaid, we do hereby appoint the following places, within the said port of Liverpool, to be legal quays for the lading and unlading of goods, and the bounds and extents of such quays to be as follows, that is to say:

All that open space, called West Quay, and slipways of the Woodside Basin, twelve hundred and sixty feet in length, extending from the granite stone marked L Q, at the south west angle of the Woodside Basin, to the circular return of the same basin, and bounded on the south by the Woodside Ferry Slip, and on the west by land the private property of various parties, and lying between Hamilton-street and Sandford-street; also the west quay of the Passage Dock, twelve hundred and twenty-seven feet in length, extending from the said circular return into the fifty feet entrance to the circular return, into the bridge and dock south west side of the seventy feet passage gates, and bounded on the west by land belonging to various parties lying between Sandford-street and the stone marked L Q, bridge end; also the south quay of the bridge and dock, one hundred and eighty feet in length, extending

from the seventy feet passage gates to the stairs at the south west angle of the docks, and bounded on the south or south west by part of the said land belonging to various parties, terminating at the stone marked L Q at the bridge end; also the west quay of the bridge and dock, three hundred and nineteen feet in length, extending from the stairs of the south west angle of the same dock, and bounded on the west by Canning-street, to the stone marked L Q at the south angle of the dock-yard and offices belonging to the Birkenhead Dock Commissioners; also the north quay of the Bridge End Docks, two hundred and ten feet in length, extending from the stairs, at the north west angle of the same dock, to the north west side of the stone dam across the north end of the same dock, bounded on the north west side from the last-mentioned stone, marked L Q, by the said dock-yard and offices, and the line extending from the north angle of the said yard to the north west side of the said stone dam across the north end of the same dock, bounded on the north west side from the last-mentioned stone, marked L Q, by the said dock-yard and offices, and the line extending from the north angle of the said yard to the north west side of the said stone dam; also the north quay of the Bridge End Dock, including the thirty feet lock eight hundred and twelve feet in length, extending from the north west angle of the said stone dam, with the sluice dams round the piers of the thirty feet lock, to the circular return on the north side of the seventy feet passage, bounded on the north by the north west wall of the Great Basin, extending from the stone, marked L Q, at the end of the circular return in the east wall of the said Great Basin; also the north quay of the Passage Dock, one thousand three hundred and thirty-four feet

in length, extending from the circular return into the Bridge End Dock, to the circular return into the Woodside Basin, and bounded on the north by a line extending from the said stone, marked L Q, at the circular return of the north wall to the Great Basin, to the stone marked L Q, east side of the fifty feet entrance gates, being one hundred feet from the north wall of the Passage Dock, and two hundred and five feet from the north east wall of the Woodside Basin, measures at right angles to the same respectively; and also the north east quay of the Woodside Basin, seven hundred and sixty feet in length, extending from the circular return, on the north side of the fifty feet entrance, to the circular return of the south river wall, bounded on the north by a line parallel to the same, at a distance of two hundred and five feet, and extending from the said stone, marked L Q, on the north side, to the said fifty feet entrance to the south river wall; and also all quays and wharfs declared legal quays and wharfs by a certain Act, passed in a session of Parliament holden in the fifty-first year of the reign of King George the Third, intituled "An Act for the improvement of the port and town of Liverpool, and amending the several Acts relating to the docks, quays, and other works belonging to the said port."

And we do hereby annul all former limits of the said port of Liverpool, and all former legal quays already set out and appointed within the same.

Whitehall, Treasury-chambers, this 16th day of December 1847.

(Signed) *W. Gibson Craig.*
R. M. Bellew.
H. Rich.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of DECEMBER 31, 1847.

Downing-Street, December 30, 1847.

THE Queen has been graciously pleased to give orders for the appointment of General Sir Colin Halkett, Knight Commander of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, to be an Ordinary Member of the Military Division of the First Class or Knights Grand Cross of the said Order.

Foreign-Office, December 28, 1847.

The Queen has been pleased to approve of Mr. Thomas M. Persse, as Consul at Galway for the United States of America.

Crown-Office, December 29, 1847.

MEMBERS returned to serve in the present PARLIAMENT.

Borough of Sunderland.

Sir Hedworth Williamson, of Whitburn-hall, in the county of Durham, Bart. in the room of David Barclay, Esq. who has accepted the office of Steward of Her Majesty's Chiltern Hundreds.

30th December.

Borough of Calne.

The Right Honourable Henry Petty Fitzmaurice, commonly called Earl of Shelburne, one of the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury.

Whitehall, December 28, 1847.

The Queen, taking into Her royal consideration that, upon the decease of Brinsley late Earl of Lanesborough, without issue, which happened on or about the 14th day of June last, the title and dignity of Earl of Lanesborough devolved upon his cousin and heir, George-John now Earl of Lanesborough, as the eldest son and heir of Augustus Richard Butler-Danvers, Esq. commonly called the Honourable Augustus Richard Butler-Danvers (next brother of Robert-Herbert third Earl of Lanesborough, the father of the said Brinsley late Earl of Lanesborough), who was the second son of Brinsley second Earl of Lanesborough, that, according to the ordinary rules of honour, the brothers and sister of the said George John now Earl of Lanesborough cannot enjoy that place and precedence which would have been due to them in case their said late father had survived his nephew, the said Brinsley late Earl of Lanesborough, and had thereby succeeded to the title and dignity of Earl of Lanesborough, Her Majesty hath been graciously pleased to ordain and declare, that Charles-Augustus Butler, Esq. Henry Cavendish Butler, Esq. and Emily-Jane, the wife of George Somerville Digby, Esq. the younger sons and daughter of the said Augustus Richard Butler-Danvers, and brothers and sister of the said George-John now Earl of Lanesborough, shall henceforth have, hold, and enjoy the same titles, place, preeminence, and precedence as if their said late father had survived his nephew, Brinsley late Earl of Lanesborough, and had thereby succeeded to the said title and dignity of Earl of Lanesborough:

And Her Majesty hath been further pleased to command, that the said royal order and declaration be registered in Her Majesty's College of Arms.

Whitehall, December 31, 1847.

The Queen, taking into Her royal consideration, that, upon the decease of Spencer the fifth Baron Rodney, without issue (which happened on or about the 15th day of May 1847), the dignity of Baron Rodney, of Rodney-Stoke, in the county of Somerset, devolved upon Robert-Dennett now Baron Rodney, as the only son and heir of Robert Rodney, Esq. commonly called the Honourable Robert Rodney, a Captain in the Royal Navy, deceased, whilst living the next brother of the said Spencer late Baron Rodney, and that, according to the ordinary rules of honour, the only sister of the said Robert-Dennett now Baron Rodney cannot enjoy that place and precedence which would have been due to her in case her late father, the said Robert Rodney, had survived his elder brother, the said Spencer Baron Rodney, and had thereby succeeded to the title and dignity of Baron Rodney, Her Majesty hath been graciously pleased to ordain and declare, that Anne, wife of Manaton Pipon, Esq. late a Captain in the First Regiment of Dragoon Guards (only sister of the said Robert-Dennett Baron Rodney), shall have, hold, and enjoy the same title, place, preeminence, and precedence as if her late father, the said Robert Rodney, had survived his brother, the said Spencer Baron Rodney, and had thereby succeeded to the title and dignity of Baron Rodney:

And Her Majesty hath been further pleased to command, that the said royal order and declaration be registered in Her College of Arms.

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———, the Reverend Peter, presented to the church and parish of Small Isles, 405.
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Grey, Charles Samuel, one of the Clerks of Her Majesty's Signet, 6.
——, the Right Honourable Sir George, a Commissioner for considering the state of the several bishopricks in England and Wales, 26.
——, the Right Honourable Henry Earl, Lord Lieutenant and Custos Rotulorum of the county of Northumberland, 69.
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Hayter, William Goodenough, Esq. Advocate General to Her Majesty's Forces, 486.
Head, Sir Edmund Walker, Bart. Lieutenant Governor of the province of New Brunswick, 420.
Hempstead, Mr. Christopher, Consul at Belize for the United States of America, 485.
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——, Lord Marcus, Treasurer of Her Majesty's Household, 305.
Hillier, C. B. Esq. Chief Magistrate for the island of Hong Kong, 325.
Hobart, Vere Henry, Esq. a Commissioner for the purposes of the Act for the regulation of Coal Whippers for the port of London, 228.
Hodgkinson, Eaton, Esq. a Commissioner for enquiring into the conditions to be observed by engineers in the application of iron in railway structures, 380.
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Derby, 4; the dignity of a Baronet of the United Kingdom granted to Sir Henry Wheatley, Knt. 5; Sir John M'Pherson Grant, Bart., one of the Board of Supervision for Relief of the Poor in Scotland, 6; Charles Samuel Gray, Esq. one of the Clerks of Her Majesty's Signet, 6; the Reverend Henry Cotesworth. M. A. presented to the rectory of Tempsford, 8; the Reverend John Russell, B. A. presented to the rectory of Llandrinio, and the Reverend Mungo Campbell to the church and parish of Salen, 10; the Reverend James Anderson, presented to the church and parish of Kirkden, 23; the Reverend Eardley Wilmot Michell, presented to the vicarage of Shirley cum Yeaveley, 25; Commissioners appointed for considering the state of the several bishopricks in England and Wales, and Charles Knight Murray, Esq. Secretary to the Commission, 26; Charles Cornwallis Michell, Esq. permitted to accept and wear the insigina of the Royal Portuguese Order of St. Bento d'Avis, 27; William Pulteny Alison, to be First Physician, Doctor Robert Christison, one of Her Majesty's Physicians in Ordinary, and Doctor James Young Simpson, Physician Accoucheur to Her Majesty in Scotland, 34; the Reverend James Simpson, presented to the united churches and parishes of Larbert and Dunipace, and the Reverend John M'Leod, to the churches of Ballahulish and Corran of Ardgour, 47; the Reverend William Corson, presented to the church and parish of Girvan, 52; Claude Lyon Bowes, Esq. and Frances Lyon Bowes, brother and sister of Thomas George now Earl of Strathmore and Kinghorn, to hold and enjoy the same title, place, and precedence as if their late father George Thomas Lyon Bowes had survived his father, Thomas late Earl of Strathmore and Kinghorn, and had succeeded to the titles and dignities of Earl of Strathmore and Kinghorn, 53; Commissioners appointed for enquiring into the burdens on land, 58; the Reverend Henry Rogers, B. A. presented to the rectory of Melverley, 58; John Mackenzie Lindsay, Esq. to be one of the Ordinary Clerks of Session in Scotland, 59; Thomas Gordon, Esq. Advocate, Sheriff Depute of the shire or sheriffdom of Aberdeen, 72; Harry Booth, Gent. a Perpetual Commissioner for taking the acknowledgments of deeds to be executed by married women, 72; the Honourable and Reverend Henry Montagu Villiers, M. A. Canon Residentiary of the Cathedral Church of St. Paul, London, 98; the Reverend Thomas England, M. A. presented to the rectory of North Lew, and the Reverend James Taylor to the church and parish

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Dingwall, 441; Archibald Davidson, Esq. Sheriff of the shire or sheriffdom of Kincardine, 451; the Right Reverend Father in God Dr. Thomas Musgrave, now Bishop of Hereford, recommended to the see of York, 455; John George Shaw Lefevre, Esq. to be one of the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, the Right Reverend Samuel Wilberforce, D.D. Bishop of Oxford, Her Majesty's High Almoner, and the Reverend Charles William Knyvett, M.A. presented to the rectory of West Heslerton, 460; Morris Charles Jones, Gent. to be one of the Perpetual Commissioners for taking the acknowledgments of deeds to be executed by married women, 461; Thomas Warden, Gent. and Henry Baxter Branwhite Mason, Gent. to be two of the Perpetual Commissioners for taking the acknowledgments of deeds to be executed by married women, 474; the Rev. John Hampden Gurney, M.A. presented to the district rectory of Saint Mary, in Saint Mary-le-bone, and William Clinton Murdoch, Charles Alexander Wood, and Frederick Rogers, Esqrs. to be Commissioners for superintending the sale of the waste lands of the Crown in the British colonies, 476; Richard Caparn, Gent. one of the Commissioners for taking the acknowledgments of deeds to be executed by married women, 477; the Reverend Renn Dickson Hampden, D.D. recommended to the see of Hereford, 478; Charles Buller, Esq. to be a Poor Law Commissioner for England, 480; directing letters to be passed under the Great Seal, appointing the Earl of Auckland, G.C.B. Rear-Admiral James Whitley Deans Dundas, Captain Maurice Frederick Fitzhardinge Berkeley, Captain Lord John Hay, C.B. the Honourable William Francis Cowper, and Alexander Milne, Esq. Captain in the Royal Navy, Commissioners for executing the office of High Admiral of the United Kingdom, 483; Viscount Sandon to be one of the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, and William Henry Tinney, Esq. one of the Masters in Ordinary of the High Court of Chancery, 484; the Right Honourable Lord John Russell, the Right Honourable Sir Charles Wood, Bart. William Gibson Craig, Esq. Henry Rich, Esq. Richard M. Bellew, Esq. and Henry Petty Fitzmaurice, Esq. (Earl of Shelburne), Commissioners for executing the offices of Treasurer of the Exchequer of Great Britain and Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, 485; William Goodenough Hayter, Esq. Advocate-General of Her Majesty's Forces, 486; Jonathan Rogers Powell, Gent. one of the Perpetual Commissioners for taking the acknowledgments of deeds to be executed by married women, 487; Charles Augustus

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Macaulay Charles Zachary, Esq. Manager of the Currency for the island of Mauritius, 452.
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